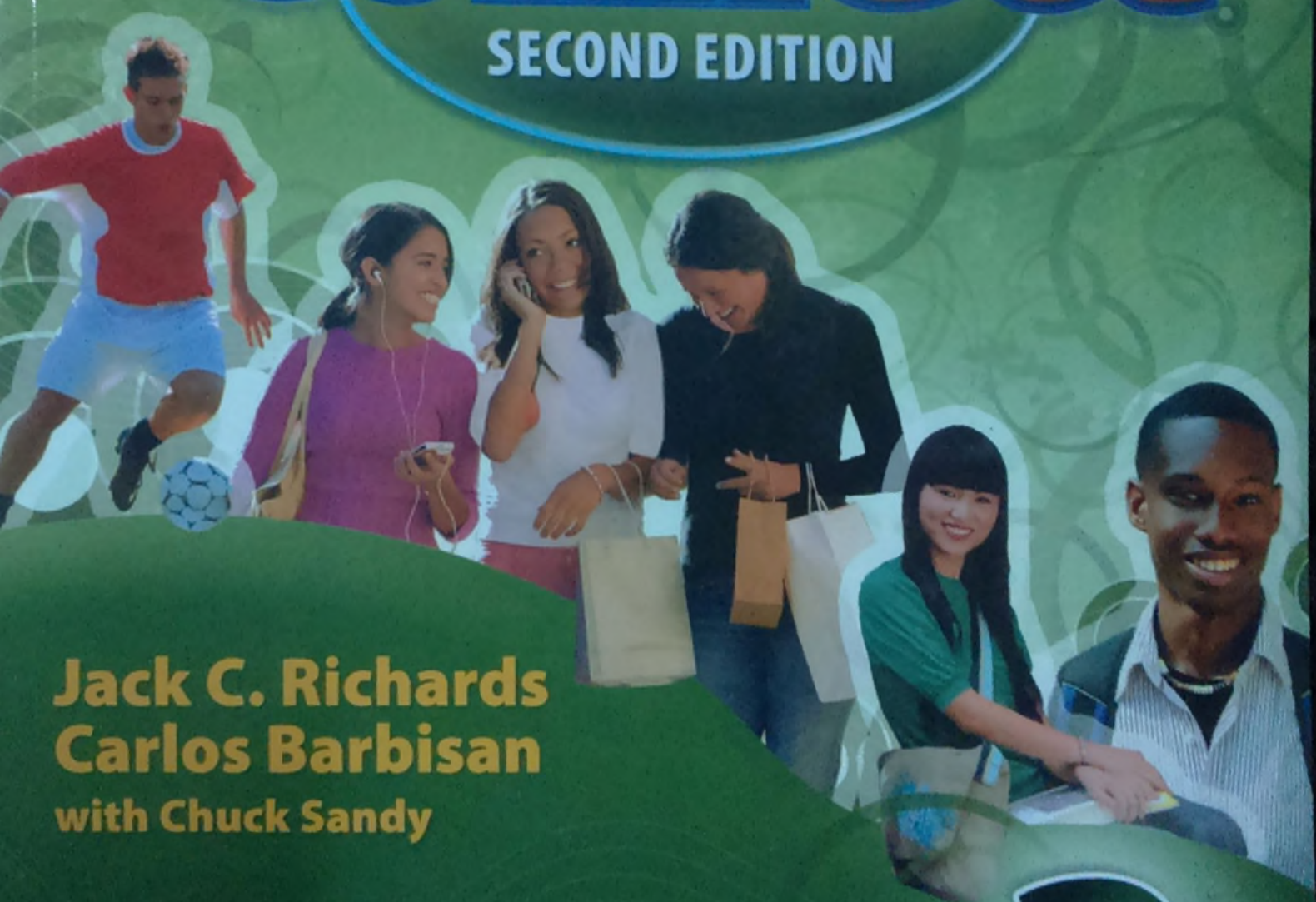


CAMBRIDGE

# Connect

SECOND EDITION



**Jack C. Richards**  
**Carlos Barbisan**  
with Chuck Sandy

**Student's Book 3**

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**3**



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# Connect Student's Book 3

## Syllabus

### Unit 1 Back to School

Lesson	Function	Grammar	Vocabulary
<b>Lesson 1</b> New friends	Introducing oneself	Simple present: <i>Yes / No</i> questions and short answers; <i>What, Who, and How</i> questions and answers	Name, age, country of origin, habits, likes
<b>Lesson 2</b> School dinner	Describing what someone is doing; talking about habits	Present continuous and simple present	Common activities
<b>Lesson 3</b> My new school	Talking about obligations and rules related to school	<i>have to / don't have to</i>	Common activities
<b>Lesson 4</b> After school	Talking about preferences related to after-school clubs	<i>would like + to (verb)</i>	After-school clubs
<b>Get Connected</b>	Reading • Listening • Writing		
<b>Theme Project</b>	Make a brochure for a field trip.		

### Unit 2 Fun Times

Lesson	Function	Grammar	Vocabulary
<b>Lesson 5</b> Summer fun	Describing a vacation	Simple past statements: regular verbs	Vacation activities
<b>Lesson 6</b> Our trip to Peru	Describing a vacation	Simple past statements: irregular verbs	Vacation activities
<b>Lesson 7</b> School festival	Asking about weekend activities	Simple past <i>Yes / No</i> questions	School festivals
<b>Lesson 8</b> Weekend fun	Talking about weekend activities	Simple past statements: negative	Weekend activities
<b>Get Connected</b>	Reading • Listening • Writing		
<b>Theme Project</b>	Make a group photo album.		

### Unit 3 Going Places

Lesson	Function	Grammar	Vocabulary
<b>Lesson 9</b> A homestay	Talking about feelings	<i>was / were</i> statements	Feelings
<b>Lesson 10</b> Getting away	Talking about past travel experiences	<i>Was / Were ... ?</i>	Popular travel activities and destinations
<b>Lesson 11</b> Explorers	Asking about school projects	<i>Wh-</i> questions with <i>did</i>	Research and exploration
<b>Lesson 12</b> Up and away	Asking about explorers' lives	<i>Wh-</i> questions with <i>was / were</i> vs. with <i>did</i>	Biographical information
<b>Get Connected</b>	Reading • Listening • Writing		
<b>Theme Project</b>	Make a bookmark about an interesting person.		

### Unit 4 Comparisons

Lesson	Function	Grammar	Vocabulary
<b>Lesson 13</b> Fun facts	Making comparisons	Comparative adjectives	Descriptive words
<b>Lesson 14</b> My opinion	Making comparisons	Comparative adjectives: <i>more ... than</i>	Descriptive words
<b>Lesson 15</b> World trivia	Describing things with superlatives	Superlative adjectives: <i>-est</i>	Descriptive words for animals, places, and cities
<b>Lesson 16</b> The most	Expressing opinions with superlatives	Superlative adjectives: <i>the most</i>	Descriptive words
<b>Get Connected</b>	Reading • Listening • Writing		
<b>Theme Project</b>	Make fact cards.		

## Unit 5 Your Health

Lesson	Function	Grammar	Vocabulary
<b>Lesson 17</b> Yoga class	Describing how to do exercises	Adverbs of manner	Parts of the body
<b>Lesson 18</b> I don't feel well.	Talking about remedies for illnesses	Clauses with <i>when</i>	Common illnesses
<b>Lesson 19</b> Are you healthy?	Talking about how often someone does healthy activities	<i>How often ... ?</i>	Healthy activities
<b>Lesson 20</b> Teen health tips	Giving advice about healthy habits	<i>should / shouldn't</i>	Advice about healthy activities
<b>Get Connected</b>	Reading • Listening • Writing		
<b>Theme Project</b>	Make a booklet of home remedies for illnesses.		

## Unit 6 Special Events

Lesson	Function	Grammar	Vocabulary
<b>Lesson 21</b> School fund-raiser	Talking about plans for a fund-raiser	<i>be going to</i>	Fund-raiser activities
<b>Lesson 22</b> A farewell party	Talking about party plans	<i>Wh-</i> questions with <i>be going to</i>	Parties
<b>Lesson 23</b> Dance clothes	Describing what people are wearing	<i>Which one / Which ones ... ?</i>	Adjectives to describe clothing
<b>Lesson 24</b> After the dance	Asking who something belongs to	<i>Whose ... ?</i> Possessive pronouns	Party items
<b>Get Connected</b>	Reading • Listening • Writing		
<b>Theme Project</b>	Make a poster of things to put in a time capsule.		

## Unit 7 Our Stories


Lesson	Function	Grammar	Vocabulary
<b>Lesson 25</b> The blackout	Describing experiences	Past continuous statements	Past events and actions
<b>Lesson 26</b> Scary experiences	Describing experiences	Past continuous + <i>when</i>	Past events and actions
<b>Lesson 27</b> Close calls	Asking about past experiences	Past continuous questions	Past events and actions
<b>Lesson 28</b> Sharing stories	Sharing opinions about books	Past continuous vs. simple past	Words to describe books
<b>Get Connected</b>	Reading • Listening • Writing		
<b>Theme Project</b>	Finish a story to make a book.		

## Unit 8 In the City

Lesson	Function	Grammar	Vocabulary
<b>Lesson 29</b> How do I get there?	Giving directions to places; describing the location of places	Directions; locations	Locations in a downtown area
<b>Lesson 30</b> Street fair	Talking about a street fair	<i>There was a / There were some; There wasn't any / There weren't any; Was there a / Were there any ... ?</i>	Items found at a street fair
<b>Lesson 31</b> Things to do	Making suggestions for activities; expressing preferences about activities	<i>Why don't we / We could</i> for suggestions; <i>I'd rather</i> for preferences	Popular tourist activities
<b>Lesson 32</b> We didn't go ...	Describing the reasons someone did or didn't do something	Clauses with <i>because</i>	Tourist activities
<b>Get Connected</b>	Reading • Listening • Writing		
<b>Theme Project</b>	Make a map for an ideal neighborhood.		

# New friends

## 1 Talking about yourself

 **A** Read about these students at Wells International School. Then listen and practice.

Hi! My name is Felipe Sanchez. I'm from Chile. I have three brothers and three sisters. I play volleyball. I like salsa music and rock.

I'm Andrea Soares. I'm from Brazil. I'm 13. I play volleyball and tennis. I like to go shopping, too. I have two brothers and one sister.

Hello. My name is Luigi Dante, and I'm 14. I'm from Italy. I usually go to bed late, so I don't like to get up in the morning. I get up at 6:30 for school. I like school, but I don't always like to study.

Hi. I'm Amy Hunt, and this is my brother, Josh. I'm 14 years old. Josh is 13. We're from the U.S. I love soccer and karate. Josh doesn't like sports. He plays video games and listens to music.

My name's Amanda Stone, but my nickname is Mandy. I'm 14, and I'm from England. In my free time, I hang out with my friends. I also skateboard a lot. I like rock music, too.

**B** Introduce yourself to the class. Use Part A to help you.

Hi. My name's Bonny. I'm 14 years old. I have one sister and two brothers. I like soccer and music. I don't like swimming. I take pictures for the school newspaper.

## 2 Language focus review

Study the chart and complete the questions. Answer them with information from Exercise 1A. Then listen and check.

### Simple present

#### Yes / No questions and short answers

Do you **have** any brothers? Yes, I do.  
Does she **play** a sport? Yes, she does.  
Does he **get up** early? No, he doesn't.  
Do they **like** pizza? No, they don't.  
Do you **want to go shopping**? Yes, I do.

#### What, Who, and How questions and answers

What **sport** does she play? She **plays** soccer.  
What **time** does he get up? He **gets** up at 11:00.  
Who **has** a camera? Carl **does**.  
How **many** brothers do you have? I **have** two brothers.  
How **old** is Josh? He's 13.

1. Q: Does Mandy skateboard? A: Yes, she does.
2. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ loves soccer and karate? A: \_\_\_\_\_
3. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ brothers does Andrea have? A: \_\_\_\_\_
4. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ does Luigi get up? A: \_\_\_\_\_
5. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ is Andrea? A: \_\_\_\_\_
6. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ Josh like sports? A: \_\_\_\_\_
7. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ does Felipe play? A: \_\_\_\_\_
8. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ Felipe and Mandy like  
rock music? A: \_\_\_\_\_

## 3 Speaking

**A** Can you find someone who does these things? Write the questions. Then ask different classmates the questions. Write the names of classmates who answer *Yes, I do*.

Find someone who ...	Questions	Classmates who answer <i>Yes, I do</i> .
1. plays volleyball	<u>Do you play volleyball?</u>	_____
2. likes rock music	_____	_____
3. stays up late	_____	_____
4. has a nickname	_____	_____
5. has two brothers	_____	_____

**B** Ask your classmates about their surveys.

Who plays volleyball?

Jason does.

# School dinner

## 1 Language focus review

- A** It's Saturday afternoon before the school dinner.  
Listen and practice.

**Luigi** Hey, Amy. It's Luigi. What are you doing?

**Amy** I'm making a cake.

**Luigi** Oh, are you making a chocolate cake?  
I love chocolate cake.

**Amy** Yes, I am. It's for the school dinner.

**Luigi** Oh, no! I forgot about the school dinner!  
I need to make something, too. What can I make?

**Amy** How about pasta salad? Everyone likes pasta salad.

**Luigi** Good idea! Thanks, Amy.



- B** Study the chart. Complete the conversation with the correct forms of the verbs. Then listen and check.

### Present continuous

Is Amy **making** a cake?    Yes, she is. / No, she isn't.  
What's Amy **doing**?    She's **talking** to Luigi.

### Simple present

She **makes** great cakes.  
She often **talks** to Luigi.

Note: Nonaction verbs do not usually take the continuous *-ing*.

Examples: *have, know, like, need, want*

**Luigi** Mom, what are you doing (do)?

**Mom** I'm \_\_\_\_\_ (cook) dinner.

**Luigi** Are you \_\_\_\_\_ (make) pasta salad, by any chance?

**Mom** Yes, I am. Why?

**Luigi** Well, I \_\_\_\_\_ (need) some pasta salad for the school dinner tonight.

**Mom** Oh, that's right – the school dinner!  
But the *students* always  
\_\_\_\_\_ (make) the food for the dinner.

**Luigi** I know. But I don't \_\_\_\_\_ (have) time!

**Mom** OK. You can take this. Does everyone  
\_\_\_\_\_ (like) pasta salad?

**Luigi** Sure. Thanks, Mom!



**C** Josh is in his room before the school dinner. Look at the photo, and write sentences.

What is he doing now?

(phone) He's talking on the phone. (TV) \_\_\_\_\_

(pizza) \_\_\_\_\_ (bed) \_\_\_\_\_

What else does he do in his free time?

(magazines) He reads magazines. (CDs) \_\_\_\_\_

(guitar) \_\_\_\_\_ (trading cards) \_\_\_\_\_

**Is Josh ready for the school dinner?**



## 2 Listening

**It's 30 minutes before the school dinner. Some students aren't there yet. What are they doing? Listen and check (✓) the correct sentences.**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1. <input type="checkbox"/> Joey is riding his bike to school. | 3. <input type="checkbox"/> Jake is getting ready.    |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Joey is walking to school.            | <input type="checkbox"/> Jake is playing video games. |
| 2. <input type="checkbox"/> Sally is walking the dog.          | 4. <input type="checkbox"/> Buffy is buying drinks.   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Sally is feeding the dog.             | <input type="checkbox"/> Buffy is buying candy.       |

## 3 Speaking

**Tell two classmates what you usually do for dinner.**

I usually eat with my family. My mother usually cooks, and we eat at about 7:00. We sit at a table in the kitchen. We talk about school and other things.

## 1 Language check

**A** Complete the questions with *do*, *does*, *what*, *how*, or *who*. Then answer the questions.

1. Does Kendra play basketball?  
(yes) Yes, she does.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ Bob and Robin like rap music?  
(yes) \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_ many sisters does Jorge have?  
(three) \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_ time \_\_\_\_\_ Mr. Travis go to work? \_\_\_\_\_  
(8:30) \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_ you want to go to the store?  
(no) \_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_ old is Dana?  
(17) \_\_\_\_\_
7. \_\_\_\_\_ Kevin want to play soccer?  
(no) \_\_\_\_\_
8. \_\_\_\_\_ has an MP3 player?  
(Tanya) \_\_\_\_\_

**B** Look at the picture. Then match the parts of the sentences.



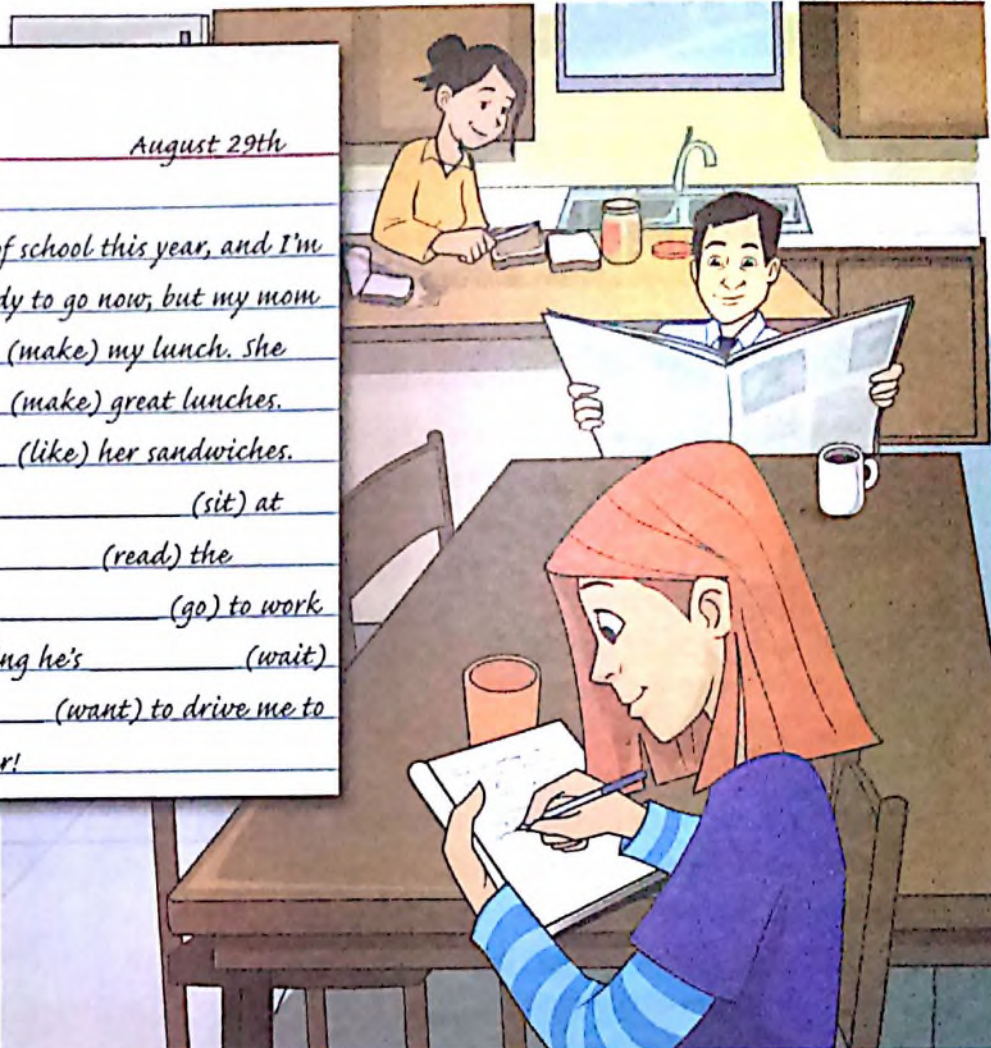
- |                           |                                 |
|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. Mr. Clark <u>e</u>     | a. is drinking.                 |
| 2. Mrs. Clark _____       | b. are talking on their phones. |
| 3. Jasmine and Mark _____ | c. is talking to Mr. Clark.     |
| 4. Miranda _____          | d. are playing guitars.         |
| 5. The musicians _____    | e. is eating.                   |

**C** Complete Francesca's diary entry with the correct forms of the verbs.

*August 29th*

Dear Diary,

Today is the first day of school this year, and I'm really excited. I'm ready to go now, but my mom is still making (make) my lunch. She always (make) great lunches. I really (like) her sandwiches. Right now, my dad is (sit) at the table. He's (read) the newspaper. He usually (go) to work at 7:00, but this morning he's (wait) for me. He (want) to drive me to school today. More later!



## 2 Listening

**A** Francesca is at school now. A student interviews her. How will she answer the questions? Listen and check (✓) the correct responses.

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <p>1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, I do.<br/> <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, I am.</p> <p>2. <input type="checkbox"/> No, I don't.<br/> <input type="checkbox"/> I play tennis and soccer.</p> <p>3. <input type="checkbox"/> My father is.<br/> <input type="checkbox"/> My father does.</p> <p>4. <input type="checkbox"/> I don't have any brothers or sisters.<br/> <input type="checkbox"/> No, I don't.</p> | <p>5. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, I am.<br/> <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, I do.</p> <p>6. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, I do.<br/> <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, I have.</p> <p>7. <input type="checkbox"/> I'm from the United States.<br/> <input type="checkbox"/> I speak English and Spanish.</p> <p>8. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, I am. I'm Fran.<br/> <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, I do. It's Fran.</p> |
|--|---|

**B** Now listen to the complete interview in Part A. Check your answers.

**Go** to page 114 for the Game.

# My new school

## 1 Language focus

**A** Mandy chats on the Internet with Ken, a friend in England. Listen and practice.

**Ken:** Hi, Mandy. How's your new school?

**Mandy:** It's great, but I have to take the bus every morning.

**Ken:** Well, at least you don't have to take the train anymore!

**Mandy:** But the bus comes at 6:30 a.m.! 😞  
I have to get up at 5:45, or I miss it.

**Ken:** Wow, that's early! What about clothes? Do students have to wear uniforms?

**Mandy:** No. We don't have to wear uniforms.

**Ken:** You're lucky! 😊 What about lunch?

**Mandy:** We have to buy lunch in the cafeteria.

**Ken:** Yuck! Cafeteria food! 😞  
I hate cafeteria food.

**Mandy:** Actually, I like school lunch. It's good.

### have to / don't have to

I **have to** take the bus.  
I **don't have to** take the bus.  
Do you **have to** take the bus?  
Yes, I do.  
Yes. I **have to** take the bus.  
No, I don't.  
No. I **don't have to** take the bus.  
Does Mandy **have to** wear a uniform?  
Yes, she does.  
Yes. She **has to** wear a uniform.  
No, she doesn't.  
No. She doesn't **have to** wear a uniform.



**B** Write sentences about Mandy. Use *has to* or *doesn't have to*. Then listen and check.

1. (get up at 5:45) She has to get up at 5:45.

2. (bus) \_\_\_\_\_

3. (train) \_\_\_\_\_

4. (uniform) \_\_\_\_\_

5. (lunch) \_\_\_\_\_

**C** Take turns asking your classmates questions. Ask about the activities in Part B, or use your own ideas.

Do you have to take the bus to school?

Yes, I do.

Do you have to eat in the cafeteria?

No. I don't have to eat in the cafeteria. I usually go home for lunch.

## 2 Word power

**A** Find two words or phrases that are usually paired with each verb. Then write them next to the verbs.

- ☐ a math class    ☒ at school early    ☐ my classroom    ☐ on time for class    ☐ special gym clothes  
☐ an instrument    ☐ a uniform    ☐ my room    ☐ soccer    ☐ the bus

1. be at school early
2. play \_\_\_\_\_
3. wear \_\_\_\_\_
4. take \_\_\_\_\_
5. clean \_\_\_\_\_

**B** Write three things you have to do and three things you don't have to do. Use words and verb phrases from Part A. Then tell a partner.

*I have to ...*

*I don't have to ...*

I have to ..... I don't have to .....

## 3 Listening

**A** Keiko is an exchange student at Wells International School. Mandy talks to her about her school in Japan. Listen and check (✓) four things she says students have to do there.

- ☒ wear uniforms  
☐ bring lunch  
☐ eat in the cafeteria  
☐ stay in classrooms after lunch  
☐ clean the school  
☐ attend school baseball and basketball games  
☐ go to club activities on weekends



**B** Look at Part A. Tell a classmate what students have to do and don't have to do at Keiko's school.

Students have to ...

They don't have to ...

# After school

## 1 Word power

**A** Match each verb phrase to its meaning. Then listen and practice.

- |                                    |   |
|------------------------------------|---|
| 1. have fun <u>e</u>               | a. meet new people                            |
| 2. join a club _____               | b. do your homework                           |
| 3. make new friends _____          | c. decide what things to do                   |
| 4. plan activities _____           | d. become a member of a special group         |
| 5. share ideas _____               | e. have a good time                           |
| 6. work on class assignments _____ | f. talk about your thoughts with other people |

**B** Read about after-school activities at Wells International School. Then imagine you are a student at the school. Write sentences with the verb phrases.



**Chess Club:** Chess games for all levels. Have fun and make new friends. Open to students in grades 5-8. Mondays 2:30-3:30



**Computer Club:** Learn new programs and work on class assignments. Beginners are welcome. Tuesdays 2:30-3:30



**Student Council:** Become a member of the student council. Share ideas about school life, and plan school activities. Thursdays 2:30-3:30



**Drama Club:** Perform alone or in groups. Sing, dance, or play an instrument. Mondays and Fridays 2:30-3:30



**Volleyball Club:** Learn the basic rules of volleyball. Have fun and get some exercise. Join the club today! Tuesdays 2:30-3:30



**Student Magazine Club:** Work with other students on the school magazine. Talk about stories and poems for the magazine. Wednesdays 2:30-3:30

1. have fun I can have fun in the volleyball club.
2. sing songs \_\_\_\_\_
3. talk about stories and poems \_\_\_\_\_
4. work on class assignments \_\_\_\_\_
5. make new friends \_\_\_\_\_

## 2 Language focus

### would like + to (verb)

I'd like to join the volleyball club.

Would you like to join the drama club?

Yes, I would.

No, I wouldn't.

I'd = I would

**A** Felipe and Andrea are reading about the after-school activities. Listen and practice.

**Felipe** Hey, Andrea, look at all these after-school activities!

**Andrea** Yeah. I'd like to join the volleyball club. I want to exercise and have fun. Would you like to join the club with me?

**Felipe** Gee, I'd like to, but I can't. I go to the computer club on Tuesdays. How about the drama club? That sounds like fun, and it meets on Mondays. Would you like to join?

**Andrea** No, I wouldn't! I don't like drama. I like sports. Too bad there isn't a soccer club.

**Felipe** You can start one! Ask your friends. I'm sure they'd like to join.

**Andrea** That's a good idea. Would you like to join?

**Felipe** Yes, I would. In fact, I'd like to be the president!



**B** Look at the clubs in Exercise 1B. Which club would each student like to join? Write sentences. Then listen and check.

1. **Nick** I want to perform in plays.

*I'd like to join the drama club.*

2. **Nina** I like to read and write.

3. **Rachel** I want to learn how to make a Web site.

4. **Sam** I want to talk about our school and school life.

5. **Emily** I want to get some exercise and have fun, too.

## 3 Speaking

What clubs in Exercise 1B would you like to join? Ask and answer questions with a classmate.

Would you like to join the volleyball club?

No, I wouldn't. I'd like to join the student council.

# Get Connected

## UNIT 1

### Read

**A** Read the blog quickly. Are these statements true or false? Write *True* or *False*.

1. The students learn a lot about the waters around New York City. \_\_\_\_\_
2. A very big, old boat is one of the classrooms at the Urban Assembly New York Harbor School. \_\_\_\_\_
3. The students don't learn important life skills. \_\_\_\_\_

### School on the Water


The students at Urban Assembly New York Harbor School in New York City don't have to sit in a classroom all day. So, what do they do? They spend a lot of time on the **waters** around New York City studying its history, fish, and **ecology**.

One of their classrooms is the *Lettie G. Howard*, a very large 125-year-old boat. Students learn how to swim, **row** a boat, and even **navigate** a boat up and down a river. And as part of their schoolwork, they have to eat an **oyster**!

What other things do students learn? They learn important life skills, like **overcoming fear**. This helps them feel more sure of themselves. Jennifer Mendez, **afraid of** the water before Harbor School, writes in her school journal, "I feel as if I can do anything." She'd like to study marine biology after high school. And another student, Jennifer Charles, 14, says "I love the *Lettie*. She's like an actual person. She's like our grandmother." So, what do you think? Would you like to go to this school?



**Go** to page 122 for the Vocabulary Practice.

**B**  Read the blog slowly. Check your answers in Part A.

**C** Answer the questions.

1. Do the students at the school have to sit in a classroom all day? No, they don't.
2. Where do the students spend a lot of time? \_\_\_\_\_
3. What do the students learn how to do? \_\_\_\_\_
4. Would Jennifer Mendez like to study marine biology? \_\_\_\_\_
5. Does Jennifer Charles like the *Lettie G. Howard*? \_\_\_\_\_

## Does he like it?

# Listen

**A** Nick and Elena talk about school. Listen and answer the questions.

1. Would Elena like to go to the library with Nick? Yes, she would
2. Who's homeschooled? \_\_\_\_\_
3. Do Joe's parents teach him everything? \_\_\_\_\_
4. Does Elena have to take the bus to school and eat cafeteria food? \_\_\_\_\_
5. Does Nick like school? \_\_\_\_\_



**B** What do you think? Write *I agree* or *I disagree*. Give reasons.

1. It's fun to learn school subjects outside of a classroom. \_\_\_\_\_
2. Homeschooling is a good idea. \_\_\_\_\_
3. After-school activities are necessary. \_\_\_\_\_
4. It's important to have classmates. \_\_\_\_\_

## Your turn

# Write

**A** Imagine your perfect school. Answer the questions.

1. Where's the school? (the beach, the mountains, . . .) \_\_\_\_\_
2. What time do classes start? \_\_\_\_\_
3. What classes do you have? \_\_\_\_\_
4. What things do you not have to do? \_\_\_\_\_
5. What kinds of after-school activities are there? \_\_\_\_\_
6. What time do you go home? \_\_\_\_\_

**B** Write a paragraph about your perfect school. Use the answers in Part A to help you.

The school is \_\_\_\_\_ . Classes start at \_\_\_\_\_ .  
I have \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

## Language chart review

### Simple present

#### Yes / No questions

Do you like pizza?  
Does she swim?

#### Short answers

Yes, I do. / No, I don't.  
Yes, she does. / No, she doesn't.

### Simple present

#### What, Who, How questions

What music does he listen to?  
Who has a computer?  
How old are Sam and Alex?

#### Answers

He **listens** to rock music.  
Anna **does**.  
They're 14 years old.

### Present continuous vs. simple present

#### Present continuous

Is Joe **talking** on the phone?  
What's Grace **doing**?

Yes, he **is**. / No, he **isn't**.  
She's **reading** a book.

#### Simple present

Joe **talks** on the phone a lot.  
Grace **enjoys** books.

**A** Read about Peggy and Luiz. Then complete the questions, and write answers.

#### Peggy

14 years old  
lives in Boston  
always reads  
likes hot dogs and pasta

#### Luiz

lives in Rio de Janeiro  
has a computer  
likes to send e-mail messages  
always eats hot dogs and pasta

- Q: Does Luiz have a computer?  
A: Yes, he does.
- Q: \_\_\_\_\_ is Peggy?  
A: \_\_\_\_\_
- Q: \_\_\_\_\_ lives in Rio de Janeiro?  
A: \_\_\_\_\_
- Q: \_\_\_\_\_ Peggy and Luiz like hot dogs?  
A: \_\_\_\_\_



**B** Complete the conversations.

- A What's Peggy doing?  
B She's reading a book.  
A She \_\_\_\_\_ every day!
- A \_\_\_\_\_ Luiz eating?  
B \_\_\_\_\_ hot dogs and pasta.  
A He always \_\_\_\_\_ hot dogs and pasta.



# Language chart review

## have to / don't have to

She **has to** go to the library.

She **doesn't have to** go to soccer practice.

Do you **have to** go to the library?

Yes, I do. / No, I don't. / No, I don't **have to** go to the library.

## would like + to (verb)

I'd like to learn another language.

Would you like to learn French?

Yes, I would. / No, I wouldn't.

**C** Look at Sonia and Aldo's schedules. Then write questions and answers.

Sonia's Schedule
5:30 a.m. get up
6:00 a.m. make breakfast
7:00 a.m. take little brother to the park

Aldo's Schedule
11:00 a.m. get up
11:30 a.m. make breakfast
12:30 p.m. clean room

- Q: (Aldo / get up early) Does Aldo have to get up early?  
A: No, He doesn't have to get up early. OR No, he doesn't.
- Q: (Sonia / get up early) \_\_\_\_\_  
A: \_\_\_\_\_
- Q: (Aldo and Sonia / make breakfast) \_\_\_\_\_  
A: \_\_\_\_\_

**D** Write conversations.

- A (I / take a trip) I'd like to take a trip.  
B (Miami) Would you like to take a trip to Miami?  
A (Yes) Yes, I would.
- A (I / join a club) \_\_\_\_\_  
B (join the chess club) \_\_\_\_\_  
A (No) \_\_\_\_\_
- A (I / go to a concert) \_\_\_\_\_  
B (Smoosh concert) \_\_\_\_\_  
A (Yes) \_\_\_\_\_

## Take another look!

Circle the correct answer.

Which sentence is closest in meaning to "I'd like to go to the movies after school"?

- I like to go to the movies after school.
- I want to go to the movies after school.



**Go** to page 126  
for the  
Theme Project.

## 1 Language focus

**A** Jasmine went on a beach vacation. Read her travel blog. Then listen and practice.

**MONDAY, JULY 7**

Our first day of vacation in Porto Seguro! We arrived at our hotel at noon, and we walked to the beach.

