

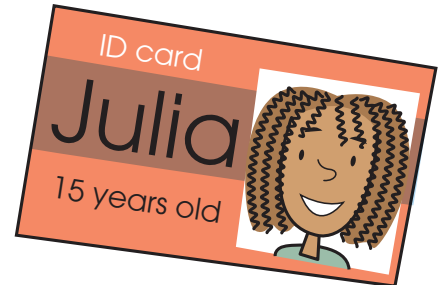
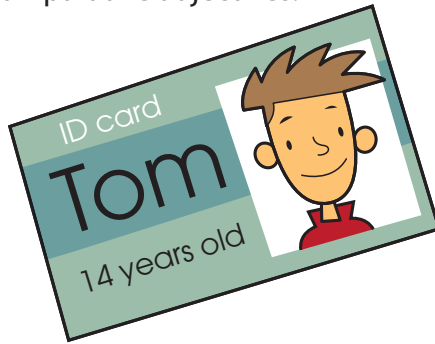


Use

- We use **comparative adjectives** to talk about two things, places or people.
- We use **than** in sentences with comparative adjectives.

Tom is **younger than** Julia.

Julia is **older than** Tom.



Form

- For **short adjectives**, we usually form the comparative with **-er**.
For **long adjectives**, we usually form the comparative with **more** + adjective.

Short comparative adjectives

Short adjectives	+ -er	tall → taller
Short adjectives ending in -e	+ -r	nice → nicer
Short adjectives ending in one vowel + one consonant	Double consonant and + -er	hot → hotter
Short adjective ending in a consonant + -y	-y to -i , and + -er	dry → drier

Long comparative adjectives

Long adjectives with two or more syllables	more + adjective	beautiful → more beautiful
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Irregular adjectives

Some adjectives are irregular. The comparative form is a different word.	good → better bad → worse
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Tip

For some adjectives with two syllables, we can form the comparative with **-er** OR **more**:

clever → **cleverer** OR **more clever**

quiet → **quieter** OR **more quiet**

simple → **simpler** OR **more simple**

For adjectives with two syllables ending in **-y**, we always use **-ier**:

funny → **funnier**

easy → **easier**