

## Quick Test 2

## GRAMMAR

Tick (✓) **A**, **B**, or **C** to complete the sentences.

Example: Diederick \_\_\_\_\_ glasses since he was a child.

A have worn  B has worn  C wore

- 1 I \_\_\_\_\_ my wallet when I was on holiday last year.  
A lost  B 've been losing  C 've lost
- 2 He \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of money when his grandfather died.  
A 's inherited  B been inheriting  C inherited
- 3 She \_\_\_\_\_ had a bank account for five years now.  
A had  B has  C have
- 4 I've been playing football \_\_\_\_\_ I was six years old.  
A when  B since  C for
- 5 Have you \_\_\_\_\_ been to South America?  
A ever  B yet  C before
- 6 Have you \_\_\_\_\_? There's blue paint in your hair!  
A been painting  B painting  C painted
- 7 It's 11.00 a.m. and I \_\_\_\_\_ half an hour of work this morning!  
A did  B 've been doing  C 've done
- 8 **A** Can I speak to Peter, please?  
**B** Sorry, he's \_\_\_\_\_ gone out.  
A just  B ever  C yet
- 9 You look tired. What \_\_\_\_\_?  
A you have been doing  B have you doing  C have you been doing
- 10 Why is he asking for money again? I \_\_\_\_\_ him £50 two days ago!  
A 've lent  B lent  C lend
- 11 I haven't finished my exams \_\_\_\_\_. I've got two more next week.  
A already  B yet  C soon
- 12 How long have they \_\_\_\_\_ going out together?  
A been  B already  C be
- 13 Paula \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of money when she was a student.  
A borrowed  B has borrowed  C has been borrowing
- 14 **A** When \_\_\_\_\_ on holiday to Thailand?  
**B** Two years ago.  
A did you go  B have you gone  C you went
- 15 She \_\_\_\_\_ saved enough money for a car. She needs another 500 euros.  
A hadn't  B hasn't  C has
- 16 We \_\_\_\_\_ far too much on our holiday last year.  
A 've spent  B been spending  C spent
- 17 How much money \_\_\_\_\_ you earn last month?  
A did  B have  C do
- 18 I haven't seen her \_\_\_\_\_ last summer. How is she?  
A since  B for  C until
- 19 We've been living in this house \_\_\_\_\_ four years now.  
A from  B since  C for
- 20 **A** Would you like a cup of tea?  
**B** No, thanks. I've \_\_\_\_\_ one.  
A just have  B had just  C just had

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## VOCABULARY

## a Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences with money words.

Example: Could I \_\_\_\_\_ £10 until tomorrow, please?

A lend  B borrow  C give

- 1 My parents have just finished paying the \_\_\_\_\_ on their house.  
A bill  B salary  C mortgage
- 2 I want to \_\_\_\_\_ some money, so I'm looking for a high interest account.  
A invest  B raise  C earn
- 3 Here's the money you \_\_\_\_\_ me last week – thank you.  
A lent  B borrowed  C owed
- 4 This ring isn't \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of money, but I love it!  
A cost  B afford  C worth
- 5 I bought this book yesterday. It \_\_\_\_\_ £20.  
A spent  B cost  C charged
- 6 We can't \_\_\_\_\_ to send our four children to private school.  
A charge  B afford  C earn
- 7 We managed to get a \_\_\_\_\_ to buy a new car.  
A loan  B mortgage  C cheque

## b Tick (✓) A, B, or C to complete the sentences with the missing prepositions.

Example: She spent €500 \_\_\_\_\_ a new phone yesterday.

A from  B up  C on

- 8 I want to take £10 \_\_\_\_\_ of this cash machine, but it only has £20 notes.  
A off  B by  C out
- 9 My brother borrowed £10 \_\_\_\_\_ me last month.  
A from  B by  C to
- 10 It isn't a good idea to get \_\_\_\_\_ debt.  
A for  B into  C on
- 11 He paid for dinner \_\_\_\_\_ card.  
A in  B for  C by
- 12 The hotel charged me €25 \_\_\_\_\_ a two-minute phone call!  
A for  B of  C from
- 13 Tina still hasn't paid me \_\_\_\_\_ the money I lent her!  
A with  B back  C up

## c Tick (✓) the synonym of the adjectives.

Example: very small

A tiny  B terrified  C enormous

- 14 very dirty  
A furious  B filthy  C hilarious
- 15 very angry  
A positive  B starving  C furious
- 16 very pleased  
A delighted  B amazed  C fascinating

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- 17 very hungry  
 A terrified  B starving  C boiling
- 18 very big  
 A boiling  B awful  C enormous
- 19 very funny  
 A positive  B hilarious  C delighted
- 20 very cold  
 A boiling  B amazed  C freezing

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### PRONUNCIATION

#### a Which word has a different sound? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A shopping  B promise  C clothes

- 1 A dollar  B cost  C sold
- 2 A some  B won  C honest
- 3 A done  B loan  C owe
- 4 A worth  B order  C afford
- 5 A store  B work  C organized

#### b Which is the stressed syllable? Tick (✓) A, B, or C.

Example: A ex|haus|ted  B ex|haus|ted  C ex|haus|ted

- 6 A fu|ri|ous  B fu|ri|ous  C fu|ri|ous
- 7 A e|nor|mous  B e|nor|mous  C e|nor|mous
- 8 A po|sit|ive  B po|sit|ive  C po|sit|ive
- 9 A de|ligh|ted  B de|ligh|ted  C de|ligh|ted
- 10 A te|rri|fied  B te|rri|fied  C te|rri|fied

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Grammar, Vocabulary, and Pronunciation total		50
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