

World English 2: Unit 9

Instructions: Read. Then answer the questions. Use reasons and examples from the text to support your answers.

Lord of The Mongols

When the Mongol leader Genghis Khan arrived in 1220, Samarkand was one of Central Asia's greatest cities, with about 200,000 people. Today, there is nothing left of the old city. A visitor can see only grass and hills shaped by the wind.

Again and again, in the thirteenth century, Mongol armies invaded countries in Central Asia and destroyed its cities, killed its people, and took its treasures. The world has rarely seen so much destruction, but the Mongols built one of the world's greatest empires. By 1280, they controlled countries from the Yellow Sea to the Mediterranean.

Genghis Khan was born in the 1160s. He was originally named Temujin and he grew to be a great warrior—known for his fighting skills and courage. In 1206, after many battles, Temujin became Genghis Khan, a name meaning “universal ruler.” In other words, he was ruler of the world. He was about 40 years old.

In August 1227, Genghis died. He was probably 60. Stories say his body was buried in Mongolia, near a mountain called Burkhan Khaldun, and forty beautiful young women and forty horses were buried with him. A thousand horsemen are said to have ridden over the site until it could not be found. Even today, people aren't exactly sure where he was buried.

The question people usually ask about the Mongols is: Did they only attack and kill? Not in Mongolian eyes. It is true that the Mongols killed without mercy, but Genghis Khan was the first ruler of a united Mongolia.

1. When did Genghis Khan arrive in Samarkand?

2. According to the text, what are three things that Mongol armies did when they invaded countries?

3. Why was Temujin given the name Genghis Khan?

4. Why haven't people been able to find where Genghis Khan was buried?

Instructions: Track 18 | *Listen to the podcast. Then write True or False for each statement. Correct the false statements.*

5. You can experience what life was like in the 1600s if you visit the Jamestown Settlement.

6. When you visit the Jamestown Settlement, you can talk to people who live there.

7. Visitors to Jamestown can stay on a ship for four months.

8. The fort contains houses, a church, and a garden.

Instructions: *Replace the underlined words in each sentence with one of the words from the list. Some words can be used more than once. You do not need to use all the words.*

beyond
challenging
exchange
goods
opportunities
published
silk
traded

9. Before superstores existed, people bought and sold things that they wanted on routes that connected the world.

10. Their journeys were long and were difficult, and there were problems like disease and theft.

11. The Roman and Chinese empires bought and sold things like gold and a very soft cloth.

12. The merchants brought goods to give and receive for things they could not buy in their part of the world.

13. The merchants also swapped things for money spices and exotic animals.

Instructions: *Are the underlined words in each sentence correct? Write Correct or Incorrect. If they are incorrect, rewrite the sentences with the correct words.*

14. I need to bring this shirt back to the store. It's too big.

15. I hate to bring this up, but you still owe him money.

16. Put a sweater over before you go outside.

Instructions: *Complete each sentence with the correct form of used to and a verb from the list.*

be
eat
eat
go
make
play
run
speak
wear
work

17. Did you _____ your hair shorter?

18. I _____ a large breakfast every morning.

19. My father _____ for a computer software company.

20. When you were a child, did your mother _____ your favorite foods on your birthday?

21. There _____ a lot more bison in North America. Now there are only a few.

Instructions: Complete each sentence with the correct form of the verb in parentheses. Use the passive voice in the past.

Example

The treasure _____ (bury) in a secret place.

The treasure was buried in a secret place.

22. When she was a child, all of my mother's clothes _____ (make) by hand.
23. At one time, the mail _____ (deliver) by men on horseback.
24. Last year, this class _____ (teach) by Mrs. Agnew.

Instructions: Complete the tasks.

25. Write a paragraph (50–75 words) to describe some things we used to do in the past that we do not do anymore because of the internet.

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Answer Section

1. ANS:
(Answers will vary. Award point if reasons/examples from the text support the response.)
Genghis Khan arrived in Samarkand in 1220.

PTS: 1 OBJ: Reading

2. ANS:
(Answers will vary. Award point if reasons/examples from the text support the response.)
Mongol armies destroyed cities, killed people, and stole treasures.

PTS: 1 OBJ: Reading

3. ANS:
(Answers will vary. Award point if reasons/examples from the text support the response.)
Temujin was considered the ruler of the world.

PTS: 1 OBJ: Reading

4. ANS:
(Answers will vary. Award point if reasons/examples from the text support the response.)
People say that a thousand horsemen rode over the area where he was buried.

PTS: 1 OBJ: Reading

5. ANS:
True

PTS: 1 OBJ: Listening MSC: WE3e_L2_EV_Audio_Track_18.mp3

6. ANS:
False
(Answers may vary.) When you visit Jamestown, you can talk to actors who work there.

PTS: 1 OBJ: Listening MSC: WE3e_L2_EV_Audio_Track_18.mp3

7. ANS:
False
(Answers may vary.) Visitors can walk through ships where colonists stayed for more than four months.

PTS: 1 OBJ: Listening MSC: WE3e_L2_EV_Audio_Track_18.mp3

8. ANS:
True

PTS: 1 OBJ: Listening MSC: WE3e_L2_EV_Audio_Track_18.mp3

9. ANS:
traded

PTS: 1 OBJ: Vocabulary

10. ANS:
challenging

- PTS: 1 OBJ: Vocabulary
11. ANS: silk
- PTS: 1 OBJ: Vocabulary
12. ANS: exchange
- PTS: 1 OBJ: Vocabulary
13. ANS: traded
- PTS: 1 OBJ: Vocabulary
14. ANS: Correct
- PTS: 1 OBJ: Vocabulary
15. ANS: Correct
- PTS: 1 OBJ: Vocabulary
16. ANS: Incorrect
Put a sweater on before you go outside.
- PTS: 1 OBJ: Vocabulary
17. ANS: use to wear
- PTS: 1 OBJ: Grammar TOP: Used to
18. ANS: used to eat
- PTS: 1 OBJ: Grammar TOP: Used to
19. ANS: used to work
- PTS: 1 OBJ: Grammar TOP: Used to
20. ANS: use to make
- PTS: 1 OBJ: Grammar TOP: Used to
21. ANS: used to be
- PTS: 1 OBJ: Grammar TOP: Used to
22. ANS: were made
- PTS: 1 OBJ: Grammar TOP: Passive Voice in the Past
23. ANS: was delivered
- PTS: 1 OBJ: Grammar TOP: Passive Voice in the Past

24. ANS: was taught

PTS: 1

OBJ: Grammar

TOP: Passive Voice in the Past

25. ANS:

Answers will vary.

PTS: 1

OBJ: Writing