

6 Test

Vocabulary

1 Complete the sentences with an expression using the word in brackets.

- 1 You don't have to hurry. You can _____. (time)
- 2 There was nobody there. I was _____. (own)
- 3 We can buy everything from the same shop if we go to a _____. (store)
- 4 I've had a terrible morning. _____ I overslept and then I missed the bus! (first)
- 5 It's a beautiful day. Why don't we _____? (walk)
- 6 My little brother can be very annoying _____. (at)
- 7 These dresses aren't made in a factory. They're made _____. (hand)
- 8 They haven't got bikes, so they go to school _____. (foot)
- 9 I didn't finish the exam because I _____. (ran)
- 10 When my handbag was stolen, we went to the _____ to report the crime. (police)

Marks: __ /10

2 Complete the text.

The summer holidays are an ideal time to take up a new sport, whether you're
¹ _____ holiday ² _____ the seaside or ³ _____ the mountains. As ⁴ _____
as you arrive at your holiday destination, go to the ⁵ _____ information office and
find out what activities are available. Don't ⁶ _____ time, or all the places may be
taken by the time you get around to booking. Most activity courses start early
⁷ _____ the morning, so make sure you arrive ⁸ _____ time. If you go
⁹ _____ car, your first job will be finding a safe place to leave it. After ¹⁰ _____,
you can go off and enjoy an unforgettable experience, be it kite surfing or mountain
biking, jet skiing or hang gliding.

Marks: __ /10

Reading

3 Read the text and complete the sentences.

Zorbing

Zorbing is the latest very popular adventure activity to come out of New Zealand. The sport involves rolling down a hill in a large inflatable ball called a zorb. The zorb is made up of two different balls, both made of flexible plastic. The outer ball is about three metres in diameter, and the inner ball is about 60 cm smaller. They are connected by hundreds of different cords. The air between the two balls absorbs the shock of the ball hitting the ground as the riders roll downhill.

There are two types of zorbing rides: dry and wet. On a dry ride, the rider wears a harness inside the zorb whereas on a wet ride, there is no harness. Instead warm or cold water – depending on the weather – is added to the zorb. The wet ride experience is compared to being a pair of socks in a washing machine.

- 1 Zorbing was invented in _____.
- 2 Zorbs are made of _____.
- 3 The balls are connected by _____.
- 4 On a dry ride, riders have to wear a _____.
- 5 Riders say the wet ride is like being in a _____.

Marks: __ /5

4 Read the text again and answer the questions with a complete sentence.

- 1 What is a zorb?

- 2 How many balls make up a zorb?

- 3 How big is the inner ball?

- 4 Why don't the riders get hurt?

- 5 What are the different types of rides?

Marks: __ /15

Grammar

5 Find the mistake in each line. Write the correction below.

- 1 The American Thomas Nuttall were a famous nineteenth
- 2 century botanist. However, his expeditions wasn't very
- 3 successful because he can never find his way back
- 4 to camp. His colleagues often help him by lighting torches
- 5 to show him the way. One night, his colleagues could
- 6 find him, and so a group of men start looking for him.
- 7 Unfortunately, Nuttall decided that the men are
- 8 probably Indians and so he tryed to escape.
- 9 The men stoped looking for him three days later,
- 10 when he accidentally walks back into the camp.

- 1 _____ 6 _____
- 2 _____ 7 _____
- 3 _____ 8 _____
- 4 _____ 9 _____
- 5 _____ 10 _____

Marks: __ /10

6 Complete the mini dialogues with the affirmative or negative past simple form of the verb in brackets.

- 1 Why was Tania late for work?
Because she _____ the bus. (miss)
- 2 Why did Ben get out of bed?
Because he _____ a noise. (can / hear)
- 3 Why didn't we win the match?
Because we _____ very good. (be)
- 4 Why was your barbecue successful?

- Because I _____ it well. (plan)
- 5 Why didn't Jack and Dan go to school yesterday?
Because they _____ ill. (be)
- 6 Why did your grandparents move house?
Because they _____ too far away from us. (live)
- 7 Why did your father leave his job?
Because he _____ happy. (be)
- 8 Why didn't you call your parents?
Because I _____ my mobile phone. (can / find)
- 9 Why can't your aunt and uncle speak English?
Because they _____ French at school. (study)
- 10 Why was your teacher angry with you?
Because I _____ rude to him. (be)

Marks: __ /10

Language skills

7 Complete the dialogue.

- Beth Hi. Sorry, I'm late.
- Sophie Where ¹ _____ you? I ² _____ to call you, but your
phone ³ _____ on.
- Beth No, I ⁴ _____ in the library so I ⁵ _____ it off.
- Sophie We have to hurry. The film started five minutes ⁶ _____.
- Beth ⁷ _____ is the cinema?
- Sophie It's not far.
- Beth Is it the one opposite the ⁸ _____ office?
- Sophie No, it's the one ⁹ _____ to the art gallery.
- Beth We're late. Let's go shopping instead.
- Sophie OK. There's a department ¹⁰ _____ near here. Come on.

Marks: __ /10

8 Complete the mini-dialogues.

Dialogue 1

A Where were you last night?

B ¹ _____
We watched the latest James Bond film.

A Where was David yesterday morning?

B ² _____
He played football there with some friends.

Dialogue 2

A ³ _____?

B The museum is opposite the railway station.

Dialogue 3

A ⁴ _____?

B My parents were at the theatre last night.

Dialogue 4

A ⁵ _____?

B Holly could read when she was four.

Marks: __ /10

Writing

9 Imagine you are staying at your cousin's house in the UK, but your cousin isn't at home. A friend phones about a tennis match. Write a message to your cousin. Write 30–50 words and include the following information:

- who called
- where are they
- what is the message
- what is the caller's number

Marks: __/20

TOTAL: __/100