

Unit 6

Test B

Listening

- 1  1.07 Listen to a radio programme about Edinburgh, the capital city of Scotland. Then complete the summary. Write a word or a number in each gap. (10 marks)

Edinburgh is a popular city. *Thirteen* million people visited it last year. Many famous people lived here.

Sean Connery was born in Scotland, but he moved to (1) _____.

J.K. Rowling invented some ideas for *Harry Potter* when she was in a (2) _____ in Edinburgh.

Mary I was queen of Scotland from 1542 to (3) _____. There were (4) _____ Scottish queens.

Alexander Graham Bell invented the telephone. His father was a (5) _____ in Edinburgh.

Vocabulary

- 2 Complete the definitions with seven of the words. (7 marks)

doctor explorer scientist mechanic
king actor queen waitress teacher

- 1 An _____ visits new countries.
- 2 A _____ studies science.
- 3 An _____ works in films.
- 4 A _____ is a man. He rules a country.
- 5 A _____ helps people in hospital.
- 6 A _____ works with cars.
- 7 A _____ works in a café or restaurant.

- 3 Complete the definitions with the correct form of the words. (5 marks)

- 1 A _____ writes books. (write)
- 2 A _____ plays an instrument. (music)
- 3 A _____ builds houses. (build)
- 4 An _____ makes new things. (invent)
- 5 An _____ paints or draws. (art)

- 4 Complete the sentences. Use the past simple affirmative form of *one of the verbs*. (8 marks)

- 1 They _____ (invent / explore) the city.
- 2 He _____ (invade / invent) the radio.

- 3 We _____ (name / cross) the river in a boat.
- 4 Elena _____ (change / discover) the colour of her hair.
- 5 I _____ (travel / invade) to Australia.
- 6 She _____ (cross / discover) a new shop in town.
- 7 Ben _____ (name / change) his cat Zoe.
- 8 I _____ (prefer / establish) the zoo to the park.

Language focus

- 5 Write sentences or questions and short answers using the correct form of *was* or *were*. (10 marks)

Goethe / German (✓) *Goethe was German.*

- 1 Tolstoy / from Russia (✓)

- 2 Michelangelo / a chef (✗)

- 3 Vasco de Gama and Columbus / farmers (✗)

- 4 Italy and France / part of Rome (?)

_____, they _____. (✓)

- 5 Pelé / a basketball player (?)

_____, he _____. (✗)

- 6 Complete the sentences with the correct form of *There was* or *There were*. (10 marks)

- 1 _____ a café in my town 100 years ago. (✓)

- 2 _____ any sports centres. (✗)

- 3 _____ some shops. (✓)

- 4 _____ a supermarket. (✗)

- 5 _____ any skateparks. (✗)

- 7 Complete the sentences using the past simple form of the verbs. (10 marks)

- 1 I _____ to music last night. (listen)

- 2 They _____ in a very big house. (not live)

- 3 We _____ the comedy film. (prefer)

- 4 The boys _____ football. (not play)

- 5 The bus _____ outside my house. (not stop)

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- 8 ★★★ Complete the text with the correct form of ten of the words in the box. (10 marks)

ago invade live not live on listen
travel not use in in the study last

- (1) _____ week, we
(2) _____ British history at school.
The Romans (3) _____ Britain about
2,000 years (4) _____. Some of them
(5) _____ in villas in England and Wales,
but they (6) _____ in Scotland.
William I (7) _____ to Britain
(8) _____ 1066 and became king. He
made the French language very popular. Most people
in the south of England (9) _____ English
(10) _____ twelfth century. They used
French!

Reading

- 9 Read the text. Then match headings a–f on the right with paragraphs 1–5. There is one heading that you do not need. (10 marks)

BIG NAME, SMALL VILLAGE!

- 1 Many British places have got unusual names. In England, you can visit Dog Village in the south and World's End in the north! The name of one village in Scotland has only got two letters: Ae!
- 2 But one village in Wales has got a really difficult name: Llanfairpwllgwyngyllgogerychwyrndrobw-llantysiliogogogoch. This is longer than all the other place names in Europe.
- 3 This Welsh village is very old – Romans lived there about 2,000 years ago.
- 4 In the 1850s, the name of the village was Llanfair, and it was a very quiet place. People in the village wanted more visitors, so they changed the name. They invented a more interesting new name, with 58 letters!
- 5 Today, 3,000 people live in the village, but thousands tourists visit every year. It's famous!

- a What is the village like today? ☐
b Places with interesting names ☐
c Early history of the village ☐
d Why did they change the name? ☐
e Popular place names ☐
f Why is one Welsh village unusual? ☐

Communication

- 10 Complete the questions with the past simple of be. Then match the questions 1–5 with the replies a–e. (10 marks)

- 1 What _____ Paris like? ☐
2 _____ you on your own? ☐
3 What about the shops? _____ they good? ☐
4 _____ the weather good? ☐
5 How _____ the exam? ☐

a Yes, they were amazing.
b It was terrible! The questions were really difficult.
c It was a really cool city.
d No. I was with my aunt and uncle.
e Yes, it was brilliant. It was really sunny!

Writing

- 11 Choose the correct words (5 marks)

- 1 We travelled to Ireland **in / on / at** 2009.
2 It was famous **in the / in / about** 1800s.
3 They invaded France in the tenth **century / time / age**.
4 New York is a big city **then / today / yesterday**.
5 He visited us about two years **last / past / ago**.

- 12 Write about the area where you live. Use the ideas to help you. (5 marks)

Paragraph 1: What is the name of your area? Is it big or small? Where is it?

Paragraph 2: Describe one interesting place in your area. What do you know about its history?

Paragraph 3: What interesting people lived in your area? What did they do?

Total marks: Listening _____ / 10 Vocabulary _____ / 20 Language focus _____ / 40
Reading _____ / 10 Communication _____ / 10 Writing _____ / 10 TOTAL _____ / 100