My dad rented a dune buggy, and we raced on the sand.

We stopped at a quiet spot, and we stayed there all afternoon.

We snorkeled and played volleyball. What fun!

After dinner, we shopped for souvenirs. We enjoyed looking at all the shops.

Then my sister and I listened to great Brazilian music at a dance club. I danced with some kids from Rio. I even tried a new dance – the samba. It's a lot of fun.

Now it's after midnight, and I have to go to bed. I want to get up early tomorrow. There's so much to do here!

**B** Study the chart. Then circle 12 more simple past verbs in Part A. Can you find them all?

### Simple past statements: regular verbs

I **walked** to the beach.  
Dad **rented** a dune buggy.  
My sister and I **tried** a new dance.  
You **stayed** there.  
We **shopped**.  
They **danced** with some kids.

Note: To spell most simple past verbs, add **-ed**:  
*walk* → *walked*  
For verbs that end in consonant + *y*, change *y* to *i* and add **-ed**:  
*try* → *tried*  
For verbs that end in short vowel + consonant, double the consonant and add **-ed**:  
*shop* → *shopped*

- C** Felipe also kept a diary last summer. Complete the sentences from his diary with the correct form of the verbs. Then listen and check.

Monday, July 7 9:30 p.m.  
 Another vacation day at home. I stayed (stay) in bed until nine, and then I walked (walk) to the park. I practiced (practice) volleyball with my friends. Our park volleyball championship game is in September.  
 In the afternoon, I listened (listen) to music, and I cleaned (clean) my room.  
 In the evening, I wanted (want) to go out. I called (call) Luigi's house, but no one answered (answer). So I stayed (stay) home and watched (watch) an old movie on TV. I was so bored. Well, tomorrow is another day.



## 2 Pronunciation Regular simple past verbs

- A** Listen. Notice the pronunciation of simple past endings. Then listen again and practice.

/t/	/d/	/ɪd/
stopped    watched	stayed    cleaned	visited    waited

- B** Listen. Write these verbs in the correct columns.

<input type="checkbox"/> arrived	<input type="checkbox"/> called	<input type="checkbox"/> needed	<input type="checkbox"/> rented	<input type="checkbox"/> skated	<input type="checkbox"/> walked
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> asked	<input type="checkbox"/> listened	<input type="checkbox"/> practiced	<input type="checkbox"/> shopped	<input type="checkbox"/> studied	<input type="checkbox"/> wanted

/t/	/d/	/ɪd/
<u>asked</u>		

## 3 Speaking

Work with four classmates. Talk about what you did last summer.

**You** I visited my cousins, and I played volleyball.

**Classmate 1** I stayed home, and I watched a lot of TV.

**Classmate 2** I played volleyball, and I cleaned my room a lot.

**Classmate 3** I practiced soccer, and I snorkeled.

**Classmate 4** I tried in-line skating, and I studied English.

# Our trip to Peru

## 1 Language focus

**A** Read about Olivia's trip to Peru last summer. Match the photos to the correct texts. Then listen and check.

- ☐ Olivia Smith and her family went to Peru last summer. They flew to Lima, the capital. They visited the old Spanish Quarter, and they went shopping for souvenirs. Olivia bought some jewelry. They also saw a lot of beautiful old things at the Gold Museum.
- ☐ From Lima, the Smiths flew to Cuzco, an old Incan city. They ate the local food, and Olivia drank maté, a special Incan tea. Olivia's sister got some postcards to send to her friends.
- ☐ The next day, Olivia and her family took the train to Machu Picchu. Olivia slept on the train. Her sister wrote postcards. At Machu Picchu, a guide gave them a tour of the Incan ruins. Olivia's brother took a lot of pictures.
- ☐ Olivia really enjoyed her vacation. She met some nice Peruvian people on the trip, and she made some new friends. She had a great time.



**B** Find the simple past forms of these verbs in Part A. Write them next to the verbs. Then listen and check.

buy	<u>bought</u>	have	_____
drink	_____	make	_____
eat	_____	meet	_____
fly	_____	see	_____
get	_____	sleep	_____
give	_____	take	_____
go	_____	write	_____

### Simple past statements: irregular verbs

I **had** a great time.  
She **drank** maté.  
He **took** pictures.  
We **went** to Peru last summer.  
They **ate** the local food.

**C** Complete the sentences about the Smiths' trip to Peru. Use the simple past form of the verbs in the box. Then listen and check.

- |                              |  |                               |                                |
|------------------------------|--|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> buy | <input type="checkbox"/> give          | <input type="checkbox"/> have | <input type="checkbox"/> sleep |
| <input type="checkbox"/> fly | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> go | <input type="checkbox"/> see  | <input type="checkbox"/> take  |

- The Smiths went to Lima first.
- Olivia's brother \_\_\_\_\_ more than 100 pictures.
- Olivia \_\_\_\_\_ llamas in Machu Picchu.
- They \_\_\_\_\_ fun with their Peruvian friends.
- Olivia's sister \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of souvenirs.
- Their guide \_\_\_\_\_ them a tour of Cuzco.
- The Smiths \_\_\_\_\_ home from Lima.
- Olivia's parents \_\_\_\_\_ all the way home.



## 2 Listening

**C** Olivia talks about her trip to Peru. Listen and check (✓) the things she did there.

- |   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| 1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> danced | 3. <input type="checkbox"/> wrote postcards | 5. <input type="checkbox"/> walked             |
| <input type="checkbox"/> listened to music    | <input type="checkbox"/> bought postcards   | <input type="checkbox"/> rested                |
| 2. <input type="checkbox"/> watched soccer    | 4. <input type="checkbox"/> saw a ring      | 6. <input type="checkbox"/> slept on the train |
| <input type="checkbox"/> played soccer        | <input type="checkbox"/> bought a ring      | <input type="checkbox"/> ate on the train      |

## 3 Speaking

**A** What did you do on your last vacation? Write two true sentences and two false sentences. Use the verbs in Exercise 1B.

True: I had a great time.	False: I slept until 11:00 every day.
1.	1.
2.	2.

**B** Take turns reading your sentences. Your classmates say **True** or **False**. For false sentences, give the correct information.

**You** I slept until 11:00 every day.

**Classmate** True.

**You** That's false. I got up at 8:00 every morning.

# Mini-review

## 1 Language check

**A** Read the postcards Martin and Lisa wrote on vacation. Complete each postcard with the simple past form of the verbs in the box.

- ☒ arrive
- ☐ eat
- ☐ go
- ☐ see
- ☐ sleep
- ☐ take

Hi, Liz!

I'm at the Big Z Ranch in Wyoming. We arrived here yesterday morning. In the afternoon, I \_\_\_\_\_ cowboys at work on the ranch. For dinner, we \_\_\_\_\_ outdoors - there was a big barbecue. Last night, we \_\_\_\_\_ in our own small cabin. Earlier today, we \_\_\_\_\_ to a rodeo. The cowboys can do some amazing tricks. I \_\_\_\_\_ a lot of pictures. I'm having a great time! -Martin



Dear Ben,

I can't believe I'm really in Japan! Yesterday, I \_\_\_\_\_ a great time. I \_\_\_\_\_ video games at the Sony Building. Then I \_\_\_\_\_ for souvenirs for awhile. I \_\_\_\_\_ some Japanese comic books. I can't read them, but the pictures are cool! I \_\_\_\_\_ sushi for dinner. Yum! Then we \_\_\_\_\_ around. I love Tokyo! -Lisa

- ☐ buy
- ☐ eat
- ☐ have
- ☐ play
- ☐ shop
- ☐ walk



**B** Who do you think did the activities below on their vacation, Martin or Lisa? Write sentences.

- |  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> eat in restaurants | <input type="checkbox"/> learn about nature | <input type="checkbox"/> sleep in a sleeping bag |
| <input type="checkbox"/> go on a hike                  | <input type="checkbox"/> see tall buildings | <input type="checkbox"/> take a subway           |

1. I think Lisa ate in restaurants.


2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_

**C** Look at Valerie's calendar for last week. Then write sentences about her week.

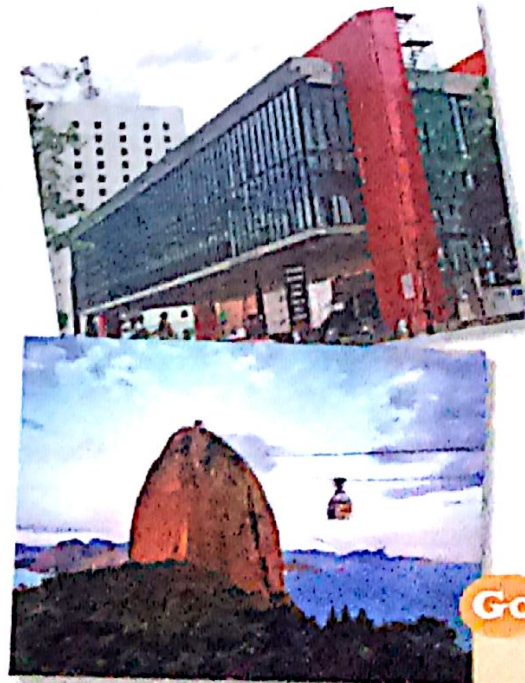
WEEKLY CALENDAR 2009	
Monday	visit Aunt Rita
Tuesday	go on a hike with Francis
Wednesday	have a party for Tim
Thursday	shop at the mall
Friday	sleep at my grandmother's house
Saturday	take a dance class
Sunday	

1. She visited Aunt Rita on Monday.
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_

## 2 Listening

 Josh talks about his trip to Brazil. Listen and number the events in the correct order.

- \_\_\_\_\_ visited a mountain
- \_\_\_\_\_ bought souvenirs
- \_\_\_\_\_ ate lunch with his father's friends
- \_\_\_\_\_ saw art
- 1 flew to São Paulo
- \_\_\_\_\_ went to a museum
- \_\_\_\_\_ wrote e-mails
- \_\_\_\_\_ flew to Rio



**Go** to page 115 for the Game.

# School festival

## 1 Word power

**A** Look at the picture. What can you do at the Jefferson School Festival?  
Match the activities to the correct verb phrases. Then listen and practice.



- |   |   |  |   |
|---|---|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> buy raffle tickets | <input type="checkbox"/> go on rides      | <input type="checkbox"/> play games        | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> watch the fireworks |
| <input type="checkbox"/> eat cotton candy   | <input type="checkbox"/> listen to a band | <input type="checkbox"/> visit a fun house | <input type="checkbox"/> win prizes                     |

**B** Write the verb phrases in Part A in the simple past.

- |                                 |          |
|---------------------------------|----------|
| 1. <u>watched the fireworks</u> | 5. _____ |
| 2. _____                        | 6. _____ |
| 3. _____                        | 7. _____ |
| 4. _____                        | 8. _____ |

## 2 Language focus

**A** Evan and Sandy talk about their school festival. Listen and practice.

- Evan** Did you have a good weekend?  
**Sandy** Yes, I did. I had a great weekend.  
**Evan** Did you go anywhere?  
**Sandy** Yes. I went to school on Sunday.  
**Evan** Did you go to a special class?  
**Sandy** No, I didn't. I went to our school festival. I listened to a band and danced, and I ate a lot of cotton candy . . .  
**Evan** Oh, no! I can't believe it! I forgot about the festival. I really wanted to go!  
**Sandy** That's too bad. Did you do anything special on Sunday?  
**Evan** No. I just stayed home all day.

### Simple past Yes/No questions

- Did you have a good weekend?  
 Yes, I **did**. I **had** a great weekend.  
 Yes. I **had** a great weekend.  
 Did you go to a special class?  
 No, I **didn't**. I **went** to the school festival.  
 No. I **went** to the school festival.



**B** Luigi and Mandy talk about their school festival. Complete their conversation. Then listen and check.

- Luigi** Hey, Mandy. Did you go to the school festival?  
**Mandy** Yes, I           .            you go?  
**Luigi** No, I           . I had to study.  
**Mandy** That's too bad.  
**Luigi**            you            a raffle ticket?  
**Mandy** No, I           . I never buy raffle tickets. I never win!  
**Luigi**            you            the fireworks?  
**Mandy** Yes, I           . That was the best part!  
**Luigi** Cool!            you            on any rides?  
**Mandy** Yes, I           . I            on the bumper cars.  
 I played a lot of games, too.  
**Luigi** Really?            you            any prizes?  
**Mandy** Yes, I           . I won two stuffed animals.  
**Luigi**            you            to a band?  
**Mandy** Yes, I           . I really liked the guitar player.



## 3 Listening

**Amy** also went to the festival. What did she do? Listen and check (✓) the things she did.

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> go on rides            | <input type="checkbox"/> ate cotton candy      |
| <input type="checkbox"/> played games           | <input type="checkbox"/> ate ice cream         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> won prizes             | <input type="checkbox"/> danced                |
| <input type="checkbox"/> bought a raffle ticket | <input type="checkbox"/> watched the fireworks |

# Lesson 8

# Weekend fun

## 1 Language focus

**A** Amy wrote a blog about her fun weekend. Listen and practice.

**Simple past statements: negative**

I **didn't** study.

Amy **didn't** clean her room.

They **didn't** go to the party.

*didn't = did not*



### MY FUN WEEKEND ...

#### Friday

On Friday night, I played a new video game. I didn't study. I didn't clean my room. I didn't go out of the house. I played my new game all night.

#### Saturday

I didn't want to stay home on Saturday. I left the house at 9 a.m. I went downtown with Jan. We saw a movie and ate pizza at Mario's. Then I went to the school dance. I had a lot of fun. I didn't do any homework.

#### Sunday

On Sunday, I stayed home all day. I didn't go out, but I had fun. I practiced the guitar for the concert next week. I didn't go to Sally's party, but Josh and I made popcorn and listened to music. I didn't check my e-mail, but I called some friends.



**B** Complete the sentences with the simple past form of the verbs. Use the negative when necessary. Then listen and check.

1. On Friday, Amy played (play) a video game all night.
2. She didn't clean (clean) her room on Friday night.
3. On Friday, she \_\_\_\_\_ (go) out of the house.
4. She \_\_\_\_\_ (want) to stay home on Saturday.
5. She \_\_\_\_\_ (go) downtown with Jan.
6. She \_\_\_\_\_ (do) homework on Saturday.
7. On Sunday, she \_\_\_\_\_ (go) out.
8. She \_\_\_\_\_ (have) fun on Sunday.
9. She \_\_\_\_\_ (listen) to music.
10. She \_\_\_\_\_ (check) her e-mail.

## 2 Word power

Make verb phrases. Find words or phrases from the box that are usually paired with each verb.

- |   |  |                                    |   |
|---|--|------------------------------------|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> a cake                     | <input type="checkbox"/> a lot of homework | <input type="checkbox"/> a party   | <input type="checkbox"/> some phone calls |
| <input type="checkbox"/> dancing                    | <input type="checkbox"/> a movie           | <input type="checkbox"/> shopping  | <input type="checkbox"/> to the mall      |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> a great weekend | <input type="checkbox"/> a new friend      | <input type="checkbox"/> some DVDs | <input type="checkbox"/> TV               |

1. have a great weekend
2. go \_\_\_\_\_
3. make \_\_\_\_\_
4. watch \_\_\_\_\_

## 3 Speaking

**A** Write four things you did and four things you didn't do last weekend. Use the verb phrases from Exercise 2 or use your own ideas.

### Things I did last weekend

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_

### Things I didn't do last weekend

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_

**B** Work with four classmates. Can they guess the four things you did last weekend?

**Classmate 1** You watched music videos.

**You** No. I didn't watch music videos.

**Classmate 2** You went shopping.

**You** Yes. I went shopping.



# Get Connected

## UNIT 2

**Read**

**A** Read the electronic postcard quickly. Write the names of three animals from the Galapagos Islands.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_

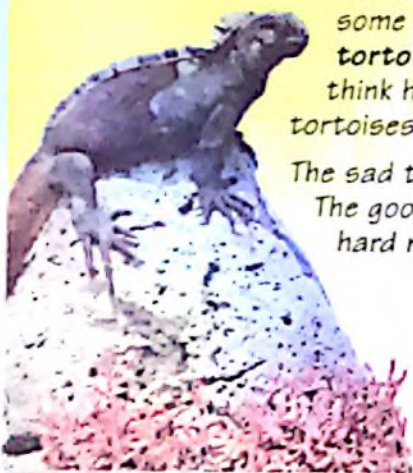
### The Amazing Animals of the Galapagos

Dear Lauren,

Hello from the Galapagos Islands. My family and I are here on vacation. We flew here two days ago, and we're taking a ten-day boat trip around the islands on the "National Geographic *Polaris*."



The scenery and the animals here are amazing. We saw **marine iguanas** yesterday. They're cool, and they only live in the Galapagos. And did you know they only eat vegetables? We saw some beautiful birds, too. They had red feet.



What did we do today? This morning we swam and **snorkeled** with some **sea lions**. Later, we met Lonesome George, a **giant Pinta tortoise**. He weighs 194 pounds (88 kilograms). Scientists think he's between 60 and 90 years old! We didn't see any other tortoises like him. He's the only Pinta tortoise in the world.

The sad thing is a lot of the animals here are **endangered**. The good thing is many people are working hard now to help save them.

See you soon!  
Manuel



**Go** to page 122 for the Vocabulary Practice.


**B** Read the electronic postcard slowly. Check your answers in Part A.

**C** Are these statements true or false? Write *True* or *False*. Then correct the false statements.

- Manuel and his family ~~Lauren~~ went to the Galapagos Islands. False
- They saw marine iguanas and beautiful birds. \_\_\_\_\_
- The birds had blue feet. \_\_\_\_\_
- They swam and snorkeled with sea lions. \_\_\_\_\_
- They met the only giant Pinta sea lion in the world. \_\_\_\_\_

## Did you have a good time?

### Listen

**A**  Ricardo and Mia talk about vacations. Listen and answer the questions.

1. Did Ricardo go to Pam's party? Yes, he did.
2. Did Mia go to the party, too? \_\_\_\_\_
3. Did Mia have fun in New York City? \_\_\_\_\_
4. Did she go to Costa Rica last year? \_\_\_\_\_
5. Did she eat Japanese food in Costa Rica?  
\_\_\_\_\_



**B** What do you think? Answer the questions.

1. Do you think it's good to try the local food?  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. Do you think it's good to visit museums?  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. Would you like to hike in a rain forest or visit a big city?  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. Do you think people with different interests can be good friends?  
\_\_\_\_\_

## Your turn

### Write

**A** Think about your favorite vacation. Answer the questions.

1. Where did you go? \_\_\_\_\_
2. Where did you stay? \_\_\_\_\_
3. What did you do? \_\_\_\_\_
4. What didn't you do? \_\_\_\_\_
5. What did you see, eat, and buy? \_\_\_\_\_

**B** Write an e-mail to your friend about your favorite vacation. Use the answers in Part A to help you.

Hello \_\_\_\_\_!

I had a great time on my vacation. I went to ...

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

## Language chart review

## Simple past affirmative and negative statements

## Regular verbs

I **played** volleyball. I **didn't play** soccer.  
 You **watched** TV. You **didn't watch** a video.  
 He **listened** to jazz. He **didn't listen** to rock.

## Irregular verbs

I **went** to the beach. I **didn't go** to the park.  
 You **had** pizza. You **didn't have** a hamburger.  
 She **read** a magazine. She **didn't read** a newspaper.

**A** Look at the information. Then write sentences in the simple past about Lynn's trip.

*Things to do in Washington, D.C.*

*take a ride in a flight simulator      eat space food  
 listen to a talk about the solar system      go to the planetarium  
 see a rock sample from the moon      buy souvenirs*

1. Lynn took a ride in a flight simulator.

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_

6. \_\_\_\_\_



**B** Look at Part A again. Correct these false statements about Lynn's trip.

1. Lynn visited New York. Lynn didn't visit New York. She visited Washington, D.C.

2. Lynn ate hamburgers. \_\_\_\_\_

3. Lynn went to the park. \_\_\_\_\_

4. Lynn listened to music. \_\_\_\_\_

5. Lynn took a ride in a car. \_\_\_\_\_

6. Lynn bought movie tickets. \_\_\_\_\_

# Language chart review

## Simple past Yes / No questions

### Questions

### Answers

**Did you go** to the dance? Yes, I **did**. I **went** with Paul.  
Yes. I **went** to the dance.

**Did you have** fun? No, I **didn't**. I **didn't have** fun at all.  
No. I **had** a terrible time.

**C** Look at Parts A and B again. Then write questions and answers.

1. **Molly** Hey, Lynn. Welcome back!

Did you have a good vacation?

**Lynn** Yes, I did. I had a great vacation.

2. **Molly** \_\_\_\_\_

**Lynn** No. I didn't go to California. I went to Washington, D.C.

**Molly** \_\_\_\_\_

**Lynn** Yes. I ate space food. It was terrible!

**Molly** \_\_\_\_\_

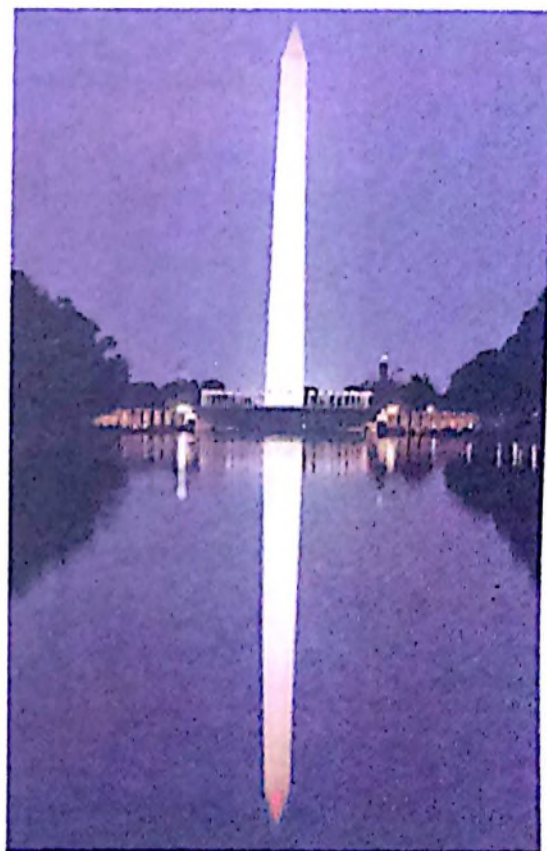
**Lynn** No. I didn't buy movie tickets.  
I bought souvenirs.

**Molly** Did you listen to CDs?

**Lynn** \_\_\_\_\_

**Molly** Did you take a ride in a flight simulator?

**Lynn** \_\_\_\_\_



## Take another look!

Circle the correct answer.

- The simple past forms of regular verbs \_\_\_\_\_ end in *-ed*.  
a. always   b. sometimes   c. never
- The simple past forms of irregular verbs \_\_\_\_\_ end in *-ed*.  
a. always   b. sometimes   c. never

**Go** to page 127  
for the  
Theme Project.

# A homestay

## 1 Word power

Beverly and Peter went on a homestay to Puerto Rico. Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences with the words in the box. Then listen and practice.

- |   |                                     |                                   |                                    |                                  |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> embarrassed        | <input type="checkbox"/> exhausted  | <input type="checkbox"/> glad     | <input type="checkbox"/> relaxed   | <input type="checkbox"/> worried |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> excited | <input type="checkbox"/> frustrated | <input type="checkbox"/> homesick | <input type="checkbox"/> surprised |                                  |

### Getting to Puerto Rico



1. She's excited. 2. She's \_\_\_\_\_. 3. He's \_\_\_\_\_.

### In Puerto Rico



4. She's \_\_\_\_\_. 5. He's \_\_\_\_\_. 6. She's \_\_\_\_\_.

### Leaving Puerto Rico



7. He's \_\_\_\_\_. 8. They're \_\_\_\_\_. 9. He's \_\_\_\_\_.

### Arriving home

## 2 Language focus

- A** Beverly kept a diary of her trip.  
Listen and practice.

### was / were statements

I **was** excited.      We **were** glad.  
He **was** worried.      We **weren't** homesick.  
She **wasn't** worried.

*wasn't = was not      weren't = were not*

July 22

Today we flew to Puerto Rico to begin our homestay. I was really excited. My friend, Peter, was worried on the plane, but I wasn't.

July 23

I was very happy to meet my host family. Pablo and Sonia were really friendly, but they spoke very fast. I can't speak Spanish very well, so I was a little frustrated today. Peter's Spanish is excellent, so he wasn't frustrated at all.

August 4

Wow! The two weeks are over. I didn't write in my diary very much. We were really busy every day, so I was too exhausted to write at night.

After the first few days, Peter and I weren't homesick at all. We were glad we came to Puerto Rico. We want to come again next year!

- B** Read Part A again. Complete the sentences with **was**, **wasn't**, **were**, or **weren't**. Then listen and check.

- Peter and Beverly weren't on a school trip.
- Beverly \_\_\_\_\_ worried on the plane, but Peter \_\_\_\_\_.
- Pablo and Sonia \_\_\_\_\_ friendly.
- Peter's Spanish was good, so he \_\_\_\_\_ frustrated.
- Beverly and Peter \_\_\_\_\_ homesick after the first few days.
- Beverly \_\_\_\_\_ glad she went to Puerto Rico.



## 3 Listening

- A** Other students talk about their homestays. How did they feel?  
Listen and match their names to their feelings.


- |                    |               |
|--------------------|---------------|
| 1. Howard <u>d</u> | a. excited    |
| 2. Maureen _____   | b. exhausted  |
| 3. Mitch _____     | c. frustrated |
| 4. Tracy _____     | d. homesick   |
| 5. Wendy _____     | e. surprised  |

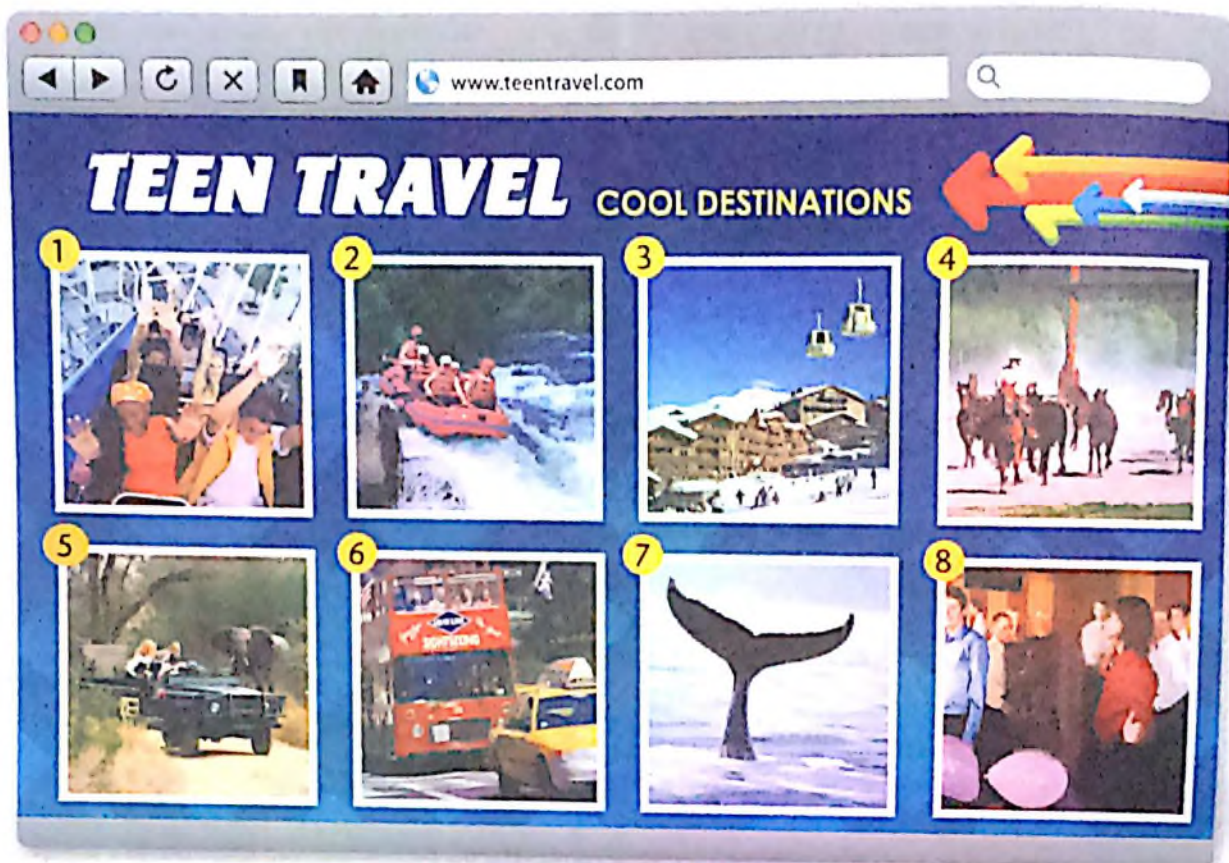
- B** Work with a classmate. Compare how the students in Part A felt.

Howard was homesick.

Tracy wasn't homesick. She was ...

## 1 Word power

 **A** Look at this travel Web site, and match the photos to the correct sentences. Then listen and practice.



- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Dance at a teen club.                    | <input type="checkbox"/> Go white-water rafting on a river.   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Discover New York on a city tour.        | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Have fun at a theme park. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Enjoy wild animals on a safari.          | <input type="checkbox"/> Watch whales from a tour boat.       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Experience the outdoors at a dude ranch. | <input type="checkbox"/> Spend a week at a ski resort.        |

**B** Choose three things from the Web site that you would like to do. Then write sentences.

*I'd like to have fun at a theme park.*

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_

## 2 Language focus

**A** Andrea and Felipe are back at school after Thanksgiving break. Listen and practice.

- Andrea** Hi, Felipe. How was your break?  
Was it exciting?
- Felipe** Yeah, very. I went to a dude ranch with my friends.
- Andrea** Cool! Were you there all week?
- Felipe** Yes, I was.
- Andrea** Was it a big ranch?
- Felipe** No, it wasn't, but I was never bored. We rode horses every day and had campfires every night. What about your break? Was it fun?
- Andrea** Yes, it was terrific. I went to New York with my family.
- Felipe** Great! . . . Oh, no! The bell's ringing. We have to go to class. Let's talk more later.

**B** Andrea and Felipe meet again. Complete their conversation. Then listen and check.

- Felipe** Hi, again! Was your class interesting?
- Andrea** It was OK. New York \_\_\_\_\_ much more fun!
- Felipe** Yeah. Tell me more about your trip! Was it your first trip to New York?
- Andrea** Yes, it \_\_\_\_\_. We went with Top Tours. We went to the theater and to museums. We shopped a lot, too.
- Felipe** \_\_\_\_\_ the weather good?
- Andrea** No, it \_\_\_\_\_. It was a little chilly. And it rained one day. But we had a great time, anyway.
- Felipe** \_\_\_\_\_ you in the same hotel all week?
- Andrea** No, we \_\_\_\_\_. We stayed in two different hotels. They were both really nice.

*Was / Were . . . ?*

Were you there all week?

Yes, I was.

No, I wasn't.

Was it a big ranch?

Yes, it was.

No, it wasn't.



## 3 Speaking

Imagine you were on one of the trips in Exercise 1A. Tell your classmates how you felt. Can they guess where you were?

- You** I was very relaxed.
- Classmate 1** Were you at a dude ranch?
- You** No, I wasn't.

- Classmate 2** Were you on a whale-watching tour boat?
- You** Yes, I was.

## 1 Language check

**A** Use the cues to write sentences: ✓ = Yes, ✗ = No

- George / hungry / last night (✓) George was hungry last night.
- Tonya / frustrated / yesterday (✗) \_\_\_\_\_
- Kyle and Millie / excited at the concert (✗) \_\_\_\_\_
- Shane and Carl / surprised / at the party (✓) \_\_\_\_\_
- You / homesick / in France (✗) \_\_\_\_\_
- We / worried / on the bus (✓) \_\_\_\_\_
- I / embarrassed / at the dance (✗) \_\_\_\_\_
- We / relaxed / on the trip (✓) \_\_\_\_\_

**B** Complete the conversation with **was**, **wasn't**, or **were**.



**Ned** Hi, Lilly. How was your weekend?

**Lilly** It \_\_\_\_\_ exciting. I went to a theme park with my family.

**Ned** \_\_\_\_\_ you there all weekend?

**Lilly** Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_.

**Ned** \_\_\_\_\_ it a big theme park?

**Lilly** No, it \_\_\_\_\_, but I \_\_\_\_\_ happy. I love roller coasters!

How \_\_\_\_\_ your weekend?

**Ned** It \_\_\_\_\_ OK.

**Lilly** \_\_\_\_\_ you at the Big Mountain Ski Resort with your family?

**Ned** No, I \_\_\_\_\_. I \_\_\_\_\_ at the library. I had to study.

We have a big English test today.

**Lilly** Oh, no! I forgot! Can you help me study at lunch?

**Ned** Sure. No problem!

- C** Jeff sent an e-mail to his friend, Pedro. Circle *was* or *were* to complete the sentences.

To: pedrofernandez@mr.net

From: jeffmarshall@mr.net

Subject: Spring break

Hi, Pedro!

Last week, my classmates and I (was / were) on spring break. I went on a white-water rafting trip. It (was / were) fun! I (was / were) on a raft for the first time. I fell out of the raft twice. I (was / were) embarrassed, but later I learned how to stay in the raft.

A lot of my friends went on awesome vacations. Kyle and his dad went camping in the mountains. Kyle likes to camp and hike. He (was / were) very excited about the trip.

Angela took a city tour for three days. She walked and walked. She (was / were) exhausted at the end.

Libby and Gil had fun at a great beach. They (was / were) outside in the sun all day.

On Monday, we (was / were) all sad our break was over. How (was / were) your break? Keep in touch!

Your friend,

Jeff

## 2 Listening


- A** Read Jeff's e-mail in Exercise 1C again. Then listen to the questions. Check (✓) the correct responses.

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, it was.           | 5. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, she was.   |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No, it wasn't. | <input type="checkbox"/> No, she wasn't.    |
| 2. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, it was.           | 6. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, they were. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> No, it wasn't.            | <input type="checkbox"/> No, they weren't.  |
| 3. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, they were.        | 7. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, they were. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> No, they weren't.         | <input type="checkbox"/> No, they weren't.  |
| 4. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, he was.           | 8. <input type="checkbox"/> Yes, they were. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> No, he wasn't.            | <input type="checkbox"/> No, they weren't.  |

- B** Now listen to the questions and responses in Part A. Check your answers.

**Go** to page 116  
for the  
Game.

## 1 Language focus

-  **A** Luigi tells Josh about a school project.  
Listen and practice.

**Luigi** Hey, Josh. I'm exhausted! I stayed up late last night to finish my project.

**Josh** When did you start it?

**Luigi** Actually, I started it two weeks ago, but I changed my topic last week.

**Josh** Why did you do that?


**Luigi** Well, I started to write about mountain climbing, but I really didn't think it was very interesting.

**Josh** So, what did you choose for a new topic?

**Luigi** The *Apollo 11* flight to the moon.

**Josh** Cool! Where did you get your information?

**Luigi** I got it at the library. I found some great books and an interesting Web site about Neil Armstrong. He was the first person to walk on the moon.

-  **B** Complete the rest of the conversation with the correct words. Then listen and check.

**Josh** Were you at the library yesterday? I was there, but I didn't see you.

**Luigi** I was there. When did (do / did) you leave?

**Josh** I left (leave / left) around 5:00 p.m.

**Luigi** Oh - I got there at 7:00. How did you go (go / went) home?

**Josh** My mom drove (drive / drove) me.

**Luigi** Are you doing a project in your class, too?

**Josh** Yeah. I just started working on it.

**Luigi** What did you choose (choose / chose) for a topic?

**Josh** I chose (choose / chose) Shackleton's incredible trip.

**Luigi** I don't know anything about Shackleton. Where did he go (go / went)?

**Josh** He went (go / went) to Antarctica almost 100 years ago.

## Wh- questions with did

**When did you start?**

I started two weeks ago.

**Where did you get your information?**

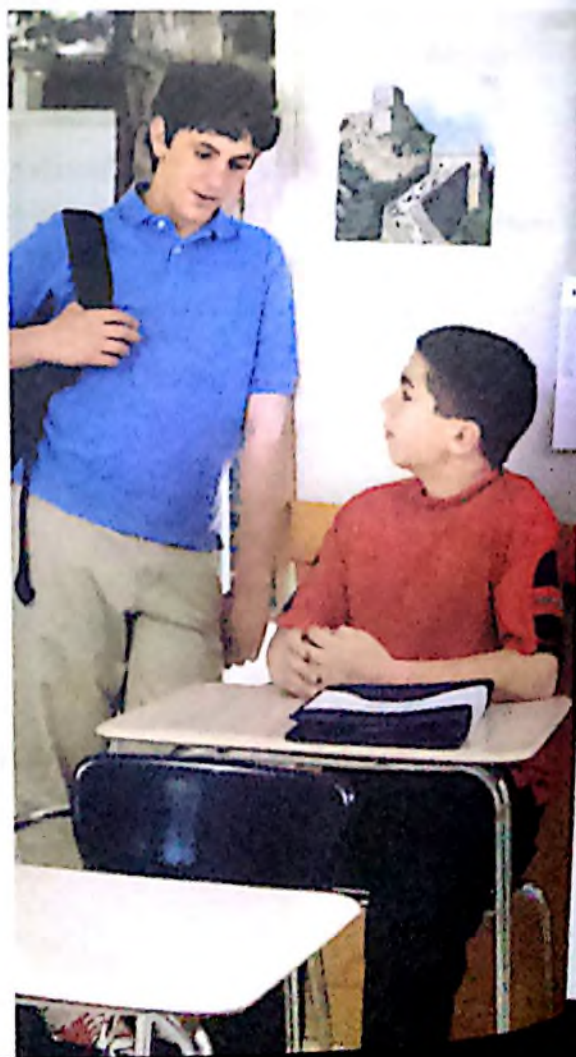
I got it at the library.

Time expressions

this week                      a month ago

last week                      a year ago

two weeks ago



## 2 Listening

**A** Two students give their presentations. Listen and number the sentences in the order in which you hear the information.



**Christopher Columbus**

- ☐ Columbus arrived in North America in 1492.
- ☐ He wanted to find India, but he didn't.
- ☐ Columbus left home at the age of 14 and went to sea.
- ☐ He took four long trips.
- ☒ 1 He was a very famous explorer.



**Lewis and Clark**

- ☐ They found new plants and saw a lot of animals.
- ☒ 1 Lewis and Clark traveled across North America.
- ☐ They made maps.
- ☐ They traveled on foot and by boat.
- ☐ Their trip took two years.

**B** Luigi's teacher asks questions about the presentations. Listen and check (✓) the correct answers.

- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1. <input type="checkbox"/> He left home and went to school.      | 4. <input type="checkbox"/> Two.               |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> He left home and went to sea. | <input type="checkbox"/> Four.                 |
| 2. <input type="checkbox"/> He wanted to find India.              | 5. <input type="checkbox"/> From 1804 to 1806. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> He wanted to learn to read.              | <input type="checkbox"/> By boat.              |
| 3. <input type="checkbox"/> In 1492.                              | 6. <input type="checkbox"/> They danced.       |
| <input type="checkbox"/> For two months.                          | <input type="checkbox"/> They camped.          |

## 3 Speaking

Tell your classmates about a trip or an adventure of your own.  
Your classmates ask questions.

**You** I took a trip with my family.

**Classmate 1** Where did you go?

**You** We went to Colombia.


**Classmate 2** When did you go?

**You** We went two years ago.

**Classmate 3** What did you do?

**You** We visited parks and museums. We snorkeled, too.

## 1 Language focus

 **A** The students had a quiz after their presentations. Listen and practice.

**Wh- questions with was / were vs. with did**

**Who was Santos-Dumont?**

He **was** one of the first people to fly.

**Where did he grow up?**

He **grew up** in Brazil.

**When were his most famous flights?**

His most famous flights **were** in 1901 and 1906.



## QUIZ

### Alberto Santos-Dumont

**1. Who was Alberto Santos-Dumont?**

He was one of the first people to fly.  
He built and flew balloons and airplanes.  
In his home country, people call him the father of aviation.

**2. Where did he grow up?**

He grew up in Brazil. When he was 18 years old, he went to Paris to study.

**3. When did he take his first balloon flight?**

He took his first balloon flight in 1898.

**4. What was the name of his first balloon?**

The name of his first balloon was Brazil.

**5. When were his most famous flights?**

His most famous flights were in 1901 and 1906. In 1901, he flew a balloon around the Eiffel Tower. In 1906, he flew a plane 715 feet in 21 seconds.

**6. What did he do with the prize money from his 1901 flight?**

He gave half of it to his assistants and half of it to poor people in Brazil.



- B** Amy is talking to Andrea the day after the quiz. Complete their conversation. Then listen and check.

Amy Hey, Andrea! We had a quiz yesterday.

Where were (Where were / Where did) you?

Andrea I \_\_\_\_\_ (was / did) at home.  
I didn't feel well.

Amy Oh, that's too bad. Are you OK now?

Andrea Yeah. \_\_\_\_\_ (How was / How did) the quiz?

Amy It \_\_\_\_\_ (wasn't / didn't) too difficult. Do you have to take it today?

Andrea I think so. And I didn't study much, so I'm worried.

Amy Why didn't you study?  
\_\_\_\_\_ (What were / What did) you do all day?

Andrea I \_\_\_\_\_ (sleep / slept)!



- C** Complete the quiz questions about Lewis and Clark with *Wh-* question words and *was, were, or did*. Then listen and check.

- Q: Who were Lewis and Clark? A: They were American explorers.
- Q: \_\_\_\_\_ they start their exploration? A: They started their exploration in May 1804.
- Q: \_\_\_\_\_ they find? A: They found new plants and animals.
- Q: \_\_\_\_\_ they meet? A: They met many Native American people.
- Q: \_\_\_\_\_ their guide? A: Their guide was Sacagawea, a Native American woman.

## 2 Speaking

- A** Think of a school project or a report you did about a famous person in history. Write answers to the questions.

- Who was your project about? \_\_\_\_\_
- Where did he or she live? \_\_\_\_\_
- What did he or she do? \_\_\_\_\_
- Where did you get your information? \_\_\_\_\_
- Who were your listeners or readers? \_\_\_\_\_

- B** Ask and answer the questions in Part A with a classmate.

Who was your project about?

It was about Henry Ford.

# Get Connected

## UNIT 3

### Read



**A** Read the article quickly. Check (✓) the false statement.

- ☐ 1. Benedict explores places by airplane.
- ☐ 2. Benedict learns skills from the local people but travels alone.
- ☐ 3. Benedict's Siberia to Alaska adventure was one of his favorites.

### Benedict Allen, A Modern Day Explorer

Benedict Allen was born in England in 1960. His father was a **pilot**, and Benedict dreamed of traveling around the world like his dad. His dream came true – Benedict became an explorer. But he doesn't travel the world in an airplane. He finds a place he wants to explore, and then he lives with the local people. He learns important **skills** from them, and then uses those skills to explore the place he's visiting. He doesn't use **modern** things like cell phones, and he likes to travel alone.

Benedict's explorations are often dangerous, but he likes them. One of his favorite adventures was in 2001. He wanted to be the first person to travel alone across the ice from Siberia to Alaska. So, he went to Siberia and lived with the Chukchi people. He learned how to drive a dog team and live like the people. He traveled 622 **miles** (1,000 kilometers) with only a dog team. The weather was really bad. There was a lot of snow, wind, and ice, so the **journey** was very difficult. Benedict almost lost the dog team, and he almost died, so he **ended** his journey early. It was **scary**, but he learned a lot.



**Go** to page 123 for the Vocabulary Practice.

**B** Read the article slowly. Check your answer in Part A.


**C** Answer the questions.

1. Where was Benedict Allen born? He was born in England.
2. Was Benedict's father a doctor? \_\_\_\_\_
3. Where did Benedict go in 2001? \_\_\_\_\_
4. What did he learn how to do? \_\_\_\_\_
5. How was the weather on Benedict's journey in Siberia? \_\_\_\_\_

## It was really an adventure!

# Listen



**A**  Laurie and Will talk about an adventure. Listen and answer the questions.

1. Who did Laurie go mountain climbing with?

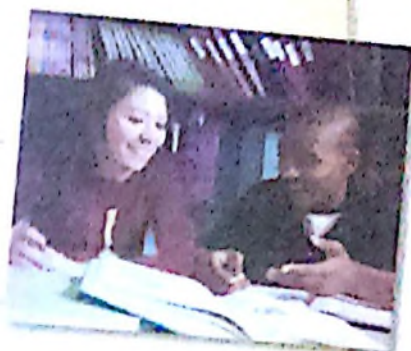
*She went mountain climbing with her uncle.*

2. When did Laurie go mountain climbing?

3. Was Laurie scared?

4. Where did Laurie and her uncle stay?

5. Was Laurie sad to see the other climbers?



**B** What do you think? Write *I agree* or *I disagree*. Give reasons.

1. All adventures are dangerous.

2. It's good to have an adventure on vacation.

3. Mountain climbing is a dangerous sport.

4. Cell phones can always help people.

## Your turn

# Write



**A** Imagine you were just on an amazing adventure. Answer the questions about your adventure.

1. Where did you go?

2. When did you go?

3. Who did you go with?

4. What did you take with you?

5. What happened on your adventure?

6. Were you excited to get home? Why or why not?

**B** Write a paragraph about your adventure. Use the answers in Part A to help you.

*I went to...*

## Language chart review

**was / were statements**

I **was** home. I **wasn't** at the party.  
 He **was** excited. He **wasn't** worried.  
 They **were** friendly. They **weren't** shy.

**Wh- questions with did**

**When did you get here?**  
 I **got** here two days ago.

**What time did you go to bed?**  
 I **went** to bed at 11:00.

**A** Write **Wh-** questions with **did**, and complete the answers.  
 Use the words in the box. Pay attention to the underlined words.

- ☐ get home / exhausted   ☐ go / homesick   ☐ spill / embarrassed  
☐ go / glad   ☒ meet / excited   ☐ talk to / bored

1. A Who did you meet?

B I met my favorite basketball player.

I was excited.



2. A \_\_\_\_\_

B I spilled my juice all over the table.



3. A \_\_\_\_\_

B I got home at 2:00 a.m.!



4. A \_\_\_\_\_

B I went to the beach yesterday. It was a beautiful day.



5. A \_\_\_\_\_

B I didn't talk to anyone last night.



6. A \_\_\_\_\_

B We went to camp. We missed our families.



# Language chart review

## Was / Were ...?

Were you in class last Monday?

Yes, I was. / No, I wasn't.

Was it fun?

Yes, it was. / No, it wasn't.

## Wh- questions with was / were

Where were you born?

I was born in San Juan.

When was your first concert?

It was in 2002.

What was his name?

His name was George Harrison.

Who was the drummer for the Beatles?

Ringo Starr was the drummer.

**B** Read the answers. Then write questions about the underlined words.

1. Q: What was the Model T Ford?

A: The Model T Ford was a car.

Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: The first Model T Ford was black.

Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: No, it wasn't. The first Model T Ford wasn't fast.

2. Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: The Beatles were a British musical group.

Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: They played rock music.

Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: They came to the U.S. in 1964.



**C** Look at Part B again. Use the information to write questions and short answers.

1. (the Model T Ford / an airplane)

Q: Was the Model T Ford an airplane?

A: No, it wasn't.

2. (the first Model T Ford / slow)

Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

3. (The Beatles / a hip-hop group)

Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

4. (The Beatles / in the U.S. in 1964)

Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

## Take another look!

Circle the correct answer.


We \_\_\_\_\_ use *did* in questions with *was* / *were*.

a. always   b. sometimes   c. never

**Go** to page 128  
for the  
Theme Project.

## Fun facts

## 1 Language focus

 **A** Andrea and Mandy are playing Fun Facts. Felipe joins them. Listen and practice.

Felipe Hey! What are you guys doing?

Andrea We're playing Fun Facts. Come and join us.

Mandy OK, Andrea. It's your turn. The moon is bigger than the sun. True or false?

Andrea That's easy. It's false. The moon is smaller than the sun.

Mandy Right. That's five points for you.

Andrea This one's for you, Felipe. Which is warmer, the North Pole or the South Pole?

Felipe I think the South Pole is warmer.

Andrea No, sorry. That's wrong. The North Pole is warmer than the South Pole.



**B** Study the chart. Write the comparative forms of the adjectives.

## Comparative adjectives

For regular one-syllable adjectives:

*small* → *smaller*      *warm* → *warmer*

For adjectives ending in *y*:

*easy* → *easier*      *busy* → *busier*

For adjectives ending in consonant + vowel + consonant:

*big* → *bigger*      *hot* → *hotter*

Comparative adjectives are followed by *than*.

The moon is *smaller than* the sun.

1. warm → warmer

5. cold → \_\_\_\_\_

9. short → \_\_\_\_\_

2. hot → \_\_\_\_\_

6. tall → \_\_\_\_\_

10. big → \_\_\_\_\_

3. easy → \_\_\_\_\_

7. hard → \_\_\_\_\_

11. busy → \_\_\_\_\_

4. slow → \_\_\_\_\_

8. fast → \_\_\_\_\_

12. long → \_\_\_\_\_

**C** Complete the sentences with your own ideas. Then tell a classmate.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ is warmer than \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_ is easier than \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_ is slower than \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_ is bigger than \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_ is longer than \_\_\_\_\_

Miami is warmer than Chicago.

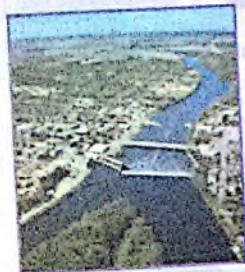
**D** Write two sentences about the sets of photos. Use the pairs of words in the box. Then listen and check.

☐ big – small   ☐ fast – slow   ☐ cold – hot   ☒ long – short

1



the Amazon River

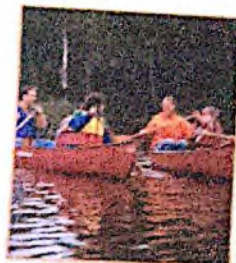


the Mississippi River

2



speedboats



canoes

3



basketballs



golf balls

4



the Alps



the Sahara

1. The Amazon River is longer than the Mississippi River.  
The Mississippi River is shorter than the Amazon River.

2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_


## 2 Listening

**Kelly is a very curious little girl. She asks her father a lot of questions. Listen to their conversation. Then circle the correct words.**

1. Germany is (larger / smaller) than England.
2. Bears are (faster / slower) than lions.
3. The Euphrates River is (longer / shorter) than the Nile River.
4. Water is (lighter / heavier) than snow.
5. Miami is (warmer / cooler) than Quito.

# My opinion

## 1 Language focus

-  **A** Read the survey. Listen and practice.  
Then check (✓) your opinions.

**Comparative adjectives: more ... than**

Use *more ... than* with adjectives of two or more syllables:

*popular* → *more popular*

Soccer is **more popular than** volleyball.

*interesting* → *more interesting*

Books are **more interesting than** video games.

# TEEN

## Opinion Survey

Do you agree or disagree?

1. Soccer is more popular than volleyball.
2. Books are more interesting than video games.
3. Roller coasters are more exciting than bumper cars.
4. Math is more useful than history.
5. Saturdays are more relaxing than Sundays.
6. Movies are more entertaining than TV shows.
7. Pizza is more delicious than spaghetti.
8. Surfing is more challenging than tennis.
9. Elephants are more dangerous than lions.
10. Science is more important than history.

I agree.      I disagree.

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>



**B** Compare your opinions from Part A with a classmate.

I think soccer is more popular than volleyball.

I disagree. I think volleyball is more popular than soccer.

**C** What do you think? Compare these things. Use the words in the box or your own ideas.

☐ dangerous ☐ delicious ☐ entertaining ☐ important ☒ popular

1. (T-shirts / sweaters)

T-shirts are more popular than sweaters.

2. (chocolate ice cream / strawberry ice cream)

3. (books / newspapers)

4. (karate / hockey)

5. (rap music / country music)

## 2 Speaking

What's your opinion? Compare these things using the words in the box or your own ideas. Then tell a classmate.

☐ difficult ☐ exciting ☐ important ☐ popular ☐ relaxing ☐ useful

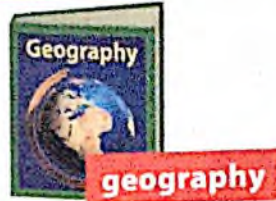


I think comic books are more popular than newspapers.

Really? I think newspapers are more popular than comic books.

## 1 Language check

**A** Compare each of the two things. Write sentences.



1. (difficult) Soccer is more difficult than tennis.

OR Tennis is more difficult than soccer.

2. (important) \_\_\_\_\_

3. (beautiful) \_\_\_\_\_

4. (interesting) \_\_\_\_\_

5. (delicious) \_\_\_\_\_

6. (intelligent) \_\_\_\_\_

**B** Compare the two sports using the words in the box or your own ideas.

☐ challenging ☒ dangerous ☐ difficult ☐ exciting ☐ interesting

1. Surfing is more dangerous than skateboarding.

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_



**C Use the cues to make sentences.**

1. Race cars / fast / bumper cars

Race cars are faster than bumper cars.

2. A soccer ball / big / a golf ball

3. Theme parks / exciting / school festivals

4. Portugal / small / France


5. MP3 players / popular / CD players

6. New York City / busy / Chicago

7. Libraries / relaxing / malls

8. English / useful / science

## 2 Listening

 Joe writes Penny an e-mail from camp. Listen and circle the correct words.

TO: pennypen@mr.net

FROM: joejohnson@mr.net

SUBJECT: My summer

Hi, Penny!

How are you? I'm at summer camp. Camp is more (difficult / exciting) than school!

There are a lot of things to do. The outdoor activities are (hotter / harder) than the indoor activities. But the outdoor activities are more (interesting / challenging). The horseback riding lessons are more (difficult / relaxing) than the swimming classes.

My favorite part of the day is lunch. The hamburgers are more (delicious / popular) than the hot dogs. And the cake is great, too!

In the afternoon, we have sports. Soccer is (harder / easier) than baseball. My favorite sport is tennis. Coach Ito is (friendlier / nicer) than Coach Martin, but Coach Johnson is my favorite coach. She's also my mom!

See you in August.

Your friend,

Joe

**Go** to page 117  
for the  
Game.

## 1 Language focus

**A** Read these pages from a world trivia book. Complete the sentences. Listen and check. Then practice.

### DO YOU KNOW ABOUT THESE WORLD RECORDS?



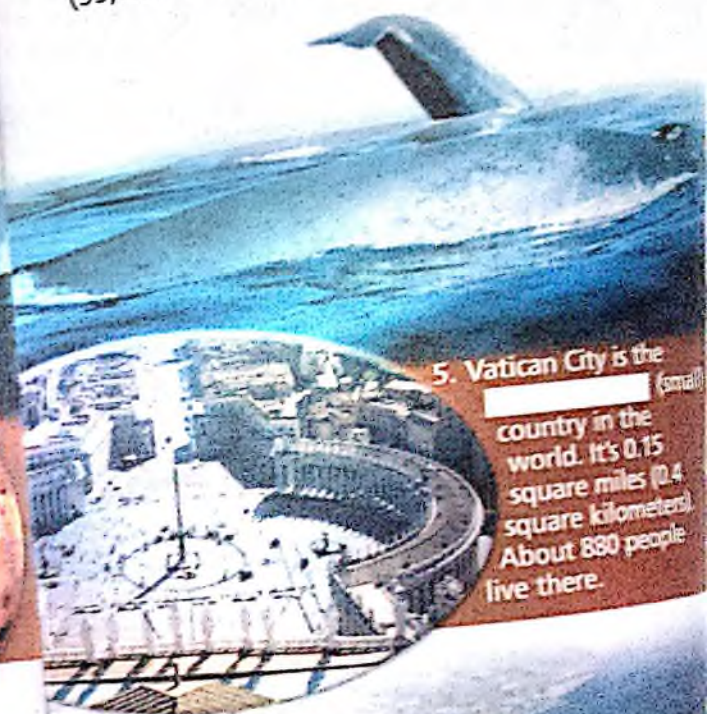
1. Mount Everest is the highest (high) mountain in the world. It's 29,035 feet (8,850 meters) high.

2. Venus is the hottest (hot) planet in the solar system. It can be 900 degrees Fahrenheit (482 degrees Celsius).



3. The dwarf gecko is the shortest (short) reptile in the world. It's only 0.63 inches (1.6 centimeters) long.

4. The blue whale is the heaviest (heavy) animal in the world. It weighs about 110 tons (99,790 kilograms).



5. Vatican City is the smallest (small) country in the world. It's 0.15 square miles (0.4 square kilometers). About 880 people live there.

6. The Akashi Kaikyo Bridge in Japan is the longest (long) bridge in the world. It's about 6,532 feet (1,991 meters) long.



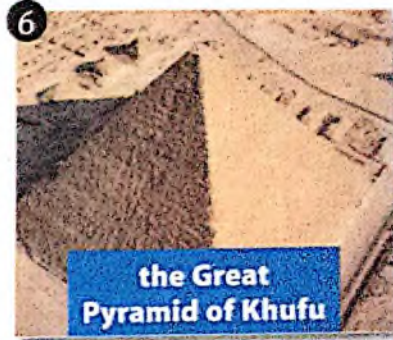
**B** Write the superlative form of each adjective.

- |                        |                |
|------------------------|----------------|
| 1. high <u>highest</u> | 4. short _____ |
| 2. long _____          | 5. cold _____  |
| 3. cute _____          | 6. large _____ |

### Spelling superlatives

small → smallest  
big → biggest  
late → latest  
heavy → heaviest

**C** Look at the photos. Write questions and answers.  
Then listen and check.



1. (tall / tree) Q: What's the tallest tree in the world?  
A: The coastal redwood is the tallest tree in the world.
2. (fast / land animal) Q: \_\_\_\_\_  
A: \_\_\_\_\_
3. (long / mountain range) Q: \_\_\_\_\_  
A: \_\_\_\_\_
4. (light / bird) Q: \_\_\_\_\_  
A: \_\_\_\_\_
5. (high / volcano) Q: \_\_\_\_\_  
A: \_\_\_\_\_
6. (large / pyramid) Q: \_\_\_\_\_  
A: \_\_\_\_\_

## 2 Listening

**C** Three people are playing a trivia game. Listen to each question.  
Check (✓) the correct answer.

- |  |   |  |
|--|---|--|
| 1. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> the Statue of Liberty | <input type="checkbox"/> the Eiffel Tower | <input type="checkbox"/> the Empire State Building |
| 2. <input type="checkbox"/> an Airbus A380                   | <input type="checkbox"/> a Boeing 747     | <input type="checkbox"/> a McDonnell Douglas MD-11 |
| 3. <input type="checkbox"/> the United States                | <input type="checkbox"/> Russia           | <input type="checkbox"/> Canada                    |
| 4. <input type="checkbox"/> Seoul                            | <input type="checkbox"/> Tokyo            | <input type="checkbox"/> Mexico City               |
| 5. <input type="checkbox"/> Australia                        | <input type="checkbox"/> Antarctica       | <input type="checkbox"/> Europe                    |

## 1 Language focus

**A** Read Mr. In-the-Know's Web site.  
Then listen and practice.

### Superlative adjectives: the most

Use *the most* with adjectives of two or more syllables:

*expensive* → *the most expensive*

What's the **most expensive** city in the world?

The **most expensive** city in the world is Moscow.

The **most expensive** city is Moscow.

Moscow is **the most expensive** city.



# Ask

## Mr. In-the-Know!

Here's what I think . . .

**Q:** What's the most expensive city in the world?

**A:** Moscow, Russia is the most expensive city in the world. A cup of coffee costs more than \$5.00!

**Q:** What's the most populous country in the world?

**A:** The most populous country is China. There are more than one billion people.



**Q:** What's the most thrilling city in the world?

**A:** Orlando, Florida is the most thrilling city. There are more than 13 theme parks there.

**Q:** What's the most interesting city in the world?

**A:** Washington, D.C. is the most interesting city. Both the largest museum and the largest library in the world are there.

**B** Write questions and answers about places in your country.  
Use the adjectives in the box.

☒ beautiful   ☐ crowded   ☐ expensive   ☐ interesting   ☐ popular

1. What's the most beautiful city in Brazil? The most beautiful city in Brazil is Rio. OR The most beautiful city is Rio. OR Rio is the most beautiful city.

2. \_\_\_\_\_

3. \_\_\_\_\_

4. \_\_\_\_\_

5. \_\_\_\_\_

## 2 Word power

**A** Check (✓) the word that does NOT belong in each list.

- |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| 1. the most thrilling<br><input type="checkbox"/> movie<br><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> sand<br><input type="checkbox"/> book | 4. the most expensive<br><input type="checkbox"/> shop<br><input type="checkbox"/> restaurant<br><input type="checkbox"/> library    | 7. the most interesting<br><input type="checkbox"/> bathroom<br><input type="checkbox"/> book<br><input type="checkbox"/> museum |
| 2. the most crowded<br><input type="checkbox"/> sport<br><input type="checkbox"/> city<br><input type="checkbox"/> country           | 5. the most beautiful<br><input type="checkbox"/> beach<br><input type="checkbox"/> flower<br><input type="checkbox"/> ball          | 8. the most dangerous<br><input type="checkbox"/> table<br><input type="checkbox"/> city<br><input type="checkbox"/> animal      |
| 3. the most popular<br><input type="checkbox"/> music store<br><input type="checkbox"/> café<br><input type="checkbox"/> kitchen     | 6. the most famous<br><input type="checkbox"/> movie star<br><input type="checkbox"/> singer<br><input type="checkbox"/> dining room |  |

**B** Write sentences using the most. Use ideas from Part A or your own ideas.

1.	The most popular café in my town is Carrine's Café.
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	
7.	
8.	

## 3 Speaking

**A** What's in your classmate's bag? Complete the questions. Then interview your classmate.

	Interview questions	Answers
1. important	What's the most important thing in your bag?	
2. beautiful		
3. expensive		
4. interesting		
5. useful		

**B** Share your classmate's answers with the class.

Money is the most important thing in Monica's bag.

# Get Connected

## UNIT 4

### Read

**A** Read the facts quickly. Check (✓) the words you find.

☒ the fastest ☐ larger ☐ longer ☐ the oldest ☐ the slowest ☐ the youngest

### Fun Amusement Park Facts

The biggest amusement park in the world is Walt Disney World in Florida in the U.S. About 54,000 people work there.

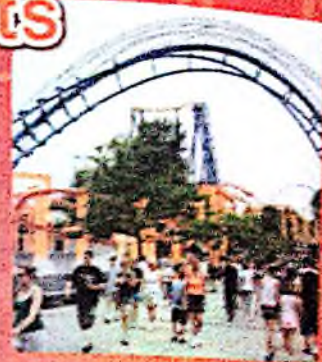
The oldest amusement park in the world is Bakken in Denmark. It opened in 1583.

Cedar Point in Ohio is one of the oldest amusement parks in the U.S. The park's first roller coaster opened in 1892 and traveled 10 miles per hour (16 kilometers per hour).

Kingda Ka at Six Flags Great Escape in New Jersey in the U.S. is the tallest and fastest outdoor roller coaster in the world. It's 456 feet (139 meters) high, and it goes 128 miles per hour (206 kilometers per hour).

The Steel Dragon 2000 roller coaster in Japan is slower than Kingda Ka, but it's longer. It's the longest outdoor roller coaster in the world. It's 8,133 feet (2,479 meters) long.

What amusement park in the world has the most rides?  
Cedar Point in Ohio. It has 75 rides.



**Go** to page 128  
for the  
Vocabulary  
Practice.

**B** Read the facts slowly. Check your answers in Part A.

**C** Answer the questions.

1. What's the biggest amusement park in the world?

The biggest amusement park in the world is Walt Disney World in Florida.

2. What's the oldest amusement park in the world?

\_\_\_\_\_

3. What's the fastest outdoor roller coaster in the world?

\_\_\_\_\_

4. What's the longest outdoor roller coaster?

\_\_\_\_\_

5. What amusement park has the most rides?

\_\_\_\_\_

# I love roller coasters!

**Listen**

**A** Lisa and Kevin talk about amusement parks. Listen and write True or False. Then correct the false statements.

1. Lisa went to Kevin's house yesterday but he wasn't home. False  
*called Kevin yesterday but no one answered.*
2. Kevin went to an amusement park with his cousins. \_\_\_\_\_
3. Kevin likes amusement parks a lot. \_\_\_\_\_
4. Lisa thinks bumper cars are more exciting than roller coasters. \_\_\_\_\_
5. Kevin and Lisa think amusement parks are expensive. \_\_\_\_\_



**B** What do you think? Write I agree or I disagree. Give reasons.

1. It's better to go somewhere to celebrate your birthday than to celebrate it at home. \_\_\_\_\_
2. Roller coasters are safe. \_\_\_\_\_
3. Expensive food always tastes good. \_\_\_\_\_
4. Very young children should go on roller coasters. \_\_\_\_\_

## Your turn

**Write**

**A** Think of a place you went for fun. Answer the questions.

1. What's the name of the place? \_\_\_\_\_
2. When did you go there? \_\_\_\_\_
3. What was the most exciting thing you did there? \_\_\_\_\_
4. What was the most boring thing you did there? \_\_\_\_\_
5. What were the most expensive things there? \_\_\_\_\_

**B** Write a paragraph about the place. Use the answers in Part A to help you.

I went to \_\_\_\_\_ for fun. I went there ...

## Language chart review

### Comparative adjectives

short → shorter Ellie is **shorter** than Paula.  
 busy → busier Ms. Peterson is **busier** than Ms. Stevens.

### Superlative adjectives: -est

What's **the longest** river in the United States?  
 The Mississippi River is **the longest** river in the United States.

### A Rewrite the sentences so they are true.

- Whales are bigger than dolphins.  
 (small) Dolphins are smaller than whales.
- Dolphins are slower than whales.  
 (fast) \_\_\_\_\_
- Sawsharks are smaller than white sharks.  
 (large) \_\_\_\_\_
- Dolphins are lighter than whales.  
 (heavy) \_\_\_\_\_
- Black bears are shorter than grizzly bears.  
 (tall) \_\_\_\_\_



### B Complete the conversations with the superlative forms of the adjectives in the box.

☐ fast ☒ large ☐ slow ☐ tall

- A What's the largest mammal in the ocean?  
 B The whale is the largest mammal in the ocean.
- A What's \_\_\_\_\_ mammal on land?  
 B The cheetah is \_\_\_\_\_ mammal on land.  
 The cheetah is even faster than some cars!
- A What's \_\_\_\_\_ mammal in the world?  
 B The giraffe is \_\_\_\_\_ mammal in the world.  
 Many giraffes are more than 16½ feet (5 meters) tall.
- A What's \_\_\_\_\_ fish in the ocean?  
 B The sea horse is \_\_\_\_\_ fish in the ocean.  
 It only travels 0.01 miles (0.016 kilometers) per hour.



# Language chart review

## Comparative adjectives: more . . . than

expensive → more expensive Cars are **more expensive** than bikes.  
difficult → more difficult English is **more difficult** than science.

## Superlative adjectives: the most

What's the **most famous** bridge in California?  
The **most famous** bridge in California is the Golden Gate Bridge.  
The **most famous** bridge is the Golden Gate Bridge.  
The Golden Gate Bridge is **the most famous** bridge.

- C** Look at the results in Part 1 of the class survey. Then write sentences with comparative adjectives and more.

Mr. King's Class Survey – Topics and Votes			
PART 1			
Movies:	Sports:	Desserts:	Music:
comedies 17	tennis 14	cookies 18	pop 11
dramas 1	soccer 4	cake 0	hip-hop 7
PART 2			
Popular singers:	Delicious snacks:	Thrilling sports:	
Beyoncé 9	chips 12	waterskiing 10	
Carrie Underwood 6	fruit 4	soccer 6	
David Cook 3	vegetables 2	skateboarding 2	

- (movies / entertaining) Comedies are more entertaining than dramas.
- (sports / exciting) \_\_\_\_\_
- (desserts / delicious) \_\_\_\_\_
- (music / popular) \_\_\_\_\_

- D** Now look at the results in Part 2 of the class survey. Write questions and answers using superlatives.

- Q: Who's the most popular singer?  
A: Beyoncé is the most popular singer.
- Q: \_\_\_\_\_  
A: \_\_\_\_\_
- Q: \_\_\_\_\_  
A: \_\_\_\_\_



## Take another look!

Circle T (true) or F (false).

- Comparative adjectives end in -est.
- We use *the most* in superlative questions and statements.
- We only use -er with two-syllable words that end in y.

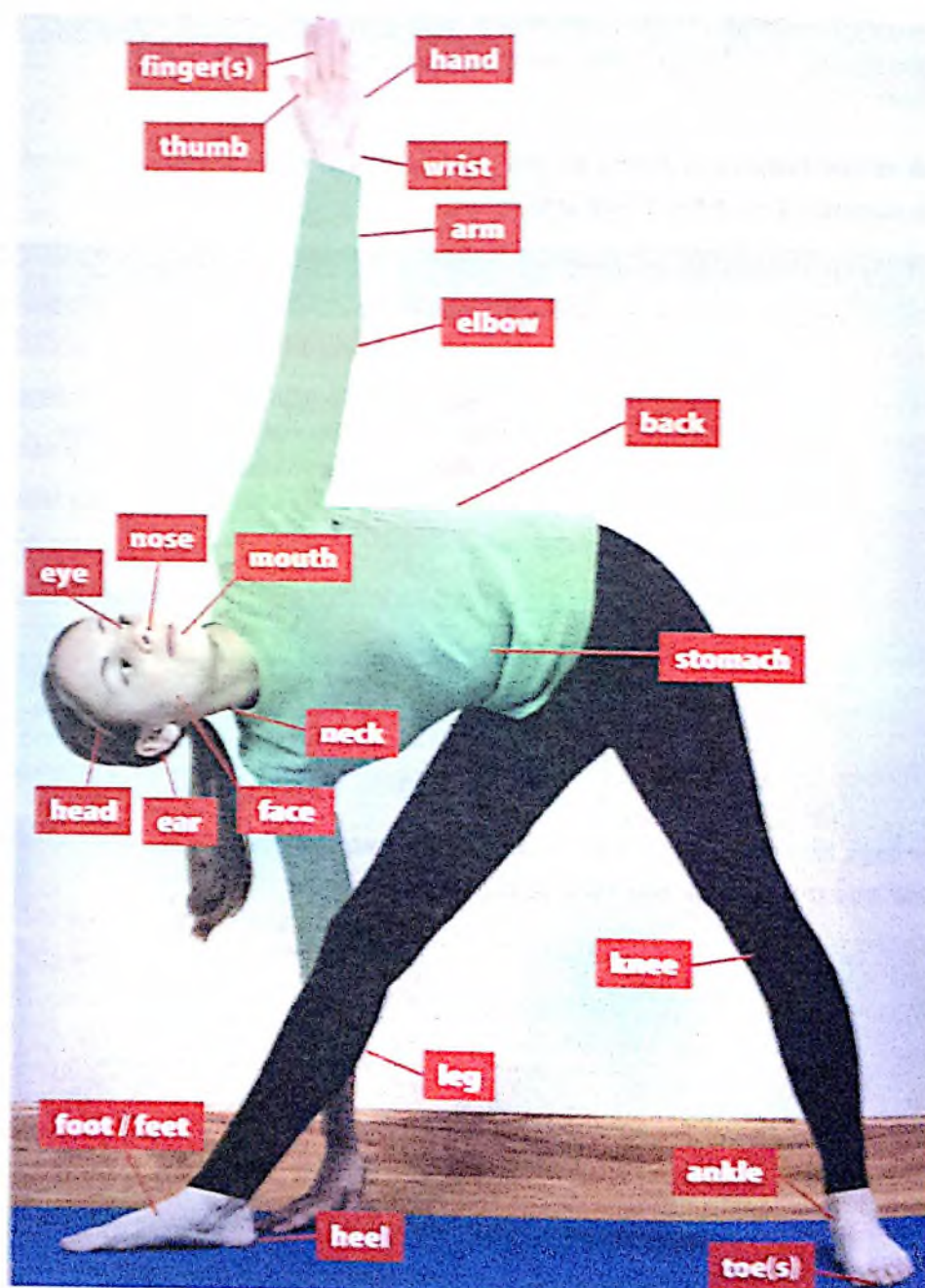
T	F
T	F
T	F

**Go** to page 129 for the Theme Project.

# Yoga class

## 1 Word power

- A** Andrea joined a yoga class to make her body more relaxed and flexible. How many parts of the body do you know? Listen and practice.



- B** Close your book. Ask a classmate to name and point to the parts of the body labeled in Part A.

You Point to your neck.

Classmate This is my neck. Point to your feet.

You These are my feet. Point to your . . .

## 2 Language focus

**A** Read the introduction to Andrea's new yoga book. Then listen and practice.

Do you want to make your body stronger? Would you like to move more flexibly? Try yoga. It's a great way to exercise, and it helps relax your body and mind. Yoga can improve your health. It can help you play sports. Yoga can even help you think more clearly!

Do each pose slowly and carefully. Don't move too fast. Hard, fast movements can hurt your body. Wear loose clothing so you can move comfortably, and don't eat before you practice. What's the most important thing? Remember to breathe regularly! And don't forget to relax peacefully for a few minutes after you finish. Practice patiently every day, and enjoy a healthier life!



### Adverbs of manner

Adverbs are often formed by adding *-ly* to the adjective form of a word.

*slow* → *slowly*

*quiet* → *quietly*

Do each pose **slowly** and **carefully**.

Practice **patiently** every day.

Note:

Change *y* to *i* and add *-ly*:

*happy* → *happily*

Drop silent final *e* and add *-ly*:

*flexible* → *flexibly*

Exception:

*fast* → *fast*

**B** Complete this advice from Andrea's yoga teacher by changing the adjectives to adverbs. Then listen and check.

1. Dress comfortably (comfortable).
2. Don't move too \_\_\_\_\_ (fast).
3. Practice \_\_\_\_\_ (regular).
4. Choose your teacher \_\_\_\_\_ (careful).

**C** Match the sentences from Part B to the sentences below.

1. Practice regularly. Try to do it every day.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ It's important to go slowly.
3. \_\_\_\_\_ You need a good instructor.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ Never wear shoes or a belt.

## 3 Speaking

Think of an activity and choose an adverb from the box. Act out the activity in the manner of the adverb. Your classmates guess what you are doing.

Classmate 1 Are you surfing happily?  
You No, I'm not.

Classmate 2 Are you dancing crazily?  
You Yes, I am.

carefully correctly **crazily**  
**happily** quietly  
sadly quickly slowly

## 1 Word power

**A** These people don't feel well. What's the matter? Listen and practice.



a cold



an earache



the flu



a headache



a sore throat



allergies

**B** The people in Part A are following their doctors' advice. Complete the advice with words from Part A.

### Doctors' Advice\*

1. For the flu, try chicken soup or some soda and crackers, and stay in bed.
2. For \_\_\_\_\_, use warm eardrops every four hours.
3. For \_\_\_\_\_, take some cold medicine, and drink a lot of water.
4. For \_\_\_\_\_, try hot tea with lemon – and try not to talk too much!
5. For \_\_\_\_\_, take some allergy pills. Use eyedrops, too!
6. For \_\_\_\_\_, take two aspirin. Try to rest in a quiet place with your eyes closed.

\*This advice should not replace the advice of your own doctor.

## 2 Language focus

**A** Josh calls Felipe to invite him to a basketball game. Listen and practice.

- Josh Hi, Felipe. It's Josh. Do you want to go to the basketball game tonight?
- Felipe No, thanks. I have a bad cold. What do you do when you have a cold?
- Josh I take cold medicine and drink a lot of orange juice. I also stay in bed.
- Felipe I do, too. I can stay in bed and watch videos. When I don't feel well, my dad rents them for me.
- Josh That's really nice. My dad doesn't do that when I have a cold . . .
- Felipe Well, he does a lot of other nice things for you. I bet he's driving you to the game tonight, right?

### Clauses with when

What do you do **when** you have a cold?

I take cold medicine **when** I have a cold.

**When** I have a cold, I take cold medicine.

I take cold medicine.



**B** Write questions and answers about the pictures. Use **when** in the questions. Then listen and check.

1. Q: What does she do when she has a headache?

A: When she has a headache, she takes aspirin.

OR She takes aspirin when she has a headache. OR She takes aspirin.

2. Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

3. Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

4. Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_



## 3 Listening

**A** Listen to the radio health program. According to the doctor, do these people do the correct things when they have health problems? Write Yes or No.

1. Diego \_\_\_\_\_ 2. Stella \_\_\_\_\_ 3. Craig \_\_\_\_\_ 4. Sheila \_\_\_\_\_

**B** Talk to a classmate about what you do when you have health problems.

What do you do when you have the flu?

I usually go to the doctor.

# Mini-review

## 1 Language check

**A** Readers sent their special remedies to *Teen Health Magazine*. Read the remedies. Then write sentences starting with *When*.

### What special remedies do you use when you are sick?\*

① Sometimes I have insomnia. I can't sleep. I drink warm milk and read something boring. Then I can go to sleep easily!  
- Liz

② For a sore throat, I eat a banana before bed. I always feel better in the morning.  
- Tommy

③ For an earache, I put drops of warm olive oil in my ears. It sounds strange, but it really works!  
- Marta

④ For a headache, I put a warm cloth on my head.  
- Jeff

⑤ I don't really like orange juice, but I drink a lot of it when I have a cold.  
- Anita

⑥ To fight the flu, I drink hot water with lemon. My family always does this. Why don't you try it?  
- Ray

\*This advice should not replace the advice of your own doctor.

1. When Liz has insomnia, she drinks warm milk and reads something boring.
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_

**B** Write the adverbs of manner for each adjective.


1. comfortable comfortably
2. correct \_\_\_\_\_
3. patient \_\_\_\_\_
4. peaceful \_\_\_\_\_
5. regular \_\_\_\_\_
6. happy \_\_\_\_\_
7. safe \_\_\_\_\_
8. quiet \_\_\_\_\_
9. slow \_\_\_\_\_
10. careful \_\_\_\_\_



**C** Use the adverbs in Part B to complete the health and fitness advice.

1. Choose snacks carefully . Think about what you want to eat. Do you really need junk food?
2. Eat \_\_\_\_\_. When people eat too quickly, they usually eat too much.
3. Sit and stand \_\_\_\_\_. The right way is to keep your back and shoulders straight.
4. Exercise \_\_\_\_\_. Do something active for 30 minutes every day.
5. Play sports \_\_\_\_\_. Use the right equipment, and follow the rules of the game.
6. It's not healthy to be frustrated when you have to wait for something. It's good to wait \_\_\_\_\_.
7. It's not good to be uncomfortable when you study. Sit \_\_\_\_\_ at your desk.
8. Live your life \_\_\_\_\_ ! It's not good to be sad.
9. Talk \_\_\_\_\_ when you are in the library.
10. After a long day at school, relax \_\_\_\_\_ before bed time. Then you can go to sleep easily.

## 2 Listening


 Dr. Sita talks to Melanie about her problems. What does Dr. Sita say?  
Listen and number the sentences in the correct order.



- \_\_\_\_\_ You worry less when you're relaxed.
- \_\_\_\_\_ You need to sit comfortably when you study.
- 1 \_\_\_\_\_ When you don't sleep regularly, you get tired.
- \_\_\_\_\_ Take two aspirin when you get a headache.
- \_\_\_\_\_ When you're tired in the afternoon, eat a healthy snack.
- \_\_\_\_\_ When you study for an hour, get up and move around for a few minutes.

**Go** to page 116  
for the  
Game.

## 1 Language focus

 **A** Andrea completes the online quiz. Listen and underline her answers. Then practice.



### How healthy are you?

**1** How often do you drink water?

- three or more times a day 3
- twice a day 2
- once a day 1
- never 0



**2** How often do you eat vegetables?

- three or more times a day 3
- twice a day 2
- once a day 1
- never 0

**3** How often do you drink soda?

- never 3
- one to three times a week 2
- four to six times a week 1
- every day 0



**4** How often do you eat sweets?

- never 3
- once or twice a week 2
- three to five times a week 1
- every day 0

**5** How often do you exercise?

- every day 3
- four to six times a week 2
- one to three times a week 1
- never 0

**6** How often do you brush your teeth?

- three times a day 3
- twice a day 2
- once a day 1
- never 0



**7** How often do you get eight or more hours of sleep?

- six to seven times a week 3
- four to five times a week 2
- one to three times a week 1
- never 0

**8** How often do you wash your hands?

- three or more times a day 3
- twice a day 2
- once a day 1
- never 0



Add the numbers next to your answers to get your score!

20 – 24 points Great! You care a lot about your health. Keep up the good work!

15 – 19 points You do a lot for your health, but you can do a little more. Think about exercise and eating habits.

10 – 14 points You need to think more about your health. Get more sleep and exercise, and eat better foods.

0 – 9 points You don't take good care of your health. You can do better! Start today!

**B** Take the health quiz. Circle your answers. What's your score?

**C** Write how often you do the things in Part A. Then tell a classmate.

*I exercise about six times a week.*

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_
7. \_\_\_\_\_
8. \_\_\_\_\_

I exercise about six times a week.

That's great. I exercise about three times a week.



## 2 Speaking

**A** Write *How often* questions about other healthy activities. Use the activities in the box or your own ideas.

dance  
drink water  
go to the doctor for a checkup  
have gym class

have sports practice  
ride a bicycle  
run  
swim

*How often do you have gym class?*

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_
7. \_\_\_\_\_
8. \_\_\_\_\_

**B** Ask a classmate your questions.

How often do you have gym class?


I have gym class three times a week.




## 1 Word power

**A** Read the health tips in the box, and write them above the correct advice. Then listen and practice.

- |   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Be active.                       | <input type="checkbox"/> Don't skip breakfast.           | <input type="checkbox"/> Protect your skin. |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Challenge your brain. | <input type="checkbox"/> Get your vitamins and minerals. | <input type="checkbox"/> Reduce stress.     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Don't eat junk food.             | <input type="checkbox"/> Prevent cavities.               |   |



# Stay Healthy



1. *Challenge your brain.*  
Do a crossword puzzle, or read a new book.

2.   
Get some exercise every day. Exercise is important for good health.

3.   
It's important to eat in the morning. It gives you energy to start your day.




4.   
Relax. Take time to do something you like every day.

5.   
Brush your teeth after every meal, and floss your teeth, too.

6.   
Stay away from fats and sweets. Choose fruits and vegetables at snack time.

7.   
Always use sunscreen outdoors – especially in the summer.

8.   
There's a lot of calcium in milk. Calcium keeps your bones strong.

**B** Which health tips do you follow? Write sentences. Then tell your classmates.

- I challenge my brain. I read a lot of new books.*
1. \_\_\_\_\_
  2. \_\_\_\_\_
  3. \_\_\_\_\_
  4. \_\_\_\_\_

*I challenge my brain. I read a lot of new books. I...*

## 2 Language focus

**A** Josh did not eat breakfast. He is running out the door. Listen and practice.

Amy Josh, wait. Don't go yet. You should eat a good breakfast.

Josh I don't have time! I'm late!

Amy Josh, you shouldn't skip breakfast. It gives you energy.

Josh But I'm not hungry. I had some pizza at 11:30 last night.

Amy At 11:30? What time did you go to bed?

Josh Oh, at about 1:00 a.m.

Amy Josh, you shouldn't stay up so late. You're not taking care of yourself.

Josh Sure I am. I had to study for a test. I want to get to school early so that I can study a little more.

Amy How are you getting to school?

Josh I planned to walk, but actually, now I have to *run*!

Amy Well, good. You should be more active.

**should / shouldn't**

You **should** eat a good breakfast.  
You **shouldn't** skip breakfast.



**B** Rewrite the sentences. Use **should** or **shouldn't**.  
Then listen and check.

1. Don't skip breakfast. You shouldn't skip breakfast.
2. Prevent cavities. You should prevent cavities.
3. Be active. \_\_\_\_\_
4. Don't eat junk food. \_\_\_\_\_
5. Challenge your brain. \_\_\_\_\_
6. Protect your skin. \_\_\_\_\_
7. Reduce stress. \_\_\_\_\_
8. Get your vitamins and minerals. \_\_\_\_\_

## 3 Listening

**The school nurse is talking to students. Complete her health advice with **should** or **shouldn't**.**

1. To Nadia: You \_\_\_\_\_ eat lunch.
2. To Lenny: You \_\_\_\_\_ go home.
3. To Beth: You \_\_\_\_\_ take yoga.
4. To Sylvia: You \_\_\_\_\_ stay indoors.



# Get Connected

## UNIT 5

### Read

**A** Read the article quickly. Write the names of five martial arts.

1. \_\_\_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_\_\_

## Martial Arts for Everyone

The study of martial arts is popular around the world. Martial arts are good for self-defense and they're good exercise. The philosophy of martial arts can help people live more happily and peacefully.

There are many kinds of martial arts. Karate, aikido, and judo are from Japan. Tae kwon do is from Korea, and Capoeira is popular in Brazil. Kung fu and tai chi are two popular martial arts from China.

The study of martial arts has many benefits. Martial arts improve flexibility and make people stronger. Also, the skills and discipline people learn doing a martial art often improve self-esteem. Many people study martial arts to learn self-defense.

Martial arts can be a lot of fun. So, try a martial art. With martial arts schools in almost every country, you can probably find one near you.



**Go** to page 124 for the Vocabulary Practice.

**B**  Read the article slowly. Check your answers in Part A.

**C** Are these statements true or false? Write *True* or *False*. Then correct the false statements.

1. Martial arts aren't a good form of exercise.

False. Martial arts are good for self-defense and they're good exercise.

2. Karate, aikido, and judo are all from Japan.

3. When you practice martial arts regularly, they improve your flexibility.

4. You should try a martial art to improve your self-esteem and have fun.

5. There are martial arts schools only in Japan.

## You should try Capoeira.

# Listen

**A** Alex and Isabel talk about Capoeira. Listen and answer the questions.

1. What's Capoeira? It's a martial art.
2. How often does Isabel have class? \_\_\_\_\_
3. Is Isabel strong? \_\_\_\_\_
4. Does Isabel always do her homework now? \_\_\_\_\_
5. Does Alex want to try Capoeira? \_\_\_\_\_



**B** What do you think? Answer the questions. Give reasons.

1. Do you think doing martial arts is a cool hobby?  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. Would you like to try a martial arts class?  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. Do you believe that martial arts can help improve your grades?  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. Do you think it's a good idea to learn self-defense?  
\_\_\_\_\_

## Your turn

# Write

**A** Think about a sport or activity that teaches discipline. Answer the questions.

1. What's the name of the sport / activity? \_\_\_\_\_
2. Where's it from? \_\_\_\_\_
3. What are its benefits? \_\_\_\_\_
4. What kind of equipment do you need? \_\_\_\_\_
5. How often should you practice this sport / activity? \_\_\_\_\_

**B** Write an article for a teen magazine about sports or activities that teens learn discipline from. Use the answers in Part A to help you.

is a great sport / activity to learn discipline. It's from

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

## Language chart review

## Adverbs of manner

quick → quickly

quiet → quietly

Please walk **quickly** and **quietly**.

Exception:

fast → fast

Don't drive too **fast**.

## How often...? and time expressions

How often do you eat fruit?

I eat fruit **twice a day**.I **never** eat fruit.**A** Complete the sentences by changing the adjectives to adverbs.

This is Tonya. She's 14. She takes dance classes four times a week. She practices regularly (regular). Tonya tries to get ten hours of sleep at least six nights a week. But sometimes, when she's tired, she doesn't dance as \_\_\_\_\_ (quick) or as \_\_\_\_\_ (careful) as she should. Tonya always stretches before class so that she can move \_\_\_\_\_ (slow) and \_\_\_\_\_ (easy). And, she always dances \_\_\_\_\_ (correct) so that she doesn't hurt herself. Tonya eats healthy food every day, but she eats dessert three times a week.

**B** Complete the questions. Then answer the questions with the information in Part A.1. Q: How often does Tonya take dance classes?A: She takes dance classes four times a week.

2. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ does Tonya stretch before class?

A: \_\_\_\_\_

3. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ does Tonya eat healthy food?

A: \_\_\_\_\_

4. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ does Tonya get ten hours of sleep?

A: \_\_\_\_\_

5. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ does Tonya eat dessert?

A: \_\_\_\_\_



# Language chart review

## Clauses with when

When I have a headache, I take aspirin.  
I take aspirin when I have a headache.  
What do you do when you have a headache?  
I rest in a quiet place.

## should / shouldn't

You should sleep eight hours a night.  
You shouldn't stay up late.

**C** Look at the chart, and complete the conversations. Use clauses with when.

	Andrew	Jessica	Dr. Melvin
a cold	skip breakfast	eat junk food	take cold medicine
the flu	go swimming	go shopping	stay in bed
a sore throat	drink milk shakes	drink soda	drink tea with lemon

- Dr. Melvin** (you / a cold) What do you do when you have a cold?

**Andrew** When I have a cold, I skip breakfast. OR I skip breakfast when I have a cold. OR I skip breakfast.

**Jessica** \_\_\_\_\_
- Dr. Melvin** (you / the flu) \_\_\_\_\_

**Andrew** \_\_\_\_\_

**Jessica** \_\_\_\_\_
- Dr. Melvin** (you / a sore throat) \_\_\_\_\_

**Andrew** \_\_\_\_\_

**Jessica** \_\_\_\_\_

**D** Dr. Melvin doesn't agree with Andrew's and Jessica's remedies. Look at Part C again. Write the doctor's advice. Use *should* and *shouldn't*.

- (Andrew / a cold) Andrew shouldn't skip breakfast. He should take cold medicine.
- (Jessica / the flu) \_\_\_\_\_
- (Andrew / a sore throat) \_\_\_\_\_
- (Jessica / a cold) \_\_\_\_\_
- (Andrew / the flu) \_\_\_\_\_

## Take another look!

Circle the correct answer.

Which sentence means the same as "Don't talk."?

a. You should talk.   b. You shouldn't talk.   c. I never talk.

**Go** to page 130  
for the  
Theme Project.

# School fund-raiser

## 1 Language focus

**A** Look at the poster. Josh and Andrea talk about raising money for their school. Listen and practice.

### Wells International School Fund-raiser

*Do chores to raise money for our school!*



wash windows



do yard work



walk dogs



babysit



wash cars



work at the bake sale

*Sign up in the cafeteria today!*

Josh Hey, Andrea. Look at the poster. Are you going to do anything for the fund-raiser?

Andrea Yeah. I'm going to do yard work.

Josh Really? Is Luigi going to do yard work, too?

Andrea No, he isn't. He's going to wash windows. How about you? Are you going to sign up for anything?

Josh I'm going to sign up, but I'm not going to wash windows! I'm not going to do yard work, either. It's too much work.

Andrea Are you going to walk dogs? That sounds easy.

Josh No, I'm not. I'd like to babysit or work at the bake sale.

Andrea Well, I think you should work at the bake sale. Babysitting is hard work!

#### be going to

I'm going to do yard work.

He's going to wash windows.

Are you going to walk dogs?

Yes, I am. / No, I'm not.

Is Luigi going to do yard work?

Yes, he is. / No, he isn't.

**B** What will students do for the fund-raiser? Write sentences. Then listen and check.

School Fund-raiser					
Babysit	Do yard work	Walk dogs	Wash cars	Wash windows	Work at the bake sale
Mandy	Andrea	Felipe	Vince	Justin	Josh
Kevin			Emily	Luigi	Marta

1. (Mandy and Kevin) Mandy and Kevin are going to babysit.
2. (Andrea) \_\_\_\_\_
3. (Vince and Emily) \_\_\_\_\_
4. (Felipe) \_\_\_\_\_
5. (Josh and Marta) \_\_\_\_\_
6. (Justin and Luigi) \_\_\_\_\_

**C** Read the sign-up sheet in Part B again. Write questions and short answers. Then listen and check.

1. (Andrea / babysit) Q: Is Andrea going to babysit? A: No, she isn't.
2. (Felipe / walk dogs) Q: \_\_\_\_\_ A: \_\_\_\_\_
3. (Justin and Luigi / wash cars) Q: \_\_\_\_\_ A: \_\_\_\_\_
4. (Emily / wash windows) Q: \_\_\_\_\_ A: \_\_\_\_\_

## 2 Pronunciation Reduction of *going to*

Notice how *going to* is reduced to *gonna*. Listen and practice. Then practice the conversation on page 72 focusing on *going to (gonna)*.

Q: Are you gonna wash cars?  
A: No, I'm not. I'm gonna wash windows.

Q: Is she gonna babysit?  
A: No, she isn't. She's gonna work at the bake sale.

## 3 Listening

Andrea and her brother and sister have a birthday surprise for their father. They are going to do chores for him. Listen and match the chores to the correct names.

- |             |          |       |                     |
|-------------|----------|-------|---------------------|
| 1. Fernando | <u>d</u> | _____ | a. do yard work     |
| 2. Bruna    | _____    | _____ | b. clean the garage |
| 3. Andrea   | _____    | _____ | c. wash the car     |
|             |          |       | d. walk the dog     |
|             |          |       | e. organize books   |
|             |          |       | f. make dinner      |

## 1 Word power

**A** Mrs. Delgado is leaving Wells International School. Her students are planning a farewell party. Complete their to-do list with the verbs in the box. Then listen and practice.

- |                                   |                                  |                                 |  |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> decorate | <input type="checkbox"/> perform | <input type="checkbox"/> serve  | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> sign |
| <input type="checkbox"/> make     | <input type="checkbox"/> pour    | <input type="checkbox"/> set up | <input type="checkbox"/> wrap            |

### Mrs. Delgado's Farewell Party To-Do List

NAMES	THINGS TO DO
Everyone	1. sign the card
Andrea	2. the drinks
Amy, José	3. the snack table
Mardy	4. the gift
Everyone	5. a special dance
Everyone	6. the cafeteria
Felipe	7. a speech
Josh	8. the pizza



**B** When will students do the activities in Part A? Complete the chart.

#### Before the party

sign the card

#### At the party

pour the drinks

## 2 Language focus

- A** Luigi asks Mandy about the party plans.  
Listen and practice.

Luigi Hi, Mandy. Sorry I missed the meeting about Mrs. Delgado's farewell party.

Mandy That's OK. I think we're all set.

Luigi Where are we going to have the party?

Mandy In the cafeteria.

Luigi Why do we need so much space?  
What are we going to do?

Mandy We're going to perform a special dance.

Luigi Great! What are we going to eat?

Mandy Pizza. We're going to eat right after the speech.

Luigi Who's going to make the speech?

Mandy Felipe is.

- B** Look at the list in Exercise 1A again. Write questions for these answers. Pay attention to the underlined words. Then listen and check.

1. Q: What's Amy going to do?

A: She's going to set up the snack table.

2. Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: Josh is going to serve the pizza.

3. Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: They're going to sign the card in the classroom.

4. Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: She's going to wrap the gift.

5. Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: They're going to have the party on Friday from 3 to 5 p.m.

### Wh- questions with be going to

Who's going to make the speech?

Felipe is going to make the speech.

Felipe is.

Felipe.

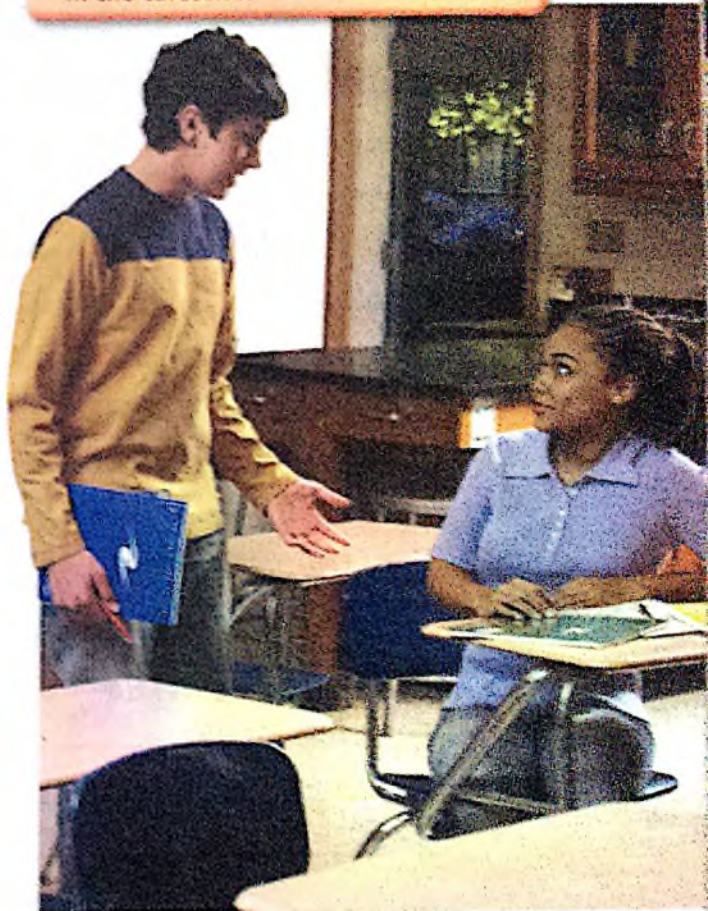
What are we going to eat?

We're going to eat pizza.

Pizza.

Where are we going to have the party?

We're going to have it in the cafeteria.  
In the cafeteria.



## 3 Speaking

Imagine a party you would like to have. Think about people to invite, the location, the day, and the food. Answer your classmates' questions.

Classmate 1 Where are you going to have the party?

You I'm going to have it at my house.

Classmate 2 When are you going to have it?

You Next Saturday.

Classmate 3 Who are you going to invite?

You I'm going to invite . . .

# Mini-review

## 1 Language check

**A** Look at the pictures. Then write sentences.



1. (Doug / wrap a gift)

Doug isn't going to  
wrap a gift. He's going  
to write a letter.



2. (Jenna / walk her dog)

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



3. (John and Ali / wash  
their father's car)

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



4. (Susan and Carol / do  
their homework)

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



5. (Ms. Johnson / wash  
the windows)

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



6. (Kyle and Betzi / have  
a bake sale)

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**B** Write questions about tomorrow. Then answer them with your own information.

1. Q: (do homework) Are you going to do homework tomorrow?

A: \_\_\_\_\_

2. Q: (play soccer) \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

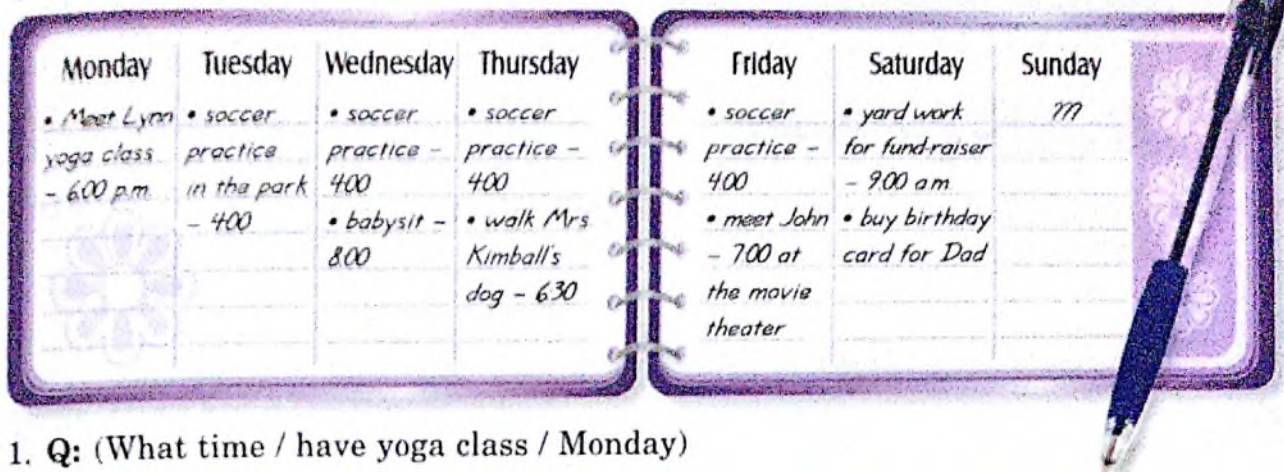
3. Q: (walk a dog) \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

4. Q: (see a friend) \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

**C** Look at Andrea's calendar. Write questions and answers about her plans for the next week using the correct form of **be going to**.



1. Q: (What time / have yoga class / Monday)

What time is she going to have yoga class on Monday?

A: She's going to have yoga class at 6:00 p.m.

2. Q: (Where / have soccer practice / Tuesday)

A: \_\_\_\_\_

3. Q: (When / walk / Mrs. Kimball's dog)

A: \_\_\_\_\_

4. Q: (Who / meet / movie theater)

A: \_\_\_\_\_

5. Q: (What time / do yard work / Saturday)

A: \_\_\_\_\_

6. Q: (What / buy / for her dad)

A: \_\_\_\_\_

## 2 Listening

Deanna and Mandy make plans for next week. Check (✓) the best answer to each question.

- What's Deanna going to do on Monday?  
☒ go to the library    ☐ go to the gym
- When's she going to give her presentation?  
☐ on Monday    ☐ on Wednesday
- Who's she going to meet on Thursday?  
☐ Steve    ☐ Sherri
- Where's she going to go on Friday?  
☐ to a movie    ☐ to yoga class
- When are they going to go to the mall?  
☐ on Saturday    ☐ on Sunday



**Go** to page 119  
for the  
Game.

## 1 word power

**A** What are they wearing? Complete the sentences with the words in the box. Then listen and practice.

☐ checked ☐ flowered ☐ polka-dot ☒ striped  
☐ denim ☐ plaid ☐ solid ☐ tie-dyed



1. He's wearing  
striped socks.



2. She's wearing a  
solid skirt.



3. He's wearing  
polka-dot pants.



4. She's wearing a  
denim hat.



5. He's wearing a  
denim jacket.



6. She's wearing a  
checked T-shirt.



7. He's wearing a  
checked tie.



8. She's wearing a  
polka-dot dress.

**B** Which clothes in Part A are casual? Which clothes are formal? Complete the chart.

Casual clothes	Formal clothes
<u>the striped socks</u>	<u>the solid skirt</u>
_____	_____
_____	_____
_____	_____

**C** Tell a classmate your opinions of the clothes in Part A.

I really like the denim jacket. I don't like ....

## 2 Language focus

**A** Olivia and Eddie are talking at the dance. Listen and practice.

**Olivia** I'm nervous. I don't know anybody here. How can you be so relaxed?

**Eddie** Well, I know some of the people here. I know Tom . . .

**Olivia** Which one is Tom?

**Eddie** He's the one in the checked shirt.

**Olivia** Oh, I see him. He's cute.

**Eddie** And I know the Patten sisters, and . . .

**Olivia** Whoa! Slow down. Which ones are the Patten sisters?

**Eddie** They're the ones in the tie-dyed T-shirts. Do you want me to introduce you?

**Olivia** Sure. But introduce me to Tom first!

**Eddie** OK. Come on. Let's catch him right now.

**Which one / Which ones . . . ?**

**Which one is Tom?**

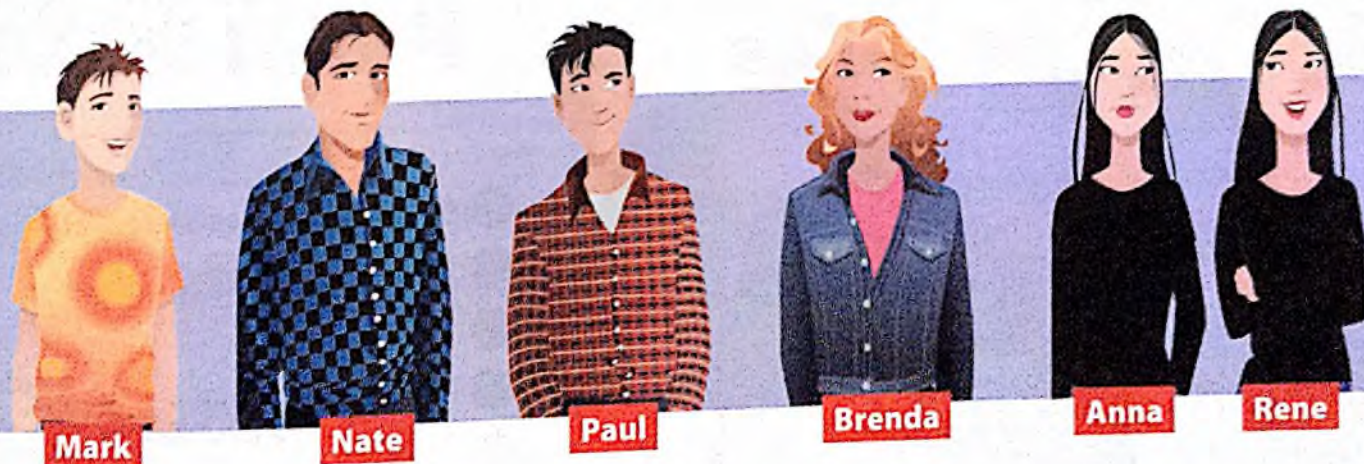
He's **the one** in the checked shirt.

**Which ones are the Patten sisters?**

They're **the ones** in the tie-dyed T-shirts.



**B** Look at the picture. Write questions and answers about the people. Then listen and check.



1. (Mark) Q: Which one is Mark?

A: He's the one in the tie-dyed T-shirt.

2. (Nate) Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

3. (Paul) Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

4. (Brenda) Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

5. (Anna and Rene) Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

## 1 Language focus

**A** Amy and Felipe clean up after the dance.  
Listen and practice.

Amy Hi, Felipe. What are you doing?

Felipe I'm looking for my CDs. I brought five to the dance.

Amy Let's look over there by the snack table.

Felipe OK. Hey! Whose denim jacket is this?

Amy It's Andrea's. I guess she forgot it. And look! Whose CDs are these?

Felipe They're mine. But there were two more.

Amy Well, maybe someone took them by mistake. Let's go and check at the Lost and Found tomorrow.

Felipe OK. I hope we find them. Those are my favorite CDs.

**B** Look at the items at the Lost and Found.  
Whose are they? Write questions and answers.  
Then listen and check.



**Whose...?**

Whose denim jacket is this?  
It's Andrea's.

**Possessive pronouns**

Whose CDs are these?

They're mine / his / hers / yours / theirs / ours



- 1 Andrea
- 2 Josh
- 3 Sarah
- 4 Mandy
- 5 Jenna
- 6 Andy

1. Q: Whose hat is this?

A: It's Andrea's.

2. Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

3. Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

4. Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

5. Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

6. Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

**C** Read the sentences and use the words in the box to write sentences with the same meaning. Then listen and check.

☐ hers ☐ his ☒ mine ☐ ours ☐ theirs ☐ yours

1. It's my backpack. It's mine.
2. It's your cell phone. \_\_\_\_\_
3. They're his CDs. \_\_\_\_\_
4. It's her wallet. \_\_\_\_\_
5. They're our books. \_\_\_\_\_
6. They're their magazines. \_\_\_\_\_

## 2 Word power

**A** Look at the other things students left in the room after the dance. What should the students do with them? Write the items in the correct columns.

☒ cell phone ☐ digital camera ☐ paper tablecloth ☐ serving forks  
☐ chairs ☐ dirty paper decorations ☐ plaid sweater ☐ two tickets to the dance  
☐ clean paper cups ☐ dirty paper plates ☐ punch bowls ☐ wallet

Put away	Throw away	Take to the Lost and Found
_____	_____	<u>cell phone</u>
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____

**B** Talk to a classmate about what the students should do with the items.

What should they do with the cell phone?

They should take it to the Lost and Found.

## 3 Listening

**C** People are waiting for their rides home. Listen and match the people to the correct cars.

☐ Amy ☐ Andrea ☐ Luigi ☒ Mandy ☐ Mr. Garcia



Mandy

# Get Connected

## UNIT 6

### Read



**A** Read the e-mail quickly. Check (✓) the fund-raiser activities you find.

☐ clean up the school

☐ eat breakfast

☐ present a play

☐ donate money

☐ have a recycling contest

☐ sell snacks

### Go-Green Club Fund-raiser

Hi, Jimmy!

I have some exciting news. I joined the Go-Green Club at school last week, and it's a lot of fun! We help to clean up the school, and we also help the neighborhood recycling programs.

We're going to hold the East High Go-Green Fund-raiser next Saturday in the school gym. It's going to start at 9:00 a.m. Can you come? We're going to donate the money to the town's recycling center.

At the fund-raiser we're going to have a recycling contest, so please bring your used cell phones, computer ink cartridges, and old clothes. The person who brings the most items wins a T-shirt. We're also going to present a play - *Don't Trash It, Reuse It!* The actors are all Go-Green Club members, and I'm one of the actors. Tickets are \$15 each. And we're also going to sell a lot of delicious organic snacks, so don't eat breakfast!

Please tell your family and friends about the fund-raiser. We want to raise a lot of money.

Hope to see you there!

Kimberly



Go to page 124 for the Vocabulary Practice.

**B** Read the e-mail slowly. Check your answers in Part A.

**C** Answer the questions.

1. Who's going to hold a fund-raiser?

The East High Go-Green Club is going to hold a fund-raiser.


2. When's it going to start? \_\_\_\_\_

3. Are they going to donate the money to the school? \_\_\_\_\_

4. What are they going to present? \_\_\_\_\_

5. What are they going to sell? \_\_\_\_\_

## We're going to . . .

**A**  Ryan and Elsa talk about a clean-up project. Listen and answer the questions.

1. What's the Go-Green Club going to clean up?

They're going to clean up the park behind the school.

2. Who's Ryan going to take to a piano lesson? \_\_\_\_\_

3. What time is the clean up going to start? \_\_\_\_\_

4. Is Ryan going to help Elsa? \_\_\_\_\_

5. What are they going to do after the cleanup? \_\_\_\_\_



**B** What do you think? Write *I agree* or *I disagree*. Give reasons.

1. Student clubs are a good idea. \_\_\_\_\_

2. It's important to donate money to good programs. \_\_\_\_\_

3. Fund-raisers are a good idea. \_\_\_\_\_

4. It's important to recycle. \_\_\_\_\_

## Listen



## Your turn

**A** Imagine you're a member of a new club. You're going to plan a fund-raiser or a club project. Answer the questions.

1. What kind of club is it? \_\_\_\_\_

2. What's the name of your club? \_\_\_\_\_

3. What kind of fund-raiser or project are you going to have? \_\_\_\_\_

4. When and where is it? \_\_\_\_\_

5. Why are you going to have it? \_\_\_\_\_

**B** Write an e-mail to a friend about your fund-raiser or club project. Use the answers in Part A to help you.

Hello ! I'm going to plan . . .

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

## Write



## Language chart review

### be going to

I'm **going to** use the Internet.  
Are you **going to** do your homework?  
Yes, I am.  
Is Buster **going to** take the bus?  
No, he isn't.

### Wh- questions with be going to

Who's **going to** walk the dogs?  
Kat **is going to** walk the dogs. / Kat **is**. / Kat.  
What's Art **going to** write about?  
He's **going to** write about Ronaldo.  
Ronaldo.

**A** Look at the picture. Then write Yes / No questions with *be going to* and answer them.



1. (Teddy / read a book)

Q: Is Teddy going to read a book?

A: No, he isn't. He's going to play music.

2. (Melanie and Georgia / serve the sandwiches)

Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

3. (Bethany / wrap gifts)

Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: \_\_\_\_\_

**B** Look at the picture in Part A again. Then write questions and answers. Pay attention to the underlined words.

1. Q: Where are they going to have the party?

A: They're going to have the party in the cafeteria.

2. Q: \_\_\_\_\_

A: Melanie and Georgia are going to serve the sandwiches.

3. Q: Who's going to pour the drinks?

A: \_\_\_\_\_

# Language chart review

**Which one / Which ones ... ?**  
Which one is mine?  
He's the one with the guitar.

**Whose ... ?**  
Whose sandwich is this?  
It's Wendy's / hers.

**Possessive pronouns**  
I / mine / his / hers / ours / theirs / yours

**C** Look at the pictures. Then write questions and answers.

**Darren**



**Min**



**Lenny**



**Jill and Wendy**



1. Q: (Darren) Which one is Darren? A: He's the one with the guitar.
2. Q: (Min) \_\_\_\_\_ A: \_\_\_\_\_
3. Q: (Lenny) \_\_\_\_\_ A: \_\_\_\_\_
4. Q: (Jill and Wendy) \_\_\_\_\_ A: \_\_\_\_\_

**D** Look at the pictures below and the information in Part C. Write questions. Then complete the answers with possessive pronouns.

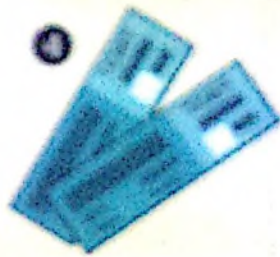


1. Q: Whose sandwich is this?  
A: It's his.

2. Q: \_\_\_\_\_  
A: They're \_\_\_\_\_

3. Q: \_\_\_\_\_  
A: It's \_\_\_\_\_

4. Q: \_\_\_\_\_  
A: They're \_\_\_\_\_



## Take another look!

Circle the correct answer.

1. We \_\_\_\_\_ use a form of the verb *be* in sentences and questions with *going to*.  
a. always    b. sometimes    c. never
2. Which word or phrase best completes this question: "\_\_\_\_\_ pink sneakers are these?"  
a. Who is    b. Who's    c. Whose

**Go** to page 131 for the Theme Project.

# The blackout

## 1 Language focus

**A** Felipe and Mandy share stories about the blackout last night. Listen and practice.

Felipe Hey, Mandy! Did the electricity go out at your house last night?  
Mandy Yeah. It went out at about 8:30. I was watching TV with my family. We were watching my favorite show. Was there a blackout in your neighborhood, too?

Felipe Yes! I had a terrible experience. I was going home with my sister. We were riding the elevator up to our apartment. There were no other people in the elevator. Suddenly, it stopped. There wasn't any light. We weren't moving. We were really scared.

Mandy How awful! Were you in the elevator for a long time?

Felipe No, only about five minutes, but it seemed like five hours! It was so dark!

Past continuous statements

I was watching TV with my family.  
We were riding the elevator.  
We weren't moving.



**B** What were these students doing at 8:30? Complete the sentences with the past continuous. Then listen and check.

1. Annie At 8:30, my sister and I were watching (watch) a basketball game in the gym. Our school team \_\_\_\_\_ (play) really well, and we \_\_\_\_\_ (win). Then the lights went out, and the game stopped. We were very disappointed.
2. Kevin I was at a concert. The band \_\_\_\_\_ (play) my favorite song, "Love and Tears." I \_\_\_\_\_ (not dance), but I was singing with the band. Everybody \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a great time. Then the lights went out, and the music stopped!
3. Shanya My friends and I were at an amusement park. We \_\_\_\_\_ (have) fun. We \_\_\_\_\_ (not think) about our school or homework! We \_\_\_\_\_ (ride) the roller coaster, and we \_\_\_\_\_ (scream). Suddenly, the ride stopped. We began to scream even louder!

## 2 Listening

**A** What were Amy, Josh, Luigi, and Andrea doing at 8:30? Listen and write the correct name under each photo.



**B** Where were they at the time of the blackout? Listen again. Then write the places.

1. Amy: in her room
2. Josh: \_\_\_\_\_
3. Luigi: \_\_\_\_\_
4. Andrea: \_\_\_\_\_

## 3 Pronunciation Contrastive stress

**A** Listen. Notice the change in the meaning of a sentence when different words are stressed. Then listen again and practice.

Q: Was your **brother** riding the elevator?  
A: No, my **sister** was riding the elevator.

Q: Was your brother **riding** the elevator?  
A: No, he was **walking up** the stairs.

**B** Circle the words you think will be stressed. Then listen and check.

1. Q: Were you and your mother watching a movie at home?  
A: No, we were watching a TV show.
2. Q: Were you and your mother watching a movie at home?  
A: No, we were watching a movie at the movie theater.

## 4 Speaking

Ask your classmates what they were doing at these times. Complete the chart. Then share your information with the class.

What were you doing ... ?	Classmate	Activity
1. an hour ago	_____	_____
2. at 6:00 this morning	_____	_____
3. at 9:00 last night	_____	_____
4. yesterday at noon	_____	_____

Billy was eating lunch an hour ago.

## 1 Language focus

**A** Study the chart. Ted went white-water rafting last summer. Look at the pictures and number the sentences in the correct order. Then listen and check.

### Past continuous vs. simple past (when)

#### Action in progress

We were talking

I was heading toward some rocks

#### Completed action

when the water got rough.

when I saw the branch.

Note: The completed action can begin the sentence.

**When** the water got rough, we were eating lunch.

My friends found me **when** I was resting under a tree.



- \_\_\_ When the water got rough, we were eating.
- 1 We were having a great time. It was a beautiful day.
- \_\_\_ My friends found me when I was resting under the tree and trying to get dry.
- \_\_\_ I was reaching for an oar when a big wave hit our raft. I fell into the river.
- \_\_\_ I was heading toward some rocks when I saw the branch of a big tree in front of me. I grabbed the branch and held onto it.

**B** Complete these sentences about scary experiences. Use one verb in the simple past and one in the past continuous. Then listen and check.

1. A bad storm started (start) when I was walking (walk) home from school yesterday.
2. We \_\_\_\_\_ (cook) hot dogs over our campfire when a bear \_\_\_\_\_ (come) into our camp!
3. I \_\_\_\_\_ (read) in bed late last night when someone \_\_\_\_\_ (knock) on the door.
4. My sister and I \_\_\_\_\_ (visit) the zoo when a lion \_\_\_\_\_ (escape) from its cage!
5. When the big dog \_\_\_\_\_ (jump) on him, Paulo \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to the mall.
6. Jessica \_\_\_\_\_ (fly) home from vacation last summer when suddenly the plane \_\_\_\_\_ (drop) 1,000 feet.
7. I \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) a horror movie on TV when my cat \_\_\_\_\_ (jump) out the window.
8. When the tree \_\_\_\_\_ (fall) on our house, I \_\_\_\_\_ (study).

**C** Write sentences about scary experiences. Use the past continuous and the simple past. Then listen and check.

1. (eat dinner / strange man / come to the door)

I was eating dinner when a strange man came to the door.

OR When I was eating dinner, a strange man came to the door.

2. (read in bed / lights / go out)

\_\_\_\_\_

3. (talk on the phone / hear someone scream)

\_\_\_\_\_

4. (walk to school / man / grab my bag)

\_\_\_\_\_

5. (watch TV / storm / hit)

\_\_\_\_\_



## 2 Listening

**People are describing scary experiences. Listen and check (✓) what happened.**

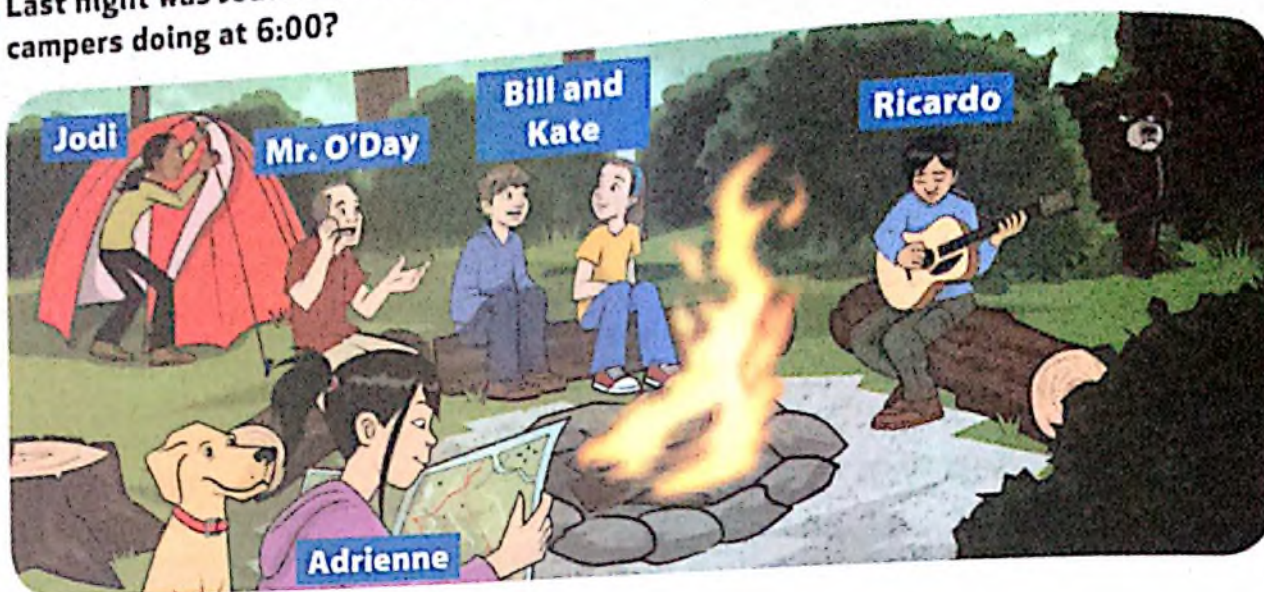
- |   |  |
|---|--|
| 1. <input type="checkbox"/> They heard a noise. | 3. <input type="checkbox"/> She was lost.        |
| <input type="checkbox"/> They made a noise.     | <input type="checkbox"/> She lost her backpack.  |
| 2. <input type="checkbox"/> It began to rain.   | 4. <input type="checkbox"/> His board broke.     |
| <input type="checkbox"/> It began to snow.      | <input type="checkbox"/> He fell into the water. |



# Mini-review

## 1 Language check

**A** Last night was Jodi's first night at camp. What were the campers doing at 6:00?



1. (Jodi) She was setting up the tent.
2. (Adrienne) \_\_\_\_\_
3. (Bill and Kate) \_\_\_\_\_
4. (Mr. O'Day) \_\_\_\_\_
5. (Ricardo) \_\_\_\_\_

**B** Complete Jodi's diary entries about camp. Use the simple past or the past continuous.

Monday 8:30 p.m.

The sun was shining (shine) when we arrived (arrive) today. But it got (get) cloudy in the afternoon. We made (make) our campfire when it started (start) to rain. The fire went out, so we ate cold hot dogs in our tents. Yuck!

Wednesday 9:00 p.m.

Yesterday was OK. We had (have) a great morning today, but trouble started in the afternoon. I sat (sit) at a picnic table when a large branch from a big tree fell (fall) on my tent.

I was frustrated, but I guess I was lucky! Later, I set up (set up) my tent again when a bear came (come) into our campsite. Mr. O'Day talked (talk) on the phone. The bear ate (eat) our hot dogs, and it looked (look) in our bags! Finally, it left (leave).

Friday 4:30 p.m.

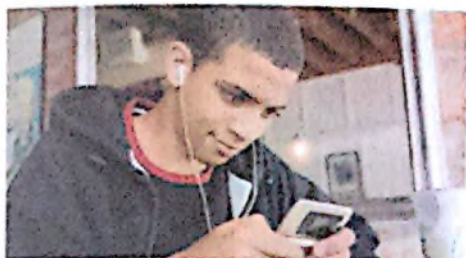
I slept (sleep) all day yesterday. Today is my last day at camp. I'm going home tomorrow, and I'm glad!

**C** Choose the correct ending for each sentence.

1. I was watching TV when \_\_\_\_  
☒ my parents came home.  
☐ my parents were coming home.
2. When the bell rang, \_\_\_\_  
☐ Mr. Ito gave us homework.  
☐ Mr. Ito was giving us homework.
3. Carla and Dan were washing the windows when \_\_\_\_  
☐ it started to rain.  
☐ it's starting to rain.
4. I was swimming \_\_\_\_  
☐ when the water's getting rough.  
☐ when the water got rough.
5. When my dog barked, \_\_\_\_  
☐ Julian was knocking on my door.  
☐ Julian is knocking on my door.
6. When the lights went out, \_\_\_\_  
☐ we played a video game.  
☐ we were playing a video game.

## 2 Listening

**A** Jack sent text messages to four friends. Listen and check (✓) what each person was doing when Jack sent the text messages.



	Playing a video game	Walking home	Cooking dinner	Shopping
1. Tina	_____	✓	_____	_____
2. Sophia	_____	_____	_____	_____
3. Mark	_____	_____	_____	_____
4. Leo	_____	_____	_____	_____

**B** Write sentences for each item in Part A.

1. Tina was walking home when Jack sent her a text message.  
 OR When Jack sent Tina a text message, she was walking home.
2. \_\_\_\_\_  
 OR \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_  
 OR \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_  
 OR \_\_\_\_\_

**Go** to page 120 for the Game.

## 1 Language focus

**A** A talk-show host interviews a teen who survived an avalanche. Listen and practice.

**Host** So, David, you survived the biggest avalanche in ten years! We're glad that you're here.

**David** Thanks.

**Host** I'd like to ask you some questions. First, what were you doing on Cannon Mountain?

**David** We were skiing on the north side of the mountain. It has the best snow.

**Host** Was it snowing that day?

**David** No, it wasn't. Actually, it was very sunny.

**Host** Who were you skiing with?

**David** I was skiing with my family – my parents and my sister.

**Host** Were many other people skiing?

**David** No. We were the only ones.

**B** Complete the interview questions. Then listen and check.

**Host** What were you doing (do) when the avalanche hit?

**David** My father and I were climbing up the trail.

**Host** \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ (carry) your skis?

**David** Yes, we were.

**Host** Where \_\_\_\_\_ your mother and sister \_\_\_\_\_ (walk)?

**David** They were walking behind us, lower down the trail. They saw the avalanche first and started shouting.

**Host** What \_\_\_\_\_ they \_\_\_\_\_ (shout)?

**David** They were shouting, "Go right! Go right!" I looked, and I saw the snow coming down the mountain.

**Host** \_\_\_\_\_ it \_\_\_\_\_ (come) down the mountain very quickly?

**David** Yes, it was. It was coming really fast. We moved to the right – just in time.

### Past continuous questions

#### Yes / No questions

**Was it snowing?**

Yes, it was.

No, it wasn't.

**Were other people skiing?**

Yes, they were.

No, they weren't.

#### Wh- questions

**What were you doing?**

We were skiing.

**Who were you skiing with?**

I was skiing with my family.

My family.



**C** Marilyn was on a frozen lake last winter when the ice cracked. A talk-show host is asking her questions. Read her answers and write his questions. Then listen and check.



1. Q: (What) What were you doing on the lake?

A: I was skating on it.

2. Q: (Were) \_\_\_\_\_

A: No, I wasn't skating alone.

3. Q: (Who) \_\_\_\_\_

A: I was skating with my friend, Sarah. My father and brother were near the lake, too.

4. Q: (What) \_\_\_\_\_

A: They were throwing snowballs at each other.

5. Q: (Was) \_\_\_\_\_

A: No, it wasn't snowing, but it was really cold.

6. Q: (Where) \_\_\_\_\_

A: Sarah was skating on the other side of the lake. But she saw me fall in, and she screamed loudly. My father found a rope and pulled me out. I'm lucky to be alive!

## 2 Speaking

Imagine a bad experience. Use an idea from the box or your own idea. Your classmates ask questions about it, using the past continuous.

You I broke my arm.

Classmate 1 What were you doing when you broke it?

You I was playing basketball.

Classmate 2 Were you shooting the ball?

You No. I was running.

Classmate 3 Where were you playing?

You I was playing in the gym.

Classmate 4 Who were you playing with?

You Trish and Carmen.

The electricity went out.

**I broke my arm.**

A bad storm hit my town.

**My computer crashed.**

**I broke my leg.**

A woman on a bicycle ran into me.

## 1 Word power

**A** Read the students' opinions of these books.  
Then listen and practice.

Name: Josh  
Title: *The Lost Picture*  
Type of book: Mystery

The book really keeps your attention. Who has the missing painting? I don't think you can guess. You have to read to the **surprising** end.



Name: Andrea  
Title: *The Wild Side of the Garden*  
Type of book: Fantasy

The author creates an **unusual** world. Cars fly, and dogs talk. Everyone is reading this **delightful** book. Get it from the school library.



Name: Felipe  
Title: *The House in Space*  
Type of book: Science fiction

The book is about a family on Jupiter. It's very **confusing**. There are too many characters. You don't know who is who. Don't even start this book. It's very **disappointing**.



Name: Amy  
Title: *Hit the Top 10*  
Type of book: Nonfiction

The book has great information about the music business. It's a really **informative** book. You're going to like it a lot.



Name: Luigi  
Title: *Alone in the Wild*  
Type of book: Adventure

A boy is lost in the woods. How is he going to survive? What danger is he going to face? The book is very **suspenseful**!



Name: Mandy  
Title: *Sarah at School*  
Type of book: Realistic fiction

The book is **dull**. It has too much information on Sarah's family. I wanted to know more about Sarah. There are better books about teens.



**B** Tell your partner the types of books you like and don't like. Use the adjectives from Part A to explain why.

I like mystery books. They're surprising. I don't like . . .

## 2 Language focus

**A** Mandy wrote a book report about *Blind Flight*. Listen and practice.

Name: Mandy  
Title: *Blind Flight*  
Type of book: *Realistic fiction*

*This is an amazing story. Thirteen-year-old Debbie Whitfield had to fly and land a plane, but she was blind.*

*While Debbie and her uncle were flying, a large bird hit the windshield. The glass broke and hurt her uncle. He didn't move.*

*Debbie turned the radio controls until she heard a pilot. Soon she was flying while he gave her instructions.*

*While Debbie was flying, two other planes came to help her. They guided her to the airport. Her friends and family were waiting when she and her uncle arrived.*

Past continuous vs. simple past (*while*)

Action in progress

Completed action

*While they were flying, a bird hit the windshield.*

Note: The completed action can begin the sentence.  
*A bird hit the windshield while they were flying.*



**B** Read another student's book report about *Arnie and the Flood*. Complete the sentences using *while* and verbs in the simple past or the past continuous. Then listen and check.

While Arnie was driving (drive) home, it \_\_\_\_\_ (start) to rain very hard. Arnie got to a bridge near his house, and he slowly started to cross it. \_\_\_\_\_ he \_\_\_\_\_ (cross) the bridge, the water suddenly \_\_\_\_\_ (get) higher. It reached his car, and it took his car into the river. Luckily, he got out of the car. A woman \_\_\_\_\_ (see) him \_\_\_\_\_ he \_\_\_\_\_ (try) to swim to land. She helped him to safety.

## 3 Listening

**Students are talking about books. How do they describe them?**  
Check (✓) the correct adjectives.

Book 1

- ☒ interesting  
☐ unusual

Book 2

- ☐ informative  
☐ dull

Book 3

- ☐ delightful  
☐ confusing

Book 4

- ☐ dangerous  
☐ suspenseful

Book 5

- ☐ surprising  
☐ disappointing

# Get Connected

## UNIT 7

### Read



**A** Read the article quickly. Check (✓) the true statements.

- ☐ 1. Some animals help their owners when they are in danger.
- ☐ 2. Dogs and cats are really the only amazing animals.
- ☐ 3. The people rescued the animals and the animals rescued the people.

## Pet Heroes

This story is about two amazing pets, one dog and one cat. Both are heroes. Toby, a two-year-old dog, saved Debbie Parkhurst's life. Debbie was eating an apple when she started to choke. Toby pushed her down to the floor. He jumped up and down on her chest until the apple came out of her throat. Debbie knows that Toby saved her life. She says, "I keep looking at him and saying 'You're amazing.'"

Winnie, a 14-year-old cat, saved her family from dangerous carbon monoxide. While Cathy and Eric Keesling were sleeping, Winnie came to their bed. Winnie meowed loudly and pushed her nose into Cathy's ear until she woke up. Cathy tried to tell her husband and son to leave the house, but they wouldn't wake up. Cathy called 911 for help. They're OK today because Winnie saved their lives!

Both owners rescued Toby and Winnie when they were very young. Years later, both Toby and Winnie saved Debbie and the Keesling family. That's really incredible!



**Go** to page for the Vocabulary Practice

**B** Read the article slowly. Check your answers in Part A.

**C** Are these statements true or false? Write *True* or *False*. Then correct the false statements.

1. Debbie was eating an apple when she started to choke.

True.

2. Toby pushed Debbie down to the floor.

3. While Cathy and Eric were sleeping, Winnie meowed loudly.

4. Cathy's husband and son woke up easily.

5. Toby and Winnie were rescued when they were old.

## We were hiking when . . .

**A** Kathy and Hiro talk about a camping trip. Listen and answer the questions.

1. Why is Max amazing? He saved Hiro's life last summer.
2. What was Hiro's family doing when he decided to go hiking? \_\_\_\_\_
3. Was Hiro climbing the biggest rock when he fell? \_\_\_\_\_
4. Was Max quiet while Hiro was shouting? \_\_\_\_\_
5. When did Hiro's dad find him? \_\_\_\_\_

**B** What do you think? Answer the questions.

1. Do you think pets can be heroes? \_\_\_\_\_
2. Do you think pets are smart? \_\_\_\_\_
3. Do you think it's good to go hiking alone? \_\_\_\_\_
4. Do you think it's important for families to go on vacation together?  
\_\_\_\_\_

# Listen



## Your turn

**A** Think of an amazing story. Answer the questions.

1. Who / What is it about? \_\_\_\_\_
2. When did it happen? \_\_\_\_\_
3. Where did it happen? \_\_\_\_\_
4. What was the amazing thing about it? \_\_\_\_\_
5. How does it end? \_\_\_\_\_

**B** Write about an amazing story. Use the answers in Part A to help you.

*This is an amazing story about . . .*

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

# Write

# Unit 7 Review

## Language chart review

### Past continuous statements

I **was studying** at the library.  
She **wasn't eating** cake at the party.

### Past continuous questions

#### Yes / No questions

**Were** the boys **playing** baseball?  
Yes, they **were**. / No, they **weren't**.

#### Wh- questions

**What** was the baby **doing**?  
She **was playing**.

**A** Daniel's family was very busy yesterday at 4:00 p.m. Complete the sentences with the affirmative or negative past continuous.



1. Daniel wasn't reading a book.
2. Kathy \_\_\_\_\_ cards.
3. Mr. Jones \_\_\_\_\_ TV.
4. Kelly \_\_\_\_\_ TV.
5. Mrs. Jones \_\_\_\_\_ a soda.
6. Max and Liam \_\_\_\_\_ video games.

**B** Look at the picture and information in Part A. Then complete the questions with *Was*, *Were*, *Who*, or *What* and the correct verb forms.

1. Q: Was Mr. Jones listening to music?  
A: No, he **wasn't**.
2. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ was Mrs. Jones \_\_\_\_\_ to on the computer?  
A: She **was talking** to her mother.
3. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ Kathy \_\_\_\_\_ cards with Daniel?  
A: No, she **wasn't**.
4. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ Kelly \_\_\_\_\_?  
A: Yes, she **was**.
5. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ was Daniel \_\_\_\_\_?  
A: He **was doing** his homework on his computer.
6. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ Max and Liam \_\_\_\_\_ TV?  
A: No. They **were playing** video games.

# Language chart review

## Past continuous vs. Simple past (when)

I was reading a book **when** the phone rang.  
When he **came** home, I **was** sleeping.

## Past continuous vs. simple past (while)

She **listened** to music **while** she **was** doing chores.  
**While** I **was** walking in the park, I **met** an old friend.

**C** Look at the pictures. Then write sentences with the past continuous + **when** and the simple past.



1. Kelly / sleep / the dog jump on her

Kelly was sleeping when the dog jumped on her.



2. Daniel / do homework / his phone ring



3. Kathy / play cards / get hungry



4. Mrs. Jones / talk on the computer / the power go out

Rewrite the sentences in Part C with **while**. Then circle the action in progress and underline the completed action in each sentence.

- While Kelly was sleeping, the dog jumped on her.
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_

## Take another look!

Circle the correct answer.

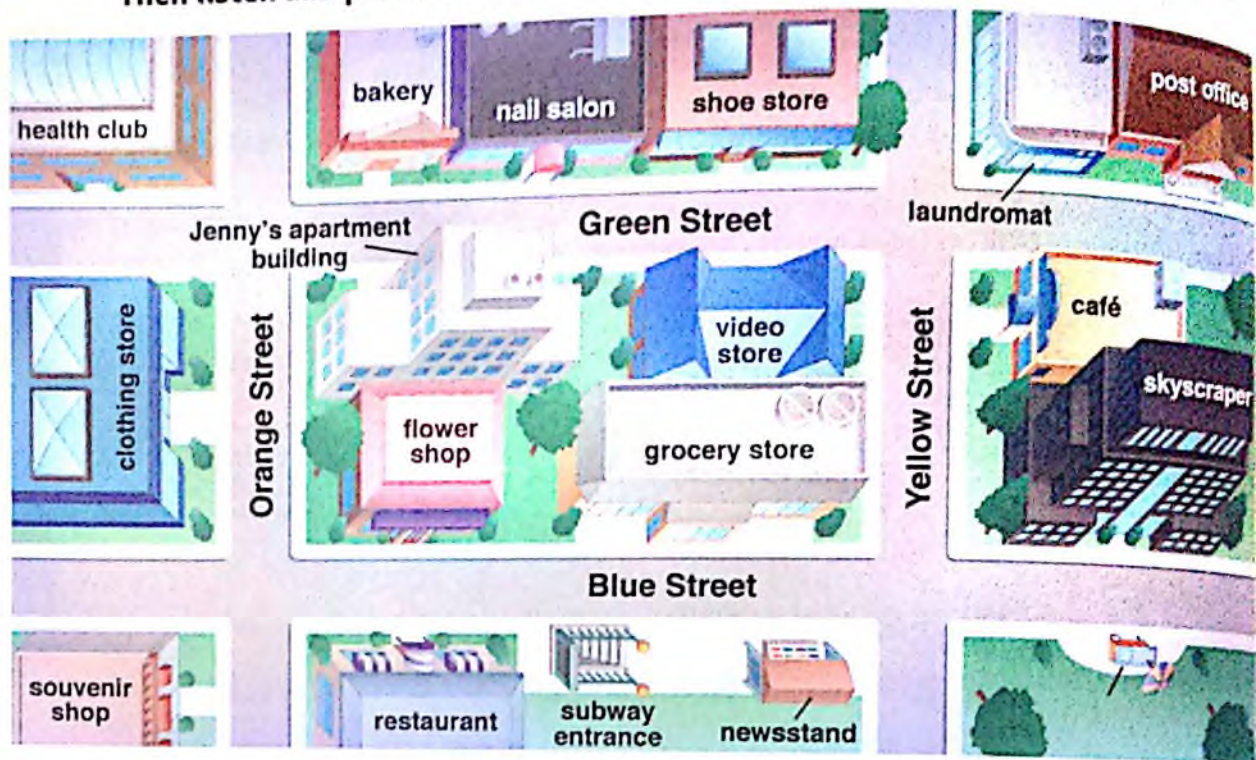
- In past continuous sentences with **when**, the action in progress goes \_\_\_\_\_ the completed action of the sentence.  
a. only before   b. only after   c. before or after
- Verb forms that refer to actions in progress end in \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. -ing   b. -ed   c. -s

**Go** to page 132  
for the  
Theme Project

# How do I get there?

## 1 Word power

**A** Look at the map. Complete each sentence with the correct place. Then listen and practice.



1. The grocery store is across from the newsstand.
2. The \_\_\_\_\_ is next to the post office.
3. The \_\_\_\_\_ is across from Jenny's apartment building.
4. The \_\_\_\_\_ is between the shoe store and the bakery.
5. The \_\_\_\_\_ is between the restaurant and the newsstand.
6. The \_\_\_\_\_ is next to the apartment building.
7. The street vendor is across from the \_\_\_\_\_.
8. The \_\_\_\_\_ is on Orange Street, between Blue and Green Streets.
9. The \_\_\_\_\_ is behind the apartment building.
10. The souvenir shop is across from the \_\_\_\_\_.

**B** Think of a place in Part A. Can your classmate guess the place?

**You** It's across from the grocery store.

**Classmate** Is it the newsstand?

**You** No, it's not.

**Classmate** Is it the subway entrance?

**You** Yes, it is.

## 2 Language focus

**A** Jenny lives in the neighborhood in Exercise 1A. Amy calls Jenny to get directions. Listen and practice.

Amy Hi, Jenny. I just got off the subway. How do I get to your apartment?

Jenny Where are you exactly?

Amy I'm on Blue Street, in front of a newsstand.

Jenny OK. Cross the street and turn left. Go straight ahead to the first intersection. There's a flower shop on the corner, on your right.

Amy Uh-huh.

Jenny Turn right on Orange Street, and go straight ahead.

Amy Yeah.

Jenny My apartment building is on the next corner, on your right. To get to the entrance, turn right. It's across from the bakery. Got it?

Amy I think so. I can call you again if I get lost.

### Directions

Turn right on Orange Street.  
Turn left at the first corner.  
Go straight ahead.  
Go past the subway entrance.  
Cross the street.

### Locations

It's on the corner.  
It's on the left / on your left.  
It's on the right / on your right.  
It's across from the bakery.



**B** Complete the directions from Jenny's apartment to the following places. Use the map in Exercise 1A. Then listen and check.

1. **street vendor:** Go outside and turn right. Go to the first corner and                      the street. Turn                     . Go                      the café to the first intersection.                      the street and                      left. It's                      from the skyscraper.

2. **souvenir shop:** Go outside and turn left. At the first corner, turn                      again. Then go straight to the intersection and                      the street. There's a restaurant on the                     . The souvenir shop is across from the restaurant.

## 3 Listening

**A** Listen. Jenny is giving Amy directions from her apartment. Where does Amy want to go? Look at the map in Exercise 1A. Then check (✓) the correct places.

- |   |   |                                      |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| 1. <input type="checkbox"/> video store     | <input type="checkbox"/> laundromat     | <input type="checkbox"/> health club |
| 2. <input type="checkbox"/> flower shop     | <input type="checkbox"/> grocery store  | <input type="checkbox"/> post office |
| 3. <input type="checkbox"/> bakery          | <input type="checkbox"/> clothing store | <input type="checkbox"/> restaurant  |
| 4. <input type="checkbox"/> subway entrance | <input type="checkbox"/> laundromat     | <input type="checkbox"/> café        |

**B** Give a classmate directions to one of the places Amy didn't go to in Part A. Your classmate says the place.

Go outside and cross Green Street. Then cross Orange Street. It's on the corner.

It's the health club.

Yes.

## 1 Language focus

**A** Amy is telling Luigi about her visit with Jenny. Listen and practice.

**Luigi** Did you have fun with Jenny?

**Amy** Yeah! We had a great time, especially on Sunday. There was a street fair in her neighborhood.

**Luigi** What was the fair like? Were there a lot of people? Was there any good food?

**Amy** It was crowded, but it was fun. The food was *great*! I had grilled chicken and potato salad.

**Luigi** Was there a raffle?

**Amy** No. There wasn't a raffle. There weren't any rides, either, but there were some cool things for sale. I bought a necklace and a tie-dyed T-shirt.

*There was a / There were some*

*There wasn't any / There weren't any*

There was a street fair.

There were some cool things for sale.

There wasn't a raffle.

There wasn't any ice cream.

There weren't any rides.

*Was there a / Were there any...?*

Was there a raffle?

Yes, there was. / No, there wasn't.

Was there any good food?

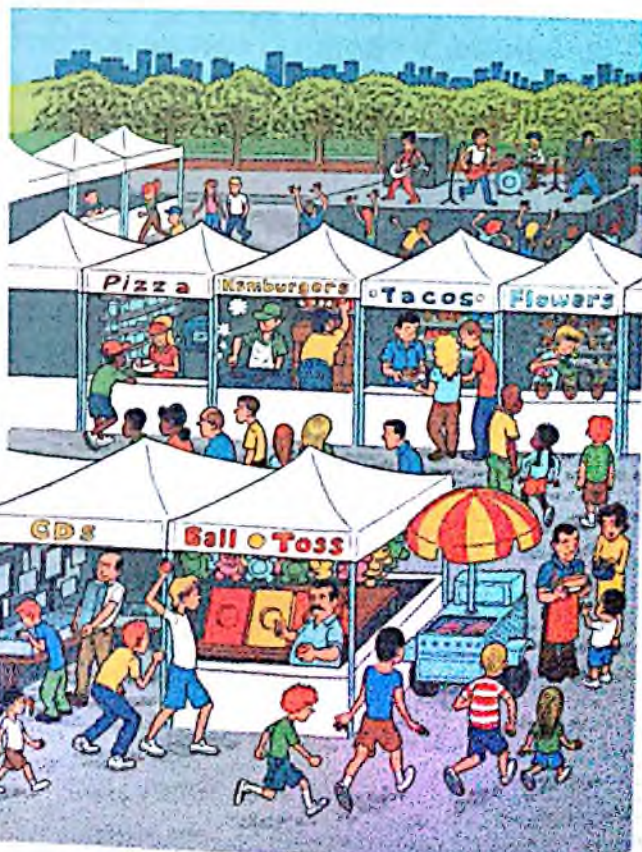
Yes, there was. / No, there wasn't.

Were there any rides?

Yes, there were. / No, there weren't.

**B** Complete the sentences about the fair. Then listen and check.

1. There wasn't any jewelry.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ street vendors.
3. \_\_\_\_\_ skateboarders.
4. \_\_\_\_\_ drawings.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ artist.
6. \_\_\_\_\_ sports equipment.
7. \_\_\_\_\_ band.
8. \_\_\_\_\_ children's clothes.
9. \_\_\_\_\_ newsstand.



**C** What were the questions, and look again at the picture on page 102 to answer them. Then listen and check.

1. (a hot-dog stand) Q: Was there a hot-dog stand? A: Yes, there was.
2. (rides) Q: \_\_\_\_\_ A: \_\_\_\_\_
3. (music) Q: \_\_\_\_\_ A: \_\_\_\_\_
4. (books for sale) Q: \_\_\_\_\_ A: \_\_\_\_\_
5. (dogs) Q: \_\_\_\_\_ A: \_\_\_\_\_
6. (a police officer) Q: \_\_\_\_\_ A: \_\_\_\_\_
7. (flowers) Q: \_\_\_\_\_ A: \_\_\_\_\_

## 2 Pronunciation Stress

**A** Listen. Notice how *was* and *wasn't* are generally unstressed in questions and affirmative statements but stressed in short answers. Then listen again and practice.

Unstressed	Stressed
Q: Was there a street fair yesterday?	A: Yes, there <b>was</b> .
Q: Was there any country music?	A: No, there <b>wasn't</b> .
There was a great band.	
There was a table with clothes for sale.	

**B** Practice the questions and answers in Exercise 1C in pairs. Focus on the stress.

## 3 Speaking

**A** Complete the survey questions with *Was there* or *Were there*.

**B** Complete the survey for yourself. Then ask a classmate the questions.

Event survey		You		Classmate	
		Yes	No	Yes	No
1.	<u>Was there</u> any good food?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
2.	_____ any music?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
3.	_____ any cool things to buy?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
4.	_____ any games?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
5.	_____ any rides?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
6.	_____ a lot of people?	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

**C** Tell the class about your classmate's event in Part B.

Tim went to a carnival last summer. There were great rides! There weren't any ...

## 1 Language check

**A** Complete the sentences with *a, an, any, or some*.

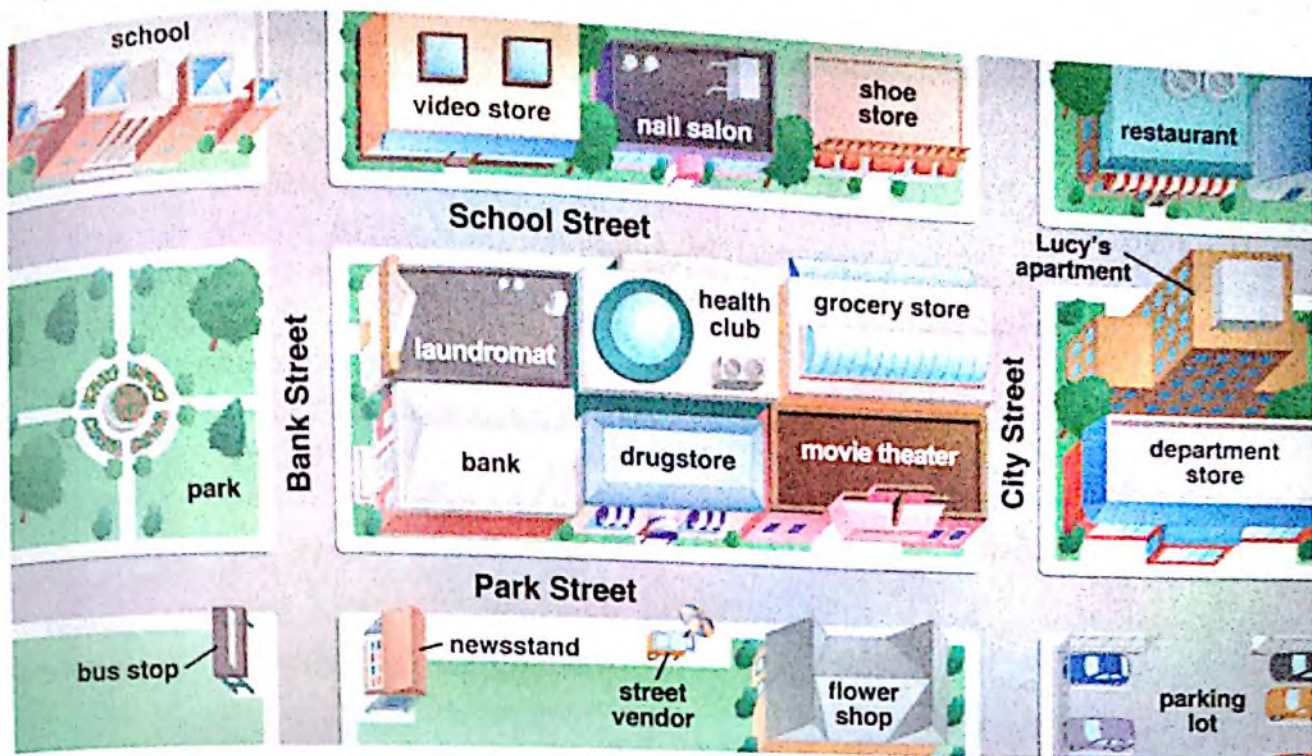
1. There wasn't any pizza at the fair.
2. There were \_\_\_\_\_ good singers at the concert.
3. There were \_\_\_\_\_ potato chips at the hot-dog stand.
4. There wasn't \_\_\_\_\_ artist at the street fair.
5. There weren't \_\_\_\_\_ jeans in the store.
6. There was \_\_\_\_\_ band at my school last week.
7. There wasn't \_\_\_\_\_ ice cream at the party.
8. There was \_\_\_\_\_ raffle at the school festival.

**B** Look at the picture. Then complete the questions and write the answers about the amusement park.



1. Q: Were there any roller coasters? A: Yes, there were.
2. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ ice cream? A: \_\_\_\_\_
3. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ concert? A: \_\_\_\_\_
4. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ hot-dog stands? A: \_\_\_\_\_
5. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ dogs? A: \_\_\_\_\_
6. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ police officer? A: \_\_\_\_\_
7. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ lot of people? A: \_\_\_\_\_
8. Q: \_\_\_\_\_ fun house? A: \_\_\_\_\_

**C** Lucy is having a party. Her friends are calling to get directions to her house. Complete the conversations.



1. **Marta** Hi, Lucy? It's Marta. I'm lost.

**Lucy** Where are you?

**Marta** I'm on Bank Street. I'm in front of the laundromat and across from the park. I'm looking at the park.

**Lucy** Oh, you're close. Walk to the \_\_\_\_\_ of Bank and School Streets. Then \_\_\_\_\_ on School Street. \_\_\_\_\_ the health club. After the health club, there's a grocery store on the corner. \_\_\_\_\_ City Street and \_\_\_\_\_. My apartment entrance is on your \_\_\_\_\_.

2. **Jake** Hi, Lucy? It's Jake. How do I get to your apartment?

**Lucy** Hi, Jake. Where are you?

**Jake** I'm \_\_\_\_\_ of Park Street and Bank Street in front of the bus stop. I'm looking at the newsstand.

**Lucy** OK. Cross Bank Street and \_\_\_\_\_ on Park Street. \_\_\_\_\_ to the next intersection. \_\_\_\_\_ City Street and turn left. \_\_\_\_\_ Park Street and \_\_\_\_\_ to School Street. \_\_\_\_\_, and you'll see my apartment on your \_\_\_\_\_. It's \_\_\_\_\_ the restaurant.

## 2 Listening

**Five friends came to Lucy's house early to help. She sent them to buy things for the party. Listen and follow her directions on the map in Exercise 1C. Where did each friend go? Number the places.**

- |   |  |                                      |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> flower shop              | <input type="checkbox"/> grocery store | <input type="checkbox"/> video store |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> street vendor | <input type="checkbox"/> drugstore     |                                      |

**Go** to page 121 for the Game.

# Things to do

## 1 Word power

**A** Read about the events in New York City. Complete the suggestions with the correct sentences in the box. Then listen and practice.

- |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Go people-watching. | <input type="checkbox"/> Take a helicopter ride.   | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Try public transportation. |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Go window-shopping. | <input type="checkbox"/> Try an ethnic restaurant. | <input type="checkbox"/> Visit a famous landmark.              |

### Six things to do in

## New York City



1. Try public transportation.  
Take a subway and then a ferry to Staten Island.  
Enjoy a great view of the Statue of Liberty.



2. Go to Queens. \_\_\_\_\_  
Eat dishes from India, Greece, or Colombia.

3. \_\_\_\_\_  
This is the most expensive way to see the city, but the view from the sky is amazing.

4. \_\_\_\_\_  
The Empire State Building is one of the most popular sights in the city.



5. \_\_\_\_\_  
Everyone visits Times Square. There are always lots of people, and it's never dull.

6. See the latest fashions on Fifth Avenue. No money?  
No problem. \_\_\_\_\_  
You don't have to buy – you can just look!



**B** Which three things would you most like to do in New York City? Why? Tell a classmate.

I'd like to go to Queens. I'd like to try an ethnic restaurant. I'd also like to ...

## 2 Language focus

**A** Lisa is visiting her friend Kate in New York. Listen and practice.

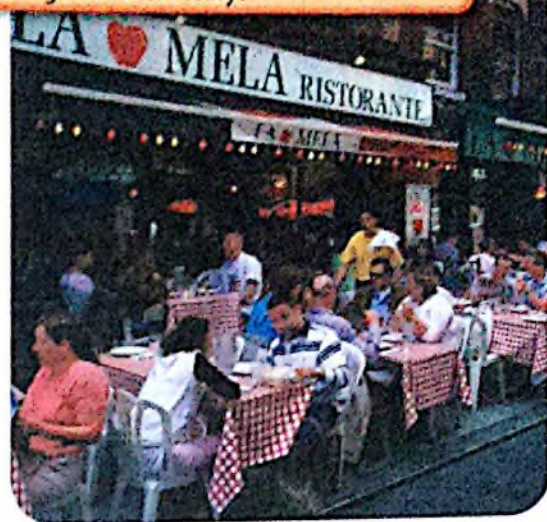
- Kate** Are there any special things you want to do in New York?
- Lisa** Yes. I want to see the Statue of Liberty. Why don't we take the Staten Island Ferry?
- Kate** OK. That's a fun thing to do. Then let's try an ethnic restaurant. You know, public transportation here is great. We could take the subway to Chinatown.
- Lisa** Actually, I'd rather go to Little Italy. I really want some pizza.
- Kate** Oh, you *always* want pizza.
- Lisa** Well, I'm not going to change just because I'm in New York!

**Why don't we / We could for suggestions**

Why don't we take the ferry?  
We could take the subway.

**I'd rather for preferences**

I'd rather go to Little Italy.



**B** Complete Kate's suggestions and Lisa's preferences. Then listen and check.

- Kate** (take a ferry) We could take a ferry.
- Lisa** (take a helicopter ride) I'd rather take a helicopter ride.
- Kate** (take the subway) Why \_\_\_\_\_?
- Lisa** (walk) \_\_\_\_\_.
- Kate** (go to a museum) We \_\_\_\_\_.
- Lisa** (see a play) \_\_\_\_\_?
- Kate** (go window-shopping) Why \_\_\_\_\_?
- Lisa** (go people-watching) \_\_\_\_\_.
- Kate** (try an Indian restaurant) We \_\_\_\_\_.
- Lisa** (try Greek food) \_\_\_\_\_.

## 3 Speaking

Imagine your classmate is a visitor to your city or town. Write names of places to go. Then make suggestions to a classmate.

- |                               |                     |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. a store _____              | 4. a museum _____   |
| 2. an ethnic restaurant _____ | 5. a landmark _____ |
| 3. a good view _____          | 6. a park _____     |

Why don't we go to Haru Sushi?

I'd rather go to a concert at the high school.

## We didn't go . . .

## 1 Language focus

- A** Martin is on a class trip to Boston. Read his e-mail to his friend Larry. Then listen and practice.

Tuesday, May 16

Hi, Larry!

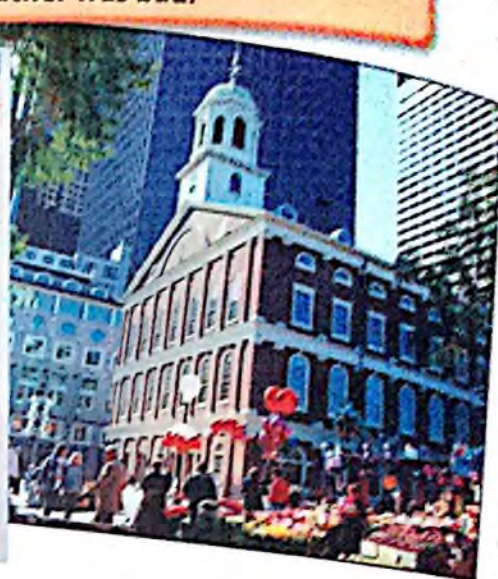
We're having a great time, and we're seeing all the sights. We visited two famous landmarks – Paul Revere's House and the John F. Kennedy National Historic Site. Yesterday we went to Faneuil Hall Marketplace because we wanted to shop. It was great! I bought lots of souvenirs. Today, we went to Boston Common – a big park. We didn't stay long because the weather was bad. We're going to go again tomorrow. See you soon.

Martin

## Clauses with because

We went to Faneuil Hall Marketplace because we wanted to shop.

We didn't stay long because the weather was bad.



- B** What else did Martin do or not do on Tuesday? Why or why not? Complete the sentences with *because* + the reasons in the box. Then listen and check.

☐ he couldn't get tickets

☐ he wanted to see a special exhibit

☒ it rained

☐ he wanted Chinese food

☐ he wanted to shop

☐ public transportation was faster



1. He didn't take a walking tour because it rained.



2. He went to Chinatown \_\_\_\_\_.



3. He didn't see a baseball game \_\_\_\_\_.



4. He didn't take taxis \_\_\_\_\_.



5. He went to the museum \_\_\_\_\_.



6. He went to the stores on Newbury Street \_\_\_\_\_.

**C** Martin and his group went back to their hotel on Tuesday night. Complete the sentences with the simple past. Use the negative when necessary. Then listen and check.

1. Martin and his friends walked (walk) back to their hotel because there were no taxis.
2. The kids didn't take (take) a walk after dinner because it was raining.
3. The kids \_\_\_\_\_ (eat) dinner in a fast-food restaurant near the hotel because it was cheap.
4. Val and Ollie \_\_\_\_\_ (get) stamps because the hotel shop was closed.
5. Steve \_\_\_\_\_ (call) home because he promised to call his parents every day.
6. Penny \_\_\_\_\_ (buy) the T-shirt because it was too expensive.
7. Greg \_\_\_\_\_ (write) postcards because he forgot.
8. Bailey \_\_\_\_\_ (write) in her diary because she didn't want to forget about her trip.
9. Martin \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) the news on TV because he wanted to know about the weather for the next day.
10. The kids \_\_\_\_\_ (go) to bed early because they had to wake up at 6:00 a.m.

## 2 Listening

**C** Martin met a new friend, Carla, in the lobby of his hotel. Did Carla do the things in the chart? Listen and check (✓) the things she did.

1. ☐ She went to Boston Common.
2. ☐ She walked the Freedom Trail.
3. ☐ She went to a science museum.
4. ☐ She went to a classical concert.
5. ☐ She went to a rock concert.



## 3 Speaking

**A** Look at the chart. Check (✓) the things you *didn't* do last weekend. Then write three more things you *didn't* do.

- |  |                                      |   |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> call a friend | <input type="checkbox"/> do homework | <input type="checkbox"/> go to the beach  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> clean my room | <input type="checkbox"/> go shopping | <input type="checkbox"/> go to the movies |

**B** Now tell the class about the things you *didn't* do. Give reasons.

I didn't go to the movies because there weren't any new ones.

# Get Connected

## UNIT 8

### Read



**A** Read the article quickly. Answer the question.

What's a famous landmark you can see? \_\_\_\_\_

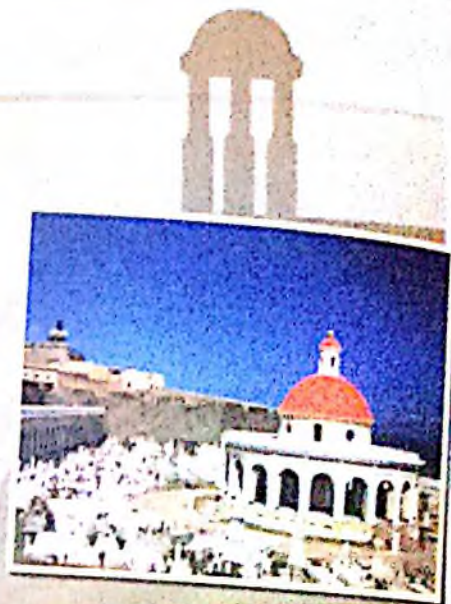
## Old San Juan

A walking tour of Old San Juan is the best way to see the beautiful, **historic** houses, museums, and shops. The streets can get crowded, but you can stop and rest at one of the delightful outdoor cafés.

First, go to the Plaza Colón. There is a famous landmark in the **plaza** – a statue of Christopher Columbus. He came to America in 1492.

Walk past the beautiful Tapia Theater to the **harbor**. Visitors can enjoy drama and dance at the theater. At the harbor, you can see giant **cruise ships**. There's a beautiful, old post office near the harbor. In front of the post office, there's a small **tourist information office**. You can get maps and other information there.

And don't forget to see the **forts** in San Juan, including La Fortaleza, a famous fort built in 1553. It's a **national historic site**. Do you want to see skyscrapers, too? Then you have to leave Old San Juan. Read on . . .




**Go** to page 122 for the Vocabulary Practice.

**B** Read the article slowly. Check your answer in Part A.

**C** Answer the questions.

1. Where's the statue of Christopher Columbus? It's in the Plaza Colón.
2. Where can visitors enjoy drama and dance? \_\_\_\_\_
3. What's in front of the post office? \_\_\_\_\_
4. What can you get there? \_\_\_\_\_
5. What's the name of a very famous fort? \_\_\_\_\_

# Why don't you go there!

**A**  Julie and Andreas talk about San Diego. Listen and write True or False. Then correct the false statements.

1. Julie went to San Diego two summers ago. False
2. Everyone in Andreas's family likes to do the same things. \_\_\_\_\_
3. Julie doesn't like shopping. \_\_\_\_\_
4. There are 13 museums near the park. \_\_\_\_\_
5. Andreas thinks the most interesting place in San Diego is the zoo. \_\_\_\_\_

## Listen



**B** What do you think? Write *I agree* or *I disagree*. Give reasons.

1. It's a good idea to try new things. \_\_\_\_\_
2. It's important to travel to learn about different cultures. \_\_\_\_\_
3. Visiting museums is an interesting way to learn about a country's culture. \_\_\_\_\_
4. Shopping isn't good to do on a vacation. \_\_\_\_\_

## Your turn

**A** Write a suggestion for a place to go on vacation. Then write four suggestions of things you can do there. Use *Why don't you* or *You could*.

Why don't you go to \_\_\_\_\_ (place)

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_

**B** Write an e-mail to your friend about a place to go on vacation. Use the answers in Part A to help you.

●
●
●

Hi, \_\_\_\_\_! I have a great suggestion for a place to go on vacation. Why don't you go to ...

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

## Write

## Language chart review

## Directions

Turn left at the second corner.  
Go past the grocery store.

## Locations

The flower shop is on the corner.  
The bakery is on the left / on your left.

## Clauses with because

We went to the bakery because we wanted to buy some bread.  
I didn't buy the dress because it was too expensive.

**A** Stacy is asking her grandmother how to get to different places in town. Look at the map. Then circle the correct phrases to complete the conversations.



- Stacy** How do I get to the flower shop?  
**Grandmother** (Go past / Keep going) the bakery. Cross Center Street.  
 (Turn right / Turn left) and cross Park Street.  
 It's (across the street / on your right).
- Stacy** How do I get to the restaurant?  
**Grandmother** (Go straight on / Cross) Park Street. Cross Center Street. It's  
 (on the right / on the left), across from the parking lot.
- Stacy** How do I get to the post office?  
**Grandmother** (Cross / Go straight on) Park Street. Cross Center Street. Then  
 (turn left / turn right). The entrance is (on your left / on your right).

**B** Write sentences about Stacy. Use the simple past and because.

- go / flower shop / want to buy flowers

Stacy went to the flower shop because she wanted to buy flowers.

- go / bakery / be hungry

- go / post office / want to send some letters

- not go / restaurant / be closed

- not go / park / be cold

# Language chart review

## Why don't we / We could for suggestions

Why don't we go to the movies?  
We could go to the movies.

## Was there a / Were there any ... ?

Were there any good restaurants?  
Yes, there were. / No, there weren't.

## I'd rather for preferences

I'd rather go to a museum.

## There was a / There were some / There wasn't any / There weren't any

There was an Italian restaurant. / There weren't any cafés.

**C** Stacy's grandmother is making suggestions, and Stacy is expressing preferences. Complete the conversations with the verb phrases in the box.

- ☒ eat Chinese food / Mexican food  
☐ take the subway / ferry   ☐ try the cake / ice cream

1. Grandmother Why don't we eat Chinese food? OR We could eat Chinese food.

Stacy I don't like Chinese food. I'd rather eat Mexican food.

2. Grandmother \_\_\_\_\_

Stacy I don't like the subway. \_\_\_\_\_

3. Grandmother \_\_\_\_\_

Stacy It's too sweet. \_\_\_\_\_

**D** Complete Stacy's e-mail to her friend. Use *there was*, *there were*, *there wasn't*, *there weren't*, and *were there*.

Hi, Kira,

I'm having a wonderful time visiting my grandmother. We visited a small town yesterday. There were a lot of fun things to do there. There were great clothing stores. I didn't buy any jewelry, because \_\_\_\_\_ any interesting jewelry stores. \_\_\_\_\_ a cheap music store, so I didn't buy any new CDs. \_\_\_\_\_ any good restaurants? Yes, \_\_\_\_\_. My grandmother and I ate at a cool Mexican place. I tried some delicious cookies, too. \_\_\_\_\_ an awesome bakery in town.

Stacy

## Take another look!

1. Which sentence is a suggestion? Circle the correct answer.

- a. We'd rather eat pizza.   b. We shouldn't eat pizza.   c. We could eat pizza.

2. Write the suggestion in number 1 another way.

**Go** to page 133  
for the  
Theme Project.

# Unit 1

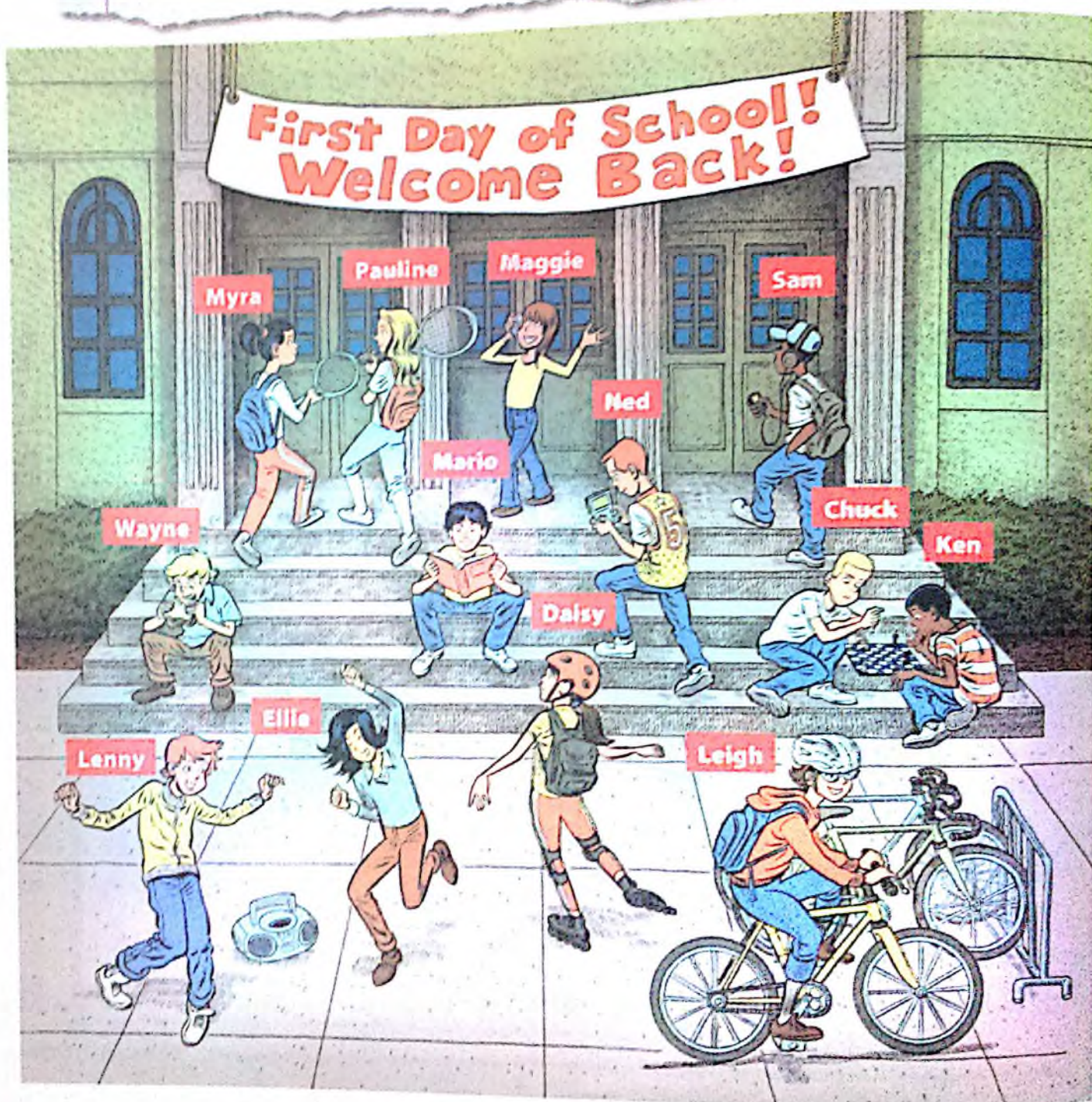
# Game Memory game

Look at the picture for two minutes. Then write six more questions about the picture on a separate piece of paper. Close your book. Take turns asking a classmate your questions. Who remembers the most?

What are Lenny and Ellie doing?

Who plays tennis?

What color is Chuck's T-shirt?



# Unit 2

## Game My trip to France

Play the game with a classmate. Use things in your bag as game markers.  
Use a coin to find out how many spaces to move. Heads = 1, Tails = 2.

Rules:

- Take turns. Flip a coin and move your marker to the correct space.
- Look at the picture. Make sentences about what you did on your trip using the verb phrases in the box.

**Classmate 1** *I flew to Paris.*

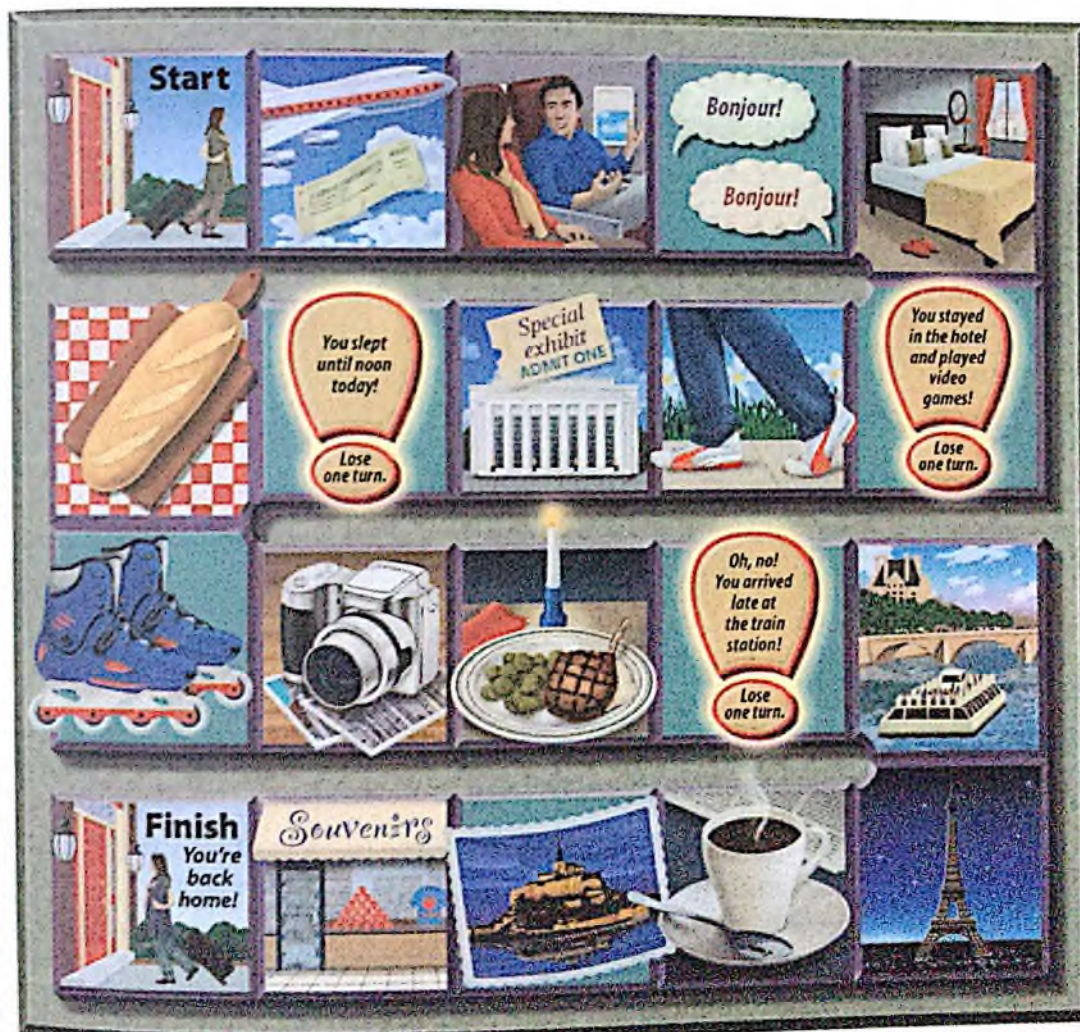
**Classmate 2** *That's correct!*

► No mistakes? Stay on that space.

◄ Mistakes? Move back one space.

- The person who gets to FINISH first, wins.

- |   |   |  |
|---|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> drink French coffee            | <input type="checkbox"/> rent inline skates   | <input type="checkbox"/> take many pictures              |
| <input type="checkbox"/> eat French bread               | <input type="checkbox"/> see the Eiffel Tower | <input type="checkbox"/> try French food in a restaurant |
| <input type="checkbox"/> fly to Paris                   | <input type="checkbox"/> shop for souvenirs   | <input type="checkbox"/> visit the museum                |
| <input type="checkbox"/> make some friends on the plane | <input type="checkbox"/> sleep in a hotel     | <input type="checkbox"/> walk around the city            |
| <input type="checkbox"/> practice French                | <input type="checkbox"/> take a boat ride     | <input type="checkbox"/> write postcards                 |



# Unit 3

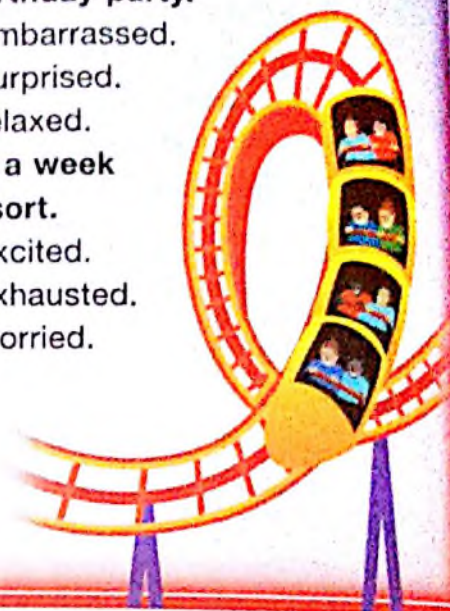
# Game How would you feel?

**A** Imagine you do each thing below. How would you feel?  
Circle the answers so they are true for you.



1. You spend ten hours at a theme park.
  - a. You're exhausted.
  - b. You're glad.
  - c. You're frustrated.
2. You go on a city tour of New York City.
  - a. You're relaxed.
  - b. You're worried.
  - c. You're excited.
3. You go to a summer camp for a month.
  - a. You're homesick.
  - b. You're worried.
  - c. You're glad.

4. Your friends give you a surprise birthday party.
  - a. You're embarrassed.
  - b. You're surprised.
  - c. You're relaxed.
5. You spend a week at a ski resort.
  - a. You're excited.
  - b. You're exhausted.
  - c. You're worried.



**B** Circle the points below for your answers in Part A.

Question	Answer a	Answer b	Answer c
1	2 points	3 points	1 point
2	2 points	1 point	3 points
3	2 points	1 point	3 points
4	1 point	3 points	2 points
5	3 points	2 points	1 point

Add the points for your answers: \_\_\_\_ How much fun do you have?

- |                |  |
|----------------|--|
| 11 – 15 points | You have a lot of fun. You enjoy everything. |
| 6 – 10 points  | You have fun, but sometimes you worry.       |
| 1 – 5 points   | You have a little fun, but you worry a lot.  |

**C** Work with a classmate. Compare your answers in Part A.

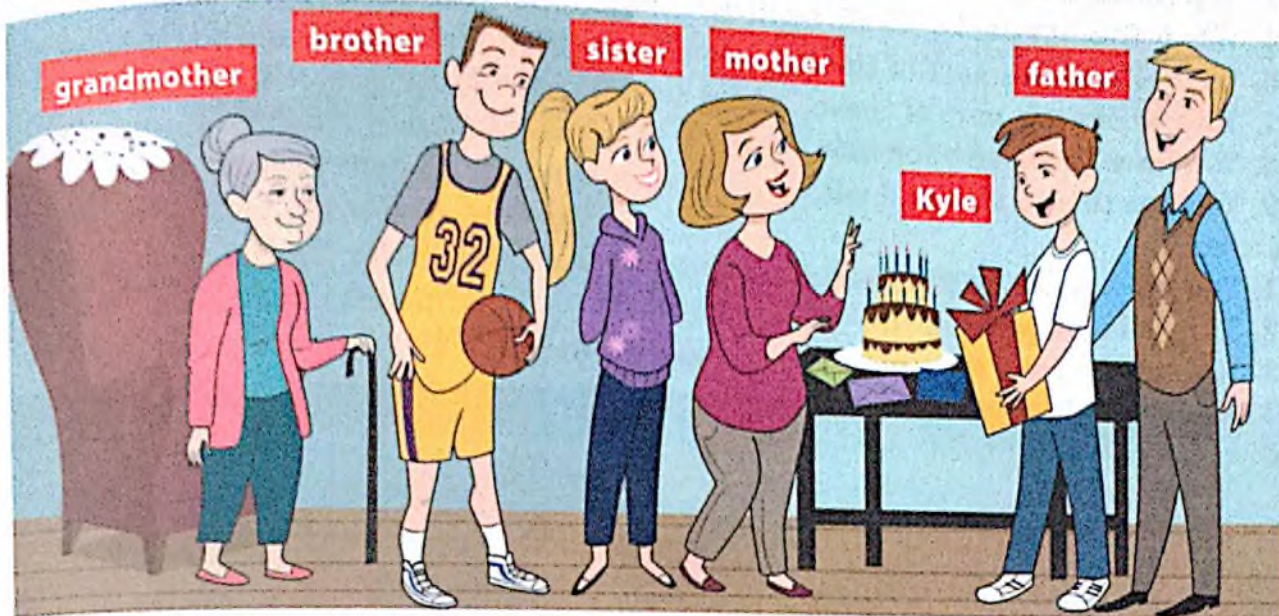
You You spend ten hours at a theme park. You're ...  
Classmate ... Well, I'm exhausted. And you?  
You I'm glad.

**D** Walk around the classroom. How many people have the same score as you? \_\_\_\_

# Unit 4

## Game Comparison race

Kyle and Lydia have the same birthday, but their families are different. How? Work with a classmate. Write seven more sentences comparing people. The pair that finishes first is the winner.



Kyle's father is taller than Lydia's father.

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_
6. \_\_\_\_\_
7. \_\_\_\_\_

thin      relaxed  
athletic      active  
short      old  
tall

# Unit 5

# Game Crossword puzzle

Read the clues and write your answers in the puzzle.

## Across

1. Try warm chicken soup when you have this.
4. When you have this, it's difficult to talk.
6. Your elbows are part of these.
7. Your knees are part of these.
8. You have these on your feet.
9. You use this to talk and eat.

## Down

1. You have these on your hands.
2. This is below your head.
3. When they have this, many people use eardrops.
5. Many people take aspirin when they have this.
8. You have one of these on each hand.



# Unit 6

## Game Big plans

Play the game with a classmate. Use things in your bag as game markers.  
Use a coin to find out how many spaces to move. Heads = 1, Tails = 2.

Rules:

- Take turns. Flip a coin and move your marker to the correct space.
- Answer the question or follow the directions.  
Classmate 1 *I'm going to walk my dog after school.*  
Classmate 2 *That's a mistake! It's "I'm going to." Move back 1 space.*
  - ▶ No mistakes? Stay on that space.
  - ◀ Mistakes? Move back one space.
- On a "free space," ask a classmate any question. Keep your marker on that space until your next turn.
- The person who gets to FINISH first, wins.

**START**

What are you going to do after school?

Are you going to buy anything this weekend?  
If yes, what?

Who are you going to eat dinner with tonight?



Ask a classmate about his or her plans for tonight.

Ask a classmate what time he or she is going to bed tonight.

**Free Space**

Ask a classmate a question.

When are you going to do today's homework?

Are you going to do yard work this year?



**Free Space**

Ask a classmate a question.

Where are you going to do your homework?

How many hours are you going to watch TV tonight?

Are you going to see any movies this month?  
If yes, name them.

Are you going to have a test this week?  
If yes, in what class?

Ask a classmate if he or she is going to study tonight.

**FINISH**

Are you going to go to a party or a special event next month?  
If yes, what?

Is your school going to have a fund-raiser this year?  
If so, when?

Are you going to clean your room this week?

Ask a classmate if his or her mother or father is going to do any chores this weekend.

# Unit 7

## Game What was happening ...?

Play with a classmate.

**Classmate 1** Look at Picture 1 for one minute. What was everyone doing when the rain started? Close your book and write as many things as you can remember in two minutes.

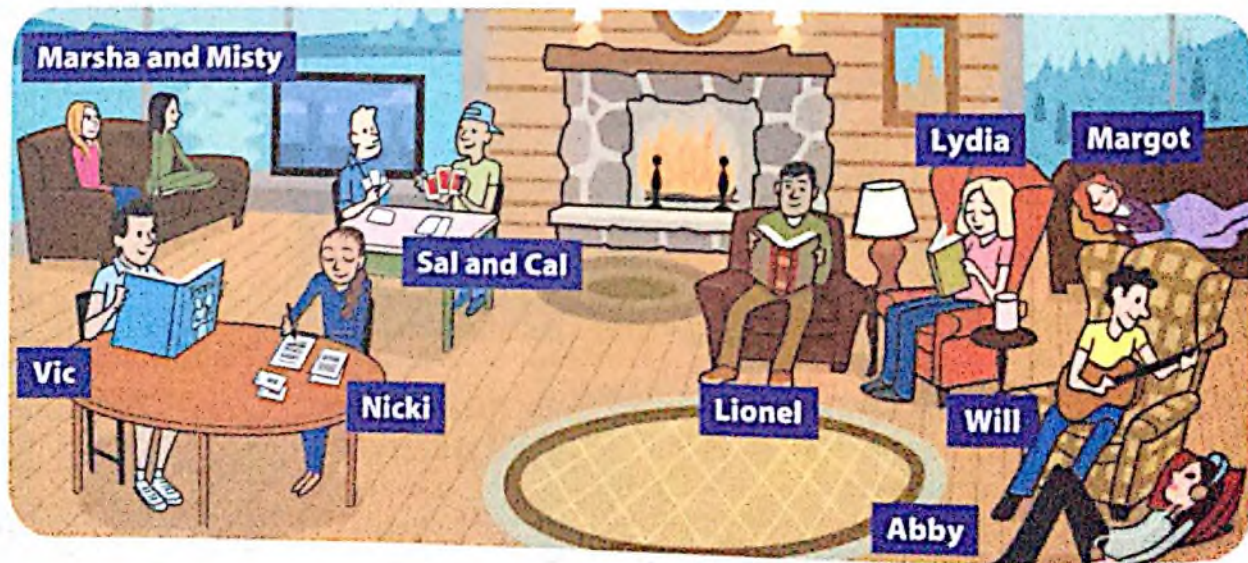
**Classmate 2** Look at Picture 2 for one minute. What was everyone doing when the rain stopped? Close your book and write as many things as you can remember in two minutes.

Tell your classmate what you wrote. Check each other's information.  
Who remembered the most?

**Picture 1: When the rain started**



**Picture 2: When the rain stopped**



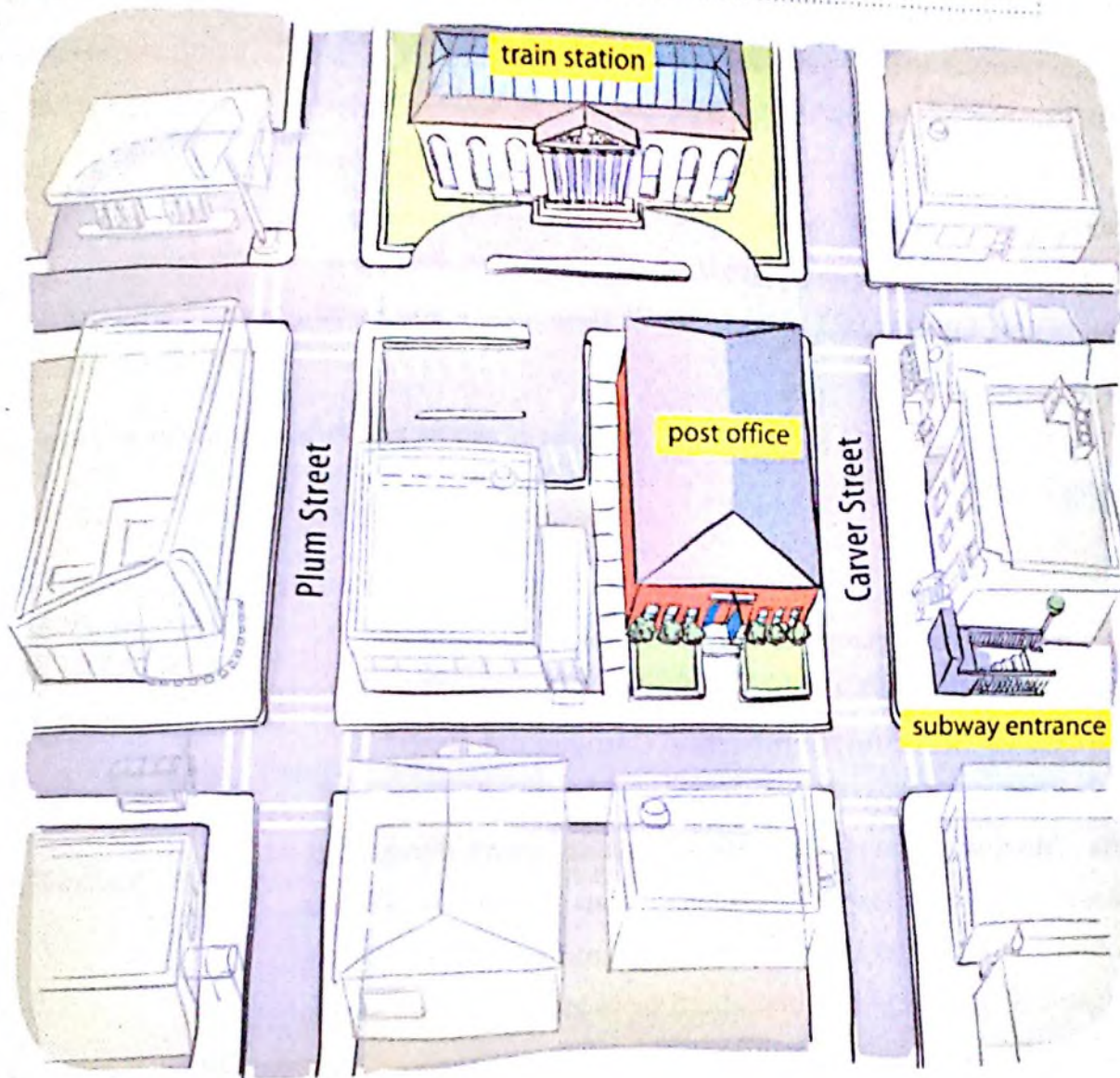
Nicki was water-skiing when the rain started.

Yes. One point!

## Game What's missing?

**A** Look at the map of the town center. It's almost empty now, but it wasn't ten years ago. Imagine what was in the town center. Label six buildings with words from the box.

supermarket	restaurant	flower shop	gas station	skating rink
apartment building	movie theater	drugstore	shoe store	department store



**B** Work with a classmate.

**Classmate 1** Guess what places are on Classmate 2's map. Ask *Was there* and *Were there* questions.

**Classmate 2** Guess what places are on Classmate 1's map. Ask *Was there* and *Were there* questions.

Was there a restaurant?

Yes, there was.

Were there any flower shops?

No, there weren't.

Who can identify all of the places with the fewest guesses?

# Get Connected Vocabulary Practice

## Unit 1

The underlined words belong in other sentences. Write the words where they belong.

1. It's difficult to waters (n.) a sailboat in bad weather. navigate
2. My science teacher makes overcoming fear (v. phrase) fun to learn. \_\_\_\_\_
3. My little brother hates dogs. He's row (n.) them. \_\_\_\_\_
4. Would you like to try an afraid of (adj.)? They're delicious! \_\_\_\_\_
5. Let's take a boat trip on the city's ecology (n.). \_\_\_\_\_
6. Navigate (v.) of the water is difficult for some people learning to swim. \_\_\_\_\_
7. My friends and I oyster (n.) a boat on the river every weekend. \_\_\_\_\_

## Unit 2

Circle the correct words to complete the sentences.

1. Some people work hard to save (amazing / endangered) species in Africa.
2. That's a (giant / beautiful) hamburger! Can you eat it all?
3. Giant (persons / tortoises) can live over 200 years.
4. (Islands / Marine iguanas) eat vegetables and aren't dangerous at all.
5. Before we (flew / snorkeled) in the water, we took a few lessons.
6. A (sea lion / Galapagos) lives in the water and eats a lot of fish.
7. The (scientist / scenery) on this island is so beautiful and green!

## Unit 3

Match the words to the meanings.

- |                         |                                     |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. skills (n.) <u>g</u> | a. stopped                          |
| 2. modern (adj.) _____  | b. trip                             |
| 3. miles (n.) _____     | c. frightening                      |
| 4. ended (v.) _____     | d. one of these is 1,609 meters     |
| 5. journey (n.) _____   | e. new; popular now                 |
| 6. scary (adj.) _____   | f. a person who flies an airplane   |
| 7. pilot (n.) _____     | g. the ability to do something well |

## Unit 4

Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

☐ miles per hour (n.)   ☐ opened (v.)   ☒ outdoor (adj.)   ☐ rides (n.)   ☐ traveled (v.)

1. We don't swim in our pool in the winter. It's an outdoor pool and it's too cold.
2. The bus \_\_\_\_\_ very slowly. It took one hour to go from my house to school.
3. Some race horses can run 40 \_\_\_\_\_.
4. A lot of teens think the \_\_\_\_\_ at amusement parks are exciting.
5. A Mexican restaurant \_\_\_\_\_ last month in my neighborhood.

## Unit 5

What words mean the same as the underlined words? Circle the correct answers.

1. Christina's self-esteem (n.) grew when she got an A on her history report.  
a. health    **(b.)** good feelings about herself
2. My philosophy (n.) of life is to be a good friend.  
a. what someone believes is a good way to live life    b. a way to reduce stress
3. With more practice and discipline (n.), Kayla has a good chance to win the singing contest.  
a. control    b. doing something in a flexible way
4. Regular exercise is a good benefit (n.) for your health.  
a. helpful thing    b. relaxing thing
5. Vincent studies martial arts (n.) three times a week.  
a. ways to create art    b. sports that teach self-defense
6. Joe has the flu so he probably (adv.) can't go to school tomorrow.  
a. he's pretty sure he    b. he's especially sad he
7. Mrs. Torres teaches a class on self-defense (n.) at the community center.  
a. challenging yourself    b. protecting yourself

## Unit 6

Complete the advertisement with the words in the box.

☐ computer ink cartridges (n.)    ☐ donate (v.)    ☐ organic (adj.)    ☒ recycling center (n.)    ☐ used (adj.)

Come to Centerville's recycling center for a fund-raiser this Saturday afternoon between 1:00 and 3:00. We're going to have contests, games, and lots of information on recycling. We're going to sell \_\_\_\_\_ fruits and vegetables from local farmers. Bring your \_\_\_\_\_ cell phones, bottles, cans, and newspapers to recycle. Also, bring your old \_\_\_\_\_ and get a free black one! We're going to \_\_\_\_\_ all the money to build a new and better recycling center. Come and help our planet!

## Unit 7

Circle the correct words to complete the sentences.

1. My sisters (jumped up / woke up) very early Saturday morning.
2. He couldn't move because a big branch fell across his (owner / chest).
3. My uncle (rescued / started) a little girl from the rough water.
4. A lot of young kids (choke / save) on small toys.
5. I think the teens who saved the baby's life are (owners / heroes).
6. (Carbon monoxide / Throat) is very dangerous.
7. The cat (meowed / pushed) until we gave her some milk.
8. Look! That boy (smiled / pushed) that girl on the bike. That wasn't nice!

## Unit 8

Circle the correct answers.

1. Lewis and Clark made \_\_\_\_\_ journey.  
a. a new (adj.)    b. an historic (adj.)
2. There was a festival in the town \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. flower shop (n.)    b. plaza (n.)
3. There are a lot of boats in the \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. street (n.)    b. harbor (n.)
4. We took a two-week vacation on a big \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. cruise ship (n.)    b. canoe (n.)
5. Let's get maps at the \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. tourist information office (n.)    b. post office (n.)
6. That country has really strong \_\_\_\_\_. No one can easily come into the country.  
a. forts (n.)    b. cruise ships (n.)
7. The Statue of Liberty in New York City is a \_\_\_\_\_.  
a. skyscraper (n.)    b. national historic site (n.)

# Unit 1

**Theme Project:** Make a brochure for a field trip.

**Theme:** Citizenship

**Goal:** To learn more about rules for visiting a place in your community

## At Home

Read the rules for a farm field trip.

Good Food Farm is a popular place for school field trips. Students can learn about farm animals and about growing food there. They can also enjoy time outdoors. Here are some rules students have to follow at the farm:

Students . . .

1. have to stay in small groups and stay with the guide.
2. have to bring their own lunch.
3. can touch some of the animals, but they have to ask the guide first.
4. can't feed the animals.

Where would you like to go on a field trip? What rules would there be on the trip?  
Complete the chart. Use your dictionary, if necessary.

Place:

Rule 1

Rule 2

Rule 3

Rule 4

Draw pictures or bring photos to class of where you would like to go on a field trip.

## In Class



Look at all of the field trips and the rules.  
Choose one field trip.



Make a brochure. Use the sample brochure as a model.



Choose a group leader. Present your brochure to another group.

We'd like to visit the City Art Museum.  
You have to bring money for lunch.  
You have to . . .



Display the brochures in your classroom.  
Walk around and look at all of them. Which field trip would you like to go on?



### Field Trip Rules

You have to . . .

- bring money for lunch.
- turn off your phone in the museum.

You can't . . .

- bring big bags into the museum.
- take photos.

Sample brochure

## Unit 2

**Theme Project:** Make a group photo album.

**Theme:** Diversity; citizenship

**Goal:** To learn about events that are special to your classmates

### At Home

Read about school vacation activities.

What did students around the world do on their last school vacation? Some students took care of their younger brothers or sisters. Others worked, attended school classes, or went to camps, like theater camps, music camps, or sports camps. Some teens volunteered in their community, and they did not get paid. Some students stayed home and relaxed or studied. And, of course, many students took trips with their families.

Write four things you did on vacation. Use your dictionary, if necessary.

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_

Draw pictures or bring photos of the things you did on vacation to class.

### In Class

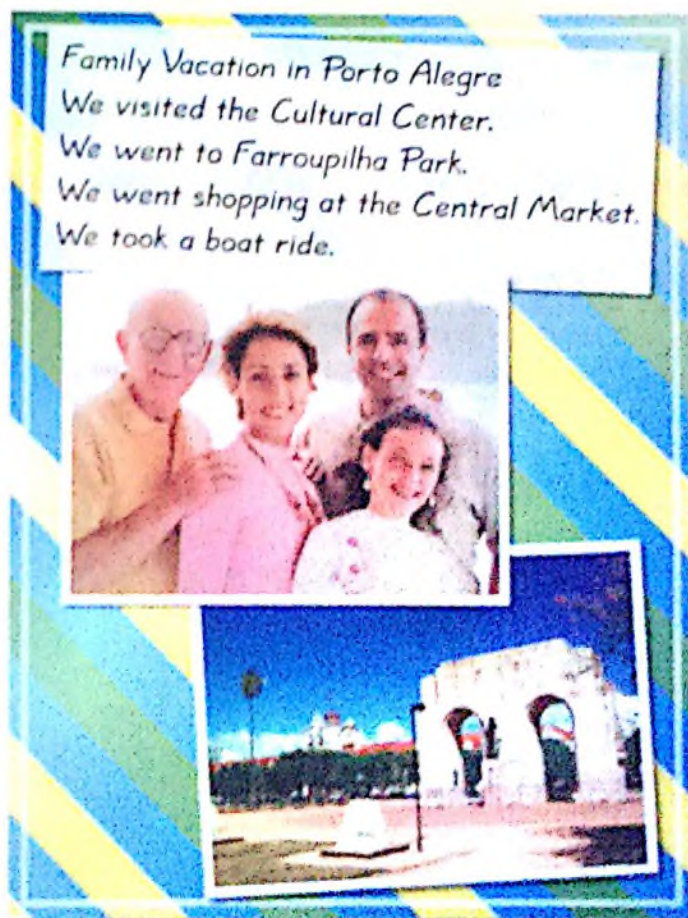
**1** Make a photo album page of your vacation. Use the sample album page as a model.

**2** Tell your group about your vacation.

I went with my family to Porto Alegre. We visited the Cultural Center. We went to ...

**3** Make a group photo album. Make a cover for your photo album. Then staple together all of your pages and the cover to make your album.

**4** Display the photo albums in your classroom. Walk around and look at all of them. How many students took trips on their last vacation?



Sample photo album page

## Unit 3

**Theme Project:** Make a bookmark about an interesting person.  
**Theme:** Citizenship; diversity  
**Goal:** To learn more about interesting people

### At Home

Read about an interesting person.

Annie Taylor, a teacher, was born in Michigan in the United States in 1838. She wanted to be famous. One day, in 1901, Annie went over Horseshoe Falls in a barrel. (Horseshoe Falls is part of Niagara Falls. It's about 170 feet or 52 meters high.) Annie was 63 when she went over Horseshoe Falls. She was very brave. After she went over the falls, she spoke to many people about this experience, and became famous. She died 20 years later in 1921 at the age of 83.

Choose a person who did something amazing. Answer the questions. Use your dictionary or the Internet, if necessary.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Where was he / she born? (city and / or country) \_\_\_\_\_


What was his / her special accomplishment? \_\_\_\_\_

When was his / her special accomplishment? \_\_\_\_\_

Why do you think this person is interesting? \_\_\_\_\_


Draw pictures or bring photos of the person to class.

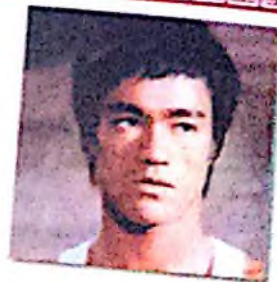
### In Class

 Make a bookmark. Use the sample bookmark as a model.

 Present your bookmark to your group.

Bruce Lee was born in San Francisco in 1940. He was a famous Chinese American martial arts expert and actor. He ...

 Display all the bookmarks in your classroom. Walk around and look at all of them. Which person do you admire the most?



BRUCE LEE

- He was born in San Francisco in 1940.
- He was a famous Chinese American martial arts expert and actor.
- He started acting, and soon he was a star. He was in *Enter the Dragon*, but he died before the movie opened.

# Unit 4

**Theme Project:** Make fact cards.

**Theme:** Cultural diversity

**Goal:** To learn facts about places, people, and things around the world

## At Home

Read about how to find out new facts.

- The highest waterfall in the world is Angel Falls in Venezuela.
- The largest island in the world is Greenland.
- The continent of Europe is smaller than the continent of South America.
- The Andes Mountains are taller than the Rocky Mountains.

Where can you find this kind of information? Well, you can find many facts like these in an almanac – a book that gives information about travel, music, sports, countries, and other topics. *TIME Almanac with Information Please* is a popular almanac. You can find it in libraries and bookstores. You can also use *infoplease*® online – it's free!

Find two interesting facts. Look in reference books or on the Internet.  
Write the facts below. Use a dictionary, if necessary.

1. (comparative) Fact: \_\_\_\_\_

2. (superlative) Fact: \_\_\_\_\_

Draw pictures or bring photos of the facts to class.

## In Class

1. Look at all of the facts. Choose six facts.

2. Make six fact cards. Use the sample fact card as a model.

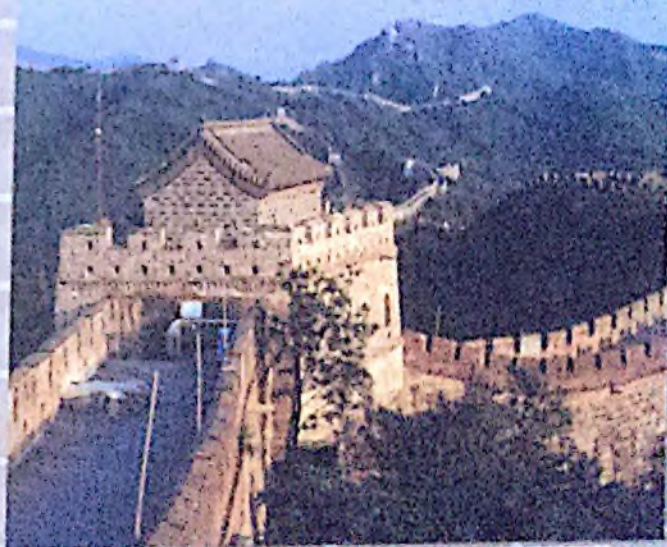
3. Exchange cards with another group. Read the other group's cards.

4. Come back to your group. Tell your group a new fact that you learned.

The longest wall in the world is in China.  
It's called the Great Wall of China.

5. Display the fact cards in your classroom.  
Walk around and look at all of them. Vote on the three most interesting facts.

The longest wall in the world is in China.  
It's called the Great Wall of China.



Great Wall of China

Sample fact card

## Unit 5

**Theme Project:** Make a booklet of home remedies for illnesses.  
**Theme:** Health  
**Goal:** To learn about different ways to get better when you're sick

### At Home

Read about things people do when they are sick.


When you get sick, do you take medicine right away or do you try some other things first? Many people use remedies they know from their family or friends for things like colds, earaches, toothaches, insect bites, sunburns, or other problems. Some families use common remedies, like hot tea for a cold or salt and warm water for a sore throat. But others use unusual remedies. For example, some people put oatmeal on their skin when they have a rash. Other people drink vinegar or garlic and orange juice when they have a cold.


Write two sicknesses or health problems. Then ask someone for a remedy for each one. Complete the chart. Use your dictionary, if necessary.

	Sickness or problem	Person	Remedy
1.			
2.			


Draw pictures or bring photos of your two family members or friends to class.


### In Class

 Make a booklet page for one of your remedies. Use the sample booklet page as a model.

 Tell your group about your remedy.

When my grandmother has a cold, she drinks garlic tea.

 Make a group booklet. Make a cover for your booklet. Then staple together all of your pages and the cover to make your booklet.

 Display the booklets in your classroom. Walk around and look at all of them. What are the most unusual home remedies? Do you want to try them?

Name: Lucas Mendes  
 My remedy is from  
 my grandmother.

When I have a cold,  
 I drink garlic tea.



Sample booklet page

**Theme Project:** Make a poster of things to put in a time capsule.  
**Theme:** Citizenship; multiculturalism  
**Goal:** To think of things that would describe life today to people in the future

## At Home

Read about what students at Lincoln High School are going to put in a time capsule.

Students at Lincoln High School are going to create a time capsule. They are going to bury the capsule in front of City Hall. Other students are going to open the capsule – in 50 years!


What are the students going to put in the capsule? Anything that shows what life is like right now. Some students are going to put in popular magazines. Some are going to put in current books and DVDs. Other students are going to bring their own photos and videos to put in the capsule. Students are also going to write letters to the students of the future. They are going to describe their daily lives, popular culture, and world events and problems.


Write five things you would like to put in a time capsule. Use your dictionary, if necessary.


1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_
5. \_\_\_\_\_

Draw pictures or bring photos of the things to class.


## In Class

 Look at all of the things to put in a time capsule. Choose the six most interesting things.

 Make a poster. Use the sample poster as a model.

 Choose a group leader. Present your poster to another group.

We are going to put in a photo of a car, a letter, ...

 Display the posters in your classroom. Walk around and look at all of them. What are the most interesting things your classmates are going to put in their time capsules?

In our time capsule, we're going to put a photo of a car, a letter, a T-shirt, a DVD, and a photo of a house.



Sample poster

## Unit 7

**Theme Project:** Finish a story to make a book.

**Theme:** Ethics; citizenship

**Goal:** To write a story

### At Home

Read the story and check (✓) the correct beginning for the first sentence.

\_\_\_\_\_ when he heard a noise outside in the yard. He sat up in bed and turned on the light. The noise stopped. Mike turned out the light again and tried to go to sleep. After a few minutes, he heard the noise again. Mike called for his father, but his father didn't answer. Mike was afraid. He got up and went downstairs. Mike found the front door open, so he looked outside. He was very surprised when he saw his father in the yard. Mike's father was using Mike's birthday present — a large telescope. He was looking at stars!

- ☐ 1. Mike isn't really sleeping      ☐ 3. While someone was outside Mike's house  
☐ 2. When Mike was sleeping      ☐ 4. Mike was sleeping in his bed

Write the beginning sentence of a story. Start with **When** and use the past continuous. Use your dictionary, if necessary.

### In Class



Read all of the beginning sentences. Choose one sentence for your story.



Write the beginning and the middle of the story. Write the end of the story. Draw pictures to illustrate the story. Use the sample book pages as a model.



Think of a title for your story, and make a cover. Then staple together all of your pages and the cover to make your book.



Exchange books with another group. Read the other group's book and ask questions about it.

How old are Ted and Angie?

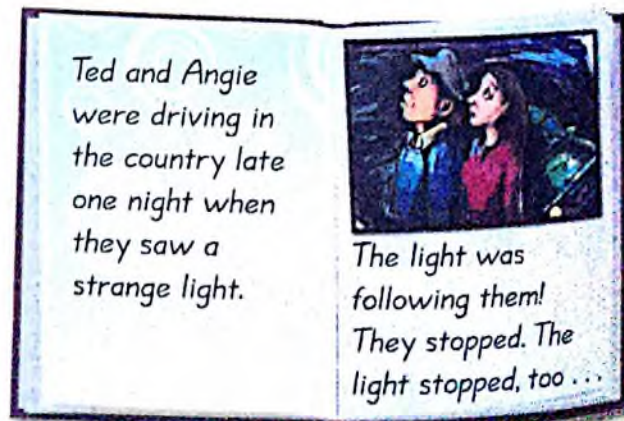
They're 20.



Display the books in your classroom. Walk around and look at all of them. How many stories are similar to yours?



Sample book cover



Sample book pages

## Unit 8

**Theme Project:** Make a map for an ideal neighborhood.

**Theme:** Citizenship; environment

**Goal:** To plan and present your ideal neighborhood

### At Home

Read about ideal neighborhoods.

What's an ideal neighborhood like?

Different people have different ideas about what makes an ideal neighborhood. Some people want a neighborhood with everything close to their homes. They want stores, restaurants, a doctor's office, a library, and a playground they can easily walk to.




Others would rather live in a quieter environment. They want a neighborhood they can walk or bicycle in. They also want parks and other places where they can play and walk their dogs and meet other people. They're happy to drive a *little* way to get to the stores, the library, or the doctor's office.

What do you want in your ideal neighborhood? Write four things. Use your dictionary, if necessary.


1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_
4. \_\_\_\_\_

Draw pictures or bring photos of the things to class.

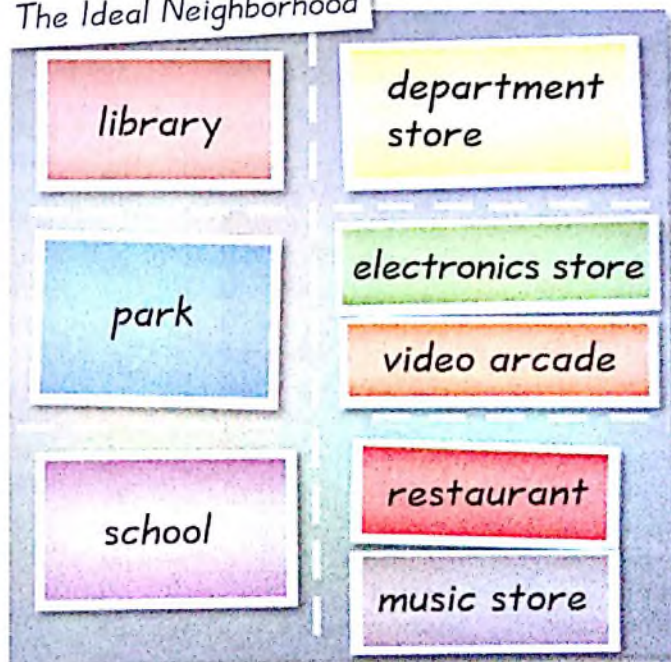
### In Class

-  Look at all of the things for an ideal neighborhood. Choose eight things.
-  Draw a map of your ideal neighborhood. Use the sample map as a model.
-  Choose a group leader. Present your map to another group.

There's a big music store in our neighborhood. It has a lot of cool music. There's a . . .

-  Display the maps in your classroom. Walk around and look at all of them. How many maps have the same things?

The Ideal Neighborhood



Sample map

# Verb List

Verbs are listed with the page number on which they first appear.

## Regular Verbs

Present	Past	Page	Present	Past	Page
add	added	64	land	landed	95
agree	agreed	46	learn	learned	10
answer	answered	17	like	liked	2
arrive	arrived	16	listen	listened	2
ask	asked	11	live	lived	39
attend	attended	9	look	looked	11
believe	believed	23	love	loved	2
breathe	breathed	59	meow	meowed	96
brush	brushed	64	miss	missed	8
call	called	17	move	moved	59
camp	camped	37	navigate	navigated	12
care	cared	64	need	needed	4
carry	carried	92	open	opened	10
challenge	challenged	66	organize	organized	73
change	changed	36	perform	performed	10
chat	chatted	8	plan	planned	10
check	checked	24	play	played	2
choke	choked	96	point	pointed	58
clean	cleaned	9	pour	poured	74
cook	cooked	4	practice	practiced	17
crash	crashed	93	prevent	prevented	66
create	created	94	promise	promised	109
cross	crossed	95	protect	protected	66
dance	danced	10	pull	pulled	93
decide	decided	10	push	pushed	96
decorate	decorated	74	race	raced	16
discover	discovered	32	rain	rained	33
donate	donated	82	reach	reached	88
drop	dropped	89	reduce	reduced	66
dry	dried	88	relax	relaxed	59
end	ended	40	remember	remembered	59
enjoy	enjoyed	16	rent	rented	16
escape	escaped	89	rescue	rescued	96
exercise	exercised	11	rest	rested	19
experience	experienced	32	row	rowed	12
face	faced	94	scream	screamed	86
finish	finished	36	seem	seemed	86
floss	flossed	66	serve	served	74
grab	grabbed	88	share	shared	10
guide	guided	95	shine	shined	90
hate	hated	8	shop	shopped	16
head	headed	88	shout	shouted	92
help	helped	59	sign	signed	72
homeschool	homeschooled	13	skate	skated	17
improve	improved	59	skateboard	skateboarded	2
introduce	introduced	79	ski	skied	92
invite	invited	75	skip	skipped	66
join	joined	10	slow	slowed	79
jump	jumped	89	snorkel	snorkeled	16
knock	knocked	89	snow	snowed	89

Present	Past	Page	Present	Past	Page
sound	sounded	11	use	used	60
spill	spilled	42	visit	visited	17
start	started	11	wait	waited	17
stay	stayed	9	walk	walked	5
stop	stopped	16	want	wanted	11
study	studied	2	wash	washed	64
survive	survived	92	watch	watched	17
talk	talked	4	weigh	weighed	50
travel	traveled	16	work	worked	10
try	tried	16	wrap	wrapped	74
turn	turned	95			

## Irregular Verbs

Present	Past	Page	Present	Past	Page
babysit	babysat	72	hurt	hurt	59
be	was	9	keep	kept	64
become	became	10	know	knew	36
begin	began	31	leave	left	24
bet	bet	61	lose	lost	89
break	broke	89	make	made	4
bring	brought	9	meet	met	10
build	built	38	overcome [fear]	overcame [fear]	12
buy	bought	5	put	put	62
can	could	4	read	read	5
catch	caught	79	ride	rode	5
choose	chose	36	ring	rang	33
come	came	8	run	ran	65
cost	cost	52	see	saw	18
do	did	23	send	sent	14
drink	drank	6	set	set	74
drive	drove	7	shoot	shot	93
eat	ate	5	sing	sang	10
fall	fell	88	sit	sat	7
feed	fed	5	sleep	slept	18
feel	felt	39	speak	spoke	31
fight	fought	62	spend	spent	32
find	found	36	swim	swam	14
fly	flew	18	take	took	2
forget	forgot	4	teach	taught	13
get	got	2	tell	told	33
give	gave	18	think	thought	36
go	went	2	throw	threw	93
grow	grew	38	wake up	woke up	96
hang [out]	hung [out]	2	wear	wore	8
have	had	2	will	would	11
hear	heard	89	win	won	22
hit	hit	88	write	wrote	11
hold	held	88			

# Word List

This list includes the key words and phrases in *Connect Second Edition Student's Book 3*. The numbers next to each word are the page numbers on which the words first appear.

## Key Vocabulary

### Aa

across (37) \_\_\_\_\_  
across from (101) \_\_\_\_\_  
activity (10) \_\_\_\_\_  
add (64) \_\_\_\_\_  
adventure (94) \_\_\_\_\_  
advice (60) \_\_\_\_\_  
afraid of (12) \_\_\_\_\_  
after-school [adjective] (11) \_\_\_\_\_  
ago [two weeks ago] (36) \_\_\_\_\_  
agree (46) \_\_\_\_\_  
ahead (101) \_\_\_\_\_  
airplane (38) \_\_\_\_\_  
airport (95) \_\_\_\_\_  
alive (93) \_\_\_\_\_  
allergies (60) \_\_\_\_\_  
allergy pills (60) \_\_\_\_\_  
alone (10) \_\_\_\_\_  
amusement park (86) \_\_\_\_\_  
ankle (58) \_\_\_\_\_  
another (17) \_\_\_\_\_  
answer [noun] (64) \_\_\_\_\_  
Antarctica (36) \_\_\_\_\_  
anybody (79) \_\_\_\_\_  
anymore (8) \_\_\_\_\_  
anyone (42) \_\_\_\_\_  
anything (23) \_\_\_\_\_  
anyway (33) \_\_\_\_\_  
anywhere (23) \_\_\_\_\_  
apartment building (100) \_\_\_\_\_  
arm (58) \_\_\_\_\_  
arrive (16) \_\_\_\_\_  
artist (102) \_\_\_\_\_  
ask (11) \_\_\_\_\_  
aspirin (60) \_\_\_\_\_  
assistant (38) \_\_\_\_\_  
attend (9) \_\_\_\_\_  
author (94) \_\_\_\_\_  
avalanche (92) \_\_\_\_\_  
aviation [father of . . .] (38) \_\_\_\_\_  
awful (86) \_\_\_\_\_

### Bb

babysit (72) \_\_\_\_\_  
babysitting [noun] (72) \_\_\_\_\_  
back (58) \_\_\_\_\_  
bakery (100) \_\_\_\_\_  
bake sale (72) \_\_\_\_\_  
balloon flight (38) \_\_\_\_\_  
basic (10) \_\_\_\_\_

be (9) \_\_\_\_\_  
because (107) \_\_\_\_\_  
become (10) \_\_\_\_\_  
bee hummingbird (51) \_\_\_\_\_  
before (59) \_\_\_\_\_  
begin (31) \_\_\_\_\_  
beginner (10) \_\_\_\_\_  
be going to (72) \_\_\_\_\_  
believe (20) \_\_\_\_\_  
bell (33) \_\_\_\_\_  
benefit (68) \_\_\_\_\_  
best (23) \_\_\_\_\_  
best [the best] (92) \_\_\_\_\_  
bet (61) \_\_\_\_\_  
better (64) \_\_\_\_\_  
bike (5) \_\_\_\_\_  
billion (52) \_\_\_\_\_  
blackout (86) \_\_\_\_\_  
blind (95) \_\_\_\_\_  
board (89) \_\_\_\_\_  
body (59) \_\_\_\_\_  
bones (66) \_\_\_\_\_  
born (43) \_\_\_\_\_  
both (52) \_\_\_\_\_  
brain (66) \_\_\_\_\_  
branch (88) \_\_\_\_\_  
break [noun] (33) \_\_\_\_\_  
break [verb] (89) \_\_\_\_\_  
breathe (59) \_\_\_\_\_  
bridge (50) \_\_\_\_\_  
brush [verb] (64) \_\_\_\_\_  
build (38) \_\_\_\_\_  
bumper car (23) \_\_\_\_\_  
bus (8) \_\_\_\_\_  
bus driver (104) \_\_\_\_\_  
by (80) \_\_\_\_\_

### Cc

cabin (20) \_\_\_\_\_  
cage (89) \_\_\_\_\_  
calcium (66) \_\_\_\_\_  
call (17) \_\_\_\_\_  
camp [verb] (37) \_\_\_\_\_  
capital (18) \_\_\_\_\_  
car (28) \_\_\_\_\_  
carbon monoxide (96) \_\_\_\_\_  
care about (64) \_\_\_\_\_  
carefully (59) \_\_\_\_\_  
carnival (103) \_\_\_\_\_  
carry (92) \_\_\_\_\_

catch (79) \_\_\_\_\_  
cavities (66) \_\_\_\_\_  
Celsius (50) \_\_\_\_\_  
centimeters (50) \_\_\_\_\_  
challenge (66) \_\_\_\_\_  
challenging (46) \_\_\_\_\_  
championship (17) \_\_\_\_\_  
chance [by any chance] (4) \_\_\_\_\_  
change (36) \_\_\_\_\_  
character (94) \_\_\_\_\_  
chat (8) \_\_\_\_\_  
cheap (109) \_\_\_\_\_  
check (24) \_\_\_\_\_  
checked (78) \_\_\_\_\_  
checkup (65) \_\_\_\_\_  
cheetah (51) \_\_\_\_\_  
chess club (10) \_\_\_\_\_  
chess game (10) \_\_\_\_\_  
chest (96) \_\_\_\_\_  
chicken soup (60) \_\_\_\_\_  
Chile (2) \_\_\_\_\_  
chilly (33) \_\_\_\_\_  
choke (96) \_\_\_\_\_  
choose (36) \_\_\_\_\_  
chores (73) \_\_\_\_\_  
city tour (32) \_\_\_\_\_  
class assignment (10) \_\_\_\_\_  
clean [adjective] (81) \_\_\_\_\_  
clean [verb] (9) \_\_\_\_\_  
clearly (59) \_\_\_\_\_  
close call (92) \_\_\_\_\_  
closed (60) \_\_\_\_\_  
cloth (62) \_\_\_\_\_  
clothing store (100) \_\_\_\_\_  
club (10) \_\_\_\_\_  
coastal redwood (51) \_\_\_\_\_  
coffee (52) \_\_\_\_\_  
cold [noun] (60) \_\_\_\_\_  
cold medicine (60) \_\_\_\_\_  
comfortably (59) \_\_\_\_\_  
comparison (44) \_\_\_\_\_  
computer club (10) \_\_\_\_\_  
computer ink cartridge (82) \_\_\_\_\_  
confusing (94) \_\_\_\_\_  
controls (95) \_\_\_\_\_  
corner (101) \_\_\_\_\_  
correctly (59) \_\_\_\_\_  
cost (52) \_\_\_\_\_  
cotton candy (22) \_\_\_\_\_  
could (107) \_\_\_\_\_

cowboy (20)  
cracker (60)  
crash (93)  
crazily (59)  
create (94)  
cross (95)  
cruise ships (110)

**Dd**  
dance [adjective] (78)  
dance [noun] (16)  
dangers (94)  
dark (86)  
decide (10)  
decorate (74)  
degrees (50)  
delicious (46)  
delightful (94)  
denim (78)  
diary (31)  
did (22)  
digital camera (81)  
dirty (81)  
disagree (46)  
disappointed (86)  
disappointing (94)  
discipline (68)  
discover (32)  
doctor (61)  
dolphin (56)  
donate (82)  
door (89)  
down (92)  
drama club (10)  
drink [noun] (5)  
drink [verb] (18)  
drive (7)  
drop (89)  
dry (88)  
dude ranch (32)  
dull (94)  
dune buggy (16)  
dwarf gecko (50)

**Ee**  
each other (93)  
ear (58)  
earache (60)  
eardrops (60)  
eating habits (64)  
ecology (12)  
either (72)  
elbow (58)  
electricity (86)  
elephant (46)  
elevator (86)  
embarrassed (30)  
endangered (26)  
energy (66)  
enjoy (14)  
entertaining (46)  
entrance (101)

ethnic restaurant (106)  
even [adverb] (16)  
exactly (101)  
excellent [adjective] (31)  
exercise [noun] (10)  
exercise [verb] (11)  
exhausted (30)  
expensive (52)  
experience [noun] (86)  
experience [verb] (32)  
exploration (39)  
explorers (36)  
eyedrops (60)

**Ff**  
face [noun] (58)  
face [verb] (94)  
fact (44)  
fact [in fact] (11)  
Fahrenheit (50)  
fall (89)  
fall in (88)  
false (19)  
famous landmark (106)  
fantasy (94)  
farewell party (74)  
fashions (106)  
fast [adverb] (31)  
fast-food restaurant (109)  
fats (66)  
feed (5)  
feel (39)  
feet [measurement] (38)  
ferry (107)  
festival (22)  
fight (62)  
finally (90)  
finger (58)  
finish (36)  
fireworks (22)  
flexibly (59)  
flight (36)  
flight simulator (28)  
floss (66)  
flower (108)  
flowered (78)  
flower shop (100)  
flu (60)  
foods (64)  
forts (110)  
frustrated (30)  
fund-raiser (73)  
fun house (22)

**Gg**  
garden (94)  
get (5)  
get lost (101)  
get off (101)  
get ready (5)  
giant (26)

gift (74)  
giraffe (56)  
give (18)  
glad (30)  
glass (95)  
gold (18)  
golf ball (45)  
go out (24)  
go past (101)  
go straight (101)  
grab (88)  
grilled chicken (102)  
grocery store (100)  
grow [up] (38)  
guide [noun] (18)  
guide [verb] (95)  
guitar player (23)  
guy [you guys] (44)  
gym [adjective] (9)

**Hh**  
happily (59)  
harbor (110)  
hard [adjective] (44)  
have to (8)  
head [verb] (88)  
headache (60)  
health club (100)  
health tip (66)  
hear (89)  
heel (58)  
helicopter ride (106)  
hero (96)  
hers (80)  
hey (4)  
high (50)  
his (80)  
historic (110)  
hit (88)  
hockey (47)  
hold (88)  
homesick (30)  
homestay (30)  
hope [verb] (80)  
horse (33)  
host family (33)  
hot-dog stand (103)  
hotel [adjective] (16)  
hour (60)  
How often . . . (64)  
hurt (59)

**Ii**  
important (46)  
improve (59)  
inches (50)  
indoors (67)  
informative (94)  
insomnia (62)  
instruction (95)  
instructor (59)  
intersection (101)

interview (53)  
into (93)  
invite (75)

## J

jeans (104)  
join (89)  
journey (40)  
jump (89)  
junk food (62)

## Kk

keep (66)  
keep up (64)  
kid (16)  
kilogram (50)  
kilometers per hour (56)  
knock (64)

## Ll

lake (93)  
land [noun] (37)  
land [verb] (95)  
large (51)  
laundromat (100)  
leg (58)  
lemon (60)  
level [noun] (10)  
life (10)  
light [adjective] (45)  
light [noun] (86)  
lion (45)  
list (74)  
listener (29)  
llama (99)  
local (18)  
look for (30)  
loose (59)  
lose (89)  
Lost and Found (80)  
loud (70)  
loudly (70)  
lower down (92)  
luckily (95)

## Mm

magazine (5)  
mammal (56)  
marine iguana (24)  
marketplace (108)  
martial arts (52)  
maté (18)  
meal (60)  
meeting (75)  
member (19)  
meow (56)  
meter (54)  
miles (49)  
miles per hour (54)  
mind [noun] (59)  
mine (30)  
minerals (56)

miss [miss the bus] (8)  
missing (94)  
mistake [by mistake] (80)  
modern (40)  
moon (28)  
more than (52)  
most (52)  
mountain climbing (36)  
mountain range (51)  
mouth (58)  
move (59)  
movements (59)  
music business (94)  
music video (25)  
mystery (94)

## Nn

nail salon (100)  
national historic site (110)  
navigate (12)  
neck (58)  
nervous (79)  
news (109)  
nickname (3)  
noise (89)  
nonfiction (94)  
no one (17)  
north (92)  
North America (37)  
nose (58)

## Oo

oar (88)  
often (4)  
olive oil (62)  
once (64)  
one [the one] (79)  
on foot (37)  
on the corner (101)  
on the left / right (101)  
onto (88)  
on your left / right (101)  
open (54)  
opinion (48)  
orange juice (61)  
organic (82)  
organize (73)  
ours (80)  
outdoor (54)  
outside (101)  
overcoming fear (12)  
over there (80)  
oyster (12)

## Pp

painting (34)  
paper cup (31)  
paper decorations (81)  
paper plate (81)  
paper tablecloth (81)  
part (23)  
past (101)

patiently (59)  
peacefully (59)  
people-watching [go ...] (118)  
perform (10)  
philosophy (68)  
phone call (25)  
pilot (40)  
plaid (78)  
plan [verb] (10)  
plane (31)  
planet (50)  
planetarium (28)  
play [noun] (11)  
plaza (110)  
poem (10)  
points (44)  
police officer (103)  
polka-dot (78)  
poor (38)  
populous (52)  
pose [noun] (59)  
postcard (18)  
post office (100)  
potato salad (102)  
pour (74)  
president (11)  
prevent (66)  
prize (22)  
probably (68)  
program [noun] (10)  
project (36)  
promise (109)  
protect (66)  
public transportation (106)  
pull (93)  
punch [noun] (75)  
punch bowl (81)  
push (96)  
pyramid (51)

## Qq

quickly (59)  
quietly (59)  
quiz (39)

## Rr

race (16)  
raffle ticket (22)  
rain (33)  
ranch (20)  
reach (88)  
reader (39)  
realistic fiction (94)  
recycling center (82)  
reduce (66)  
regularly (59)  
relaxed (30)  
relaxing (46)  
remember (59)  
rent (16)  
reptile (50)  
rescue (96)

rest (19)  
ride [noun] (22)  
right [direction] (92)  
right after (75)  
ring [verb] (33)  
rock (88)  
rodeo (20)  
roller coaster (46)  
rope (93)  
rough (88)  
row (12)  
ruins (18)

## Ss

sadly (59)  
safari (32)  
safe (62)  
safety (95)  
sale [for sale] (102)  
salsa [music] (2)  
samba (16)  
sawshark (56)  
scared (86)  
scary (40)  
scenery (26)  
school [adjective] (4)  
school trip (31)  
science fiction (94)  
scream (86)  
sea horse (56)  
sea lion (26)  
seconds [time] (38)  
seem (86)  
self-defense (68)  
self-esteem (68)  
serve (74)  
serving fork (81)  
set [all set] (75)  
set up (74)  
share (10)  
shine (90)  
shoot [a ball] (93)  
shop [noun] (16)  
shop [verb] (108)  
should (67)  
shoulders (62)  
shout (92)  
side (92)  
sights (106)  
sign [verb] (74)  
sign up (72)  
skill (40)  
skin (66)  
skip (66)  
ski resort (32)  
skis [noun] (92)  
sky (106)  
skyscraper (100)  
sleep [noun] (64)  
slow down (79)  
slowly (59)

snacks (75)  
snack table (74)  
snack time (66)  
snorkel (16)  
snow [noun] (45)  
snow [verb] (89)  
snowballs (93)  
soccer club (10)  
soccer practice (15)  
solar system (28)  
solid (78)  
someone (80)  
sore throat (60)  
souvenir shop (100)  
space (75)  
spaghetti (46)  
speech (74)  
speedboat (45)  
spill (42)  
spot (16)  
square kilometers (50)  
square miles (50)  
stairs (87)  
stay away (66)  
stomach (58)  
storm (89)  
story (10)  
strange (62)  
strawberry [adjective] (47)  
street fair (102)  
street vendor (100)  
stress (66)  
stretch (70)  
striped (78)  
strong (59)  
student council (10)  
stuffed animal (23)  
subway (101)  
subway entrance (100)  
suddenly (86)  
summer (18)  
sun (44)  
sunglasses (80)  
surfing [noun] (46)  
surprised (30)  
surprising (94)  
survive (92)  
suspenseful (94)  
sweets (64)

## Tt

table (5)  
take care of (64)  
taxi (109)  
tea (18)  
tears (86)  
teen [adjective] (66)  
teen club (32)  
teeth (64)  
tent (90)  
terrible (29)

terrific (33)  
test [noun] (67)  
than (44)  
theirs (80)  
theme park (32)  
thoughts (10)  
thumb (58)  
ticket (28)  
tie-dyed (78)  
time [in time] (92)  
times [three times a day] (64)  
tos (58)  
ton (50)  
too [too exhausted] (31)  
top (94)  
topic (36)  
tortoise (26)  
tour (18)  
tour boat (32)  
tourist information office (110)  
toward (88)  
train (8)  
travel (54)  
tree (51)  
trick (20)  
trivia (50)  
trouble (90)  
true (19)  
try (16)  
turn [noun] (44)  
turn [verb] (95)  
turn left / right (101)  
twice (64)

## Uu

uncomfortable (63)  
unhappy (63)  
unusual (94)  
used (82)  
useful (46)

## Vv

vegetable (64)  
video store (100)  
view (107)  
vitamins (66)  
volcano (51)  
volleyball club (11)

## Ww

wake up (96)  
walk dogs (5)  
wallet (81)  
was (31)  
wash (64)  
waters (12)  
wave [noun] (88)  
way (59)  
way [all the way] (19)  
Web page (11)  
weigh (50)

1. Name	2. Address	3. City
4. State	5. Zip	6. Phone
7. Birth Date	8. Birth Place	9. Blood Type
10. Height	11. Weight	12. Eye Color
13. Hair Color	14. Skin Color	15. Marital Status
16. Occupation	17. Education	18. Religion
19. Hobbies	20. Pets	21. Children
22. Emergency Contact	23. Medical History	24. Allergies
25. Insurance	26. Social Security	27. Driver's License
28. Passport	29. Military Service	30. Other

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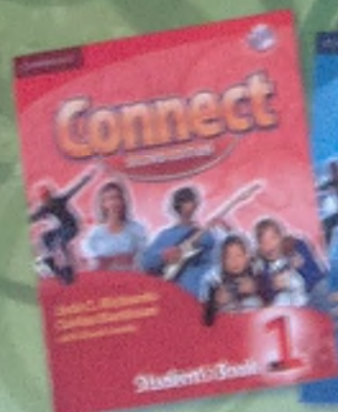
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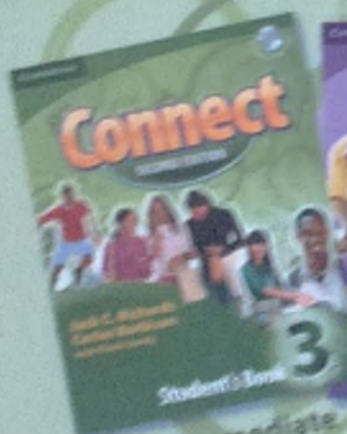
